The New-York Times.

VOL. XVII......NO. 5189. NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 12, 1868. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

IMPEACHMENT.

Proceedings in the Secret Session of the Senate.

Views of the Chief Justice Regarding the Manner of Voting.

The Final Result Considered Very Doubtful.

A Day and Night of Excitement in Washington.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Washington, D. C., Monday, May 11.

The events of to-day too strongly indicate the acquittal of the President on every article on the great final vote to-morrow. The chances of conviction are reduced by the day's deliberations to a question of barely one or two votes, and Mr. Wade himself can scarcely save it. One by one the doubtful Senators have developed against conviction until the case of impeachment has become well nigh hopeless. Sherman destroyed the prestige of the case by declaring at the very outset that he should vote against the first article, because he believed that Mr. Stanton was not included in the proviso; but indicated that his vote was sure for the second and third, that is, that he would hang the President for petty larceny, but not for highway robbery.

Mr. Howe, who was opposed to the proviso when it was first made part of the law, took the same ground and it soon became evident that the prospect of conviction on that article was too small to admit of any hope.

Edmunds, the only man who had the courage to vote against that hasty and ill-considered resolution of the night of the 21st of February, which some Senators have been engaged all day in swallowing, soon made a strong speech in favor of conviction on the Tenure of Office article, as well as on some of the others, and Mr. Stewart took the same side.

The interest now began to grow very intense. The business of the House went on, but nobody seemed to have any heart in it. Members flew back and forth to the lobbies of the Senate to glean the very latest indications; correspondents stood vigilant guard at the Senate doors, seized every Senator who issued forth, and demanded to know the "very latest." The impeachment Senators proprofessed great confidence up to recess, when only Grimes had made a speech against conviction on all the articles, but immediately after recess Henderson developed his position and spoke against all the articles up to the eighth, when his time expired. He gave no indication about the balance, and it is said since that he will vote the eleventh article, but his contempt for the other charges must preclude such a rediculous finale.

Then Trumbull and Fessenden followed, speaking, it is understood, against all the articles, although Mr. Trumbull's opposition was mainly to the first article. He admitted that the appointment of Gen. Thomas was without authority of law, but did not say how he would vote on that article. He has since informed his friends that his speech is not to be taken as an indication that he will vote to acquit on all the charges. But his vote is conceded to the President in the latest lists from the Senate Chamber.

At this juncture a panic seized the friends of conviction. Acquittal seemed almost certain. Here were Grimes, Fessenden, Henderson and Trumbull all against it, and it only wanted three more. There seemed to be no doubt but these three would be forthcoming among the doubtful men who had not yet spoken. The interest and feeling, before intense, now became absolutely painful. The Senators who were so confident of conviction now conceded the question to be in great doubt, and gloom overspread the faces of Republicans, while their opponents were correspondingly jubilant. This continued up to 5:30 when the Senate took a recess, the surging waves of excitement and rumor even dragging in names of Senators who hadn't said a word, and who have never heretofore been doubted.

When the Senate adjourned for dinner fourteen speeches had been made, and four Republicans—Grimes, Henderson, Fessenden and Trumbull—had pronounced for acquittal on all, while Sherman, Howe and Van Winkle were known to be against the first article, which would defeat it. During dinner hour the indignation of Republicans at the defections rose higher and higher, and the excitement grew wilder and wilder. At 7:30 the Senate reassembled, and the impeachment men seemed to have gathered fresh hope. The list had been figured down to thirty-six or thirty-seven votes for conviction sure on the second article, which is conceded to be the strongest, and there it hung. Trumbull was not entirely lost. Willey would vote for the second. Van Winkle for the eleventh and Frelinghuysen, Anthony and Sprague were certain, though they would not speak.

When the debate opened, Harlan, Conness and Pomeroy led off in strong speeches for conviction, and Morton followed with an argument of great force on the same side, which gave the lie to the reports that he, too, was disaffected. Johnson and Buckalew spoke for the other side, and at 11 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

During the whole evening the reception room was crowded with members of the House, trembling with anxiety, and drawing consolation from the fact that no other defections were reported, and that the list still stood thirty-six to thirty-seven for conviction. No further expressions from the doubtful men were heard, except Frelinghuysen privately expressed his disgust with the reasoning that could reject the first and accept the second and third articles, and that Fowler, of whom they had some hope, talked so unreliably that he was conceded to the other side.

At the hour of adjournment the impeachment Senators were much more hopeful, because the indications of the evening did not show any more doubtful Senators, and thirty-six, including Mr. Wade, could still be figured up for conviction. The latter's especial friends, many of whom have bet heavily on the result, exhibited the greatest excitement, and openly announced that Mr. Wade would not only vote, if necessary, but would not even resign afterward, but hold on the Presidency thus acquired.

At 11:30 the following list was made by a prominent Senator who heard all the debate, and who regards the chances for conviction about even with those for acquittal. It gives the opposition all the doubtful men who have expressed themselves and two who have not:

For Conviction—Anthony, Cameron, Cattell, Chandler, Cole, Conkling, Conness, Corbett, Cragin, Drake, Edmuds, Ferry, Frelinghuysen, Harlan, Howard, Howe, Morgan, Morrill of Maine, Morrill of Vermont, Norton, Nye, Patterson of New-Hampshire, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Ross, Sherman, Sprague, Stewart, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Wade, Willey, Williams, Wilson, Yates—36.

For acquittal, Bayard, Buckalew, Davis, Dixon, Doolittle, Fessenden, Fowler, Grimes, Henderson, Hendricks, Johnson, McCreery, Norton, Patterson of Tennessee, Saulsbury, Trumbull, Van Winkle and Vickers—18.

I do not think this vote will be quite realized. It all hangs by a single thread, and depends really upon Anthony, Frelinghuysen and Willey, who want to vote for conviction, but may not after all.

MR. GRIMES' VIEWS.

Mr. Grimes began with a consideration of the President's power of removal of the heads of departments under the Constitution, quoting many authorities to show that it was not denied or abridged up to the passage of the Tenure of Office act. He then, passing over the question of the constitutional validity of that act, took up the discussion of whether Mr. Stanton's case its provisions. He did not consider the Secretary of War either within the first section of the act or the proviso, and quoted the declarations of Mr. Schenck and Mr. Sherman in the debate on the passage of the bill in March, 1867, to sustain the theory. He thought Mr. Stanton held office under the pleasure of the President alone under the act of 1789, and that the President alone could remove him. He did not think there was any distinction between the power of the President to remove in recess, and his power to remove during the session of the Senate, an officer who held solely by his pleasure. Taking up then the second article he said the temporary designation of a person to discharge the duties of an office until the office could be filled, was made legal by the act of 1795, which, he is satisfied, has not been repealed by that of 1863. But even if he thought otherwise, Mr. Grimes said he should be unable to convict the President of a crime in such a temporary appointment, not doubting that the President said in good faith and believed that he was acting within the laws. He dismissed the conspiracy articles very briefly, as he did also the eighth and ninth articles. He then took up the question of intent, saying he had no doubt that President thoroughly believed the Tenure of Office act unconstitutional, and said that he was advised of its unconstitutionality by Mr. Stanton and other members of his Cabinet, and Mr. Grimes thought it not strange that under the circumstances the President should doubt or question its scope. He held, however, that Stanton's case was not included in the provisions of this act, and that, therefore, question of intent need not be considered as President had done no unlawful act. But even if it were included the guilty intent was not such as warranted the judgment demanded by the House. The Senator went on to say that if the President might not in this way make a case for the Courts to pass upon, the complete supremacy of Congress over all other branches of Governments was established, and he was no believer in such doctrine. Mr. Grimes turned off the remaining articles in few words, and closed as follows:

"I have expressed no views upon any of the questions upon which the President has been arraigned at the bar of public opinion outside of the charges. I have no right to travel out of the record. Mr. Johnson's character as a statesman, his relations to political parties, his conduct as a citizen, his efforts at reconstruction, the exercise of his pardoning power, the character of his appointments and the influences under which they were made, are not before us on any charges Nor can I suffer my judgment of the law governing this case to be influenced by political considerations. I cannot agree to destroy the harmonious working of the Constitution for the sake of getting rid of an unacceptable President. Whatever my opinion of the incumbent, I cannot consent to trifle with the high office he holds. I differ widely with the President respecting his political views and measures, and deeply regret the differences between him and Congress; but I cannot, in my judicial capacity, record my vote that he is guilty of high crimes and misdemeanours."

MR. EDMUNDS' VIEWS.

After declaring that he was not influenced by the partisan aspect of the case, Senator Edmunds explained his views regarding the judicial power of the Senate, and proceeded to argue at length for conviction on the charges of violating the Civil Tenure acts. He argued that the charges were sustained by the proofs, and insisted that the only question then involved was whether the acts committed were crimes and misdemeanors. After quoting the constitutional provision regarding the appointing and confirming power, he proceeded to explain that the only power granted to the President by the Constitution were those of Commander-in-Chief to grant reprieves and pardons; on the other hand his duties were distinctly defined. Among them being the responsibility of faithfully executing the laws. The limited powers which the framers of the Constitution thought fit to grant to the person who was to take the place of Kings and Emperors in systems of government hostile to liberty, could be easily named, and ought to be zealously defended. The duties relating to the execution of the laws could not be easily foreseen in detail, and from them could scarcely arise any danger to the Republic, for the President was not to execute the laws himself, but to take care that they be faithfully executed. This could only be done by just such and only the methods and agencies provided by the laws themselves. He could not rightfully violate the laws in order to enforce them.

After clearly stating these principles he proceeded to argue that the President could only use the power of the appointment in the manner prescribed by the legislative department; he cannot accomplish a legal purpose by illegal means, or break the laws himself to prevent them being violated by others. To sustain this position he quoted the language of the Constitution that Congress shall have power to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the forgoing, *i. e.* the legislative powers and all other powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States or any department thereof. In view of these provisions he insisted that the power over the tenure of civil offices was vested in Congress, and that the framers of the Constitution intended to leave the selection of office-holders to the President, acting with the advice and consent of the Senate, and leave to the whole Government, that is to the law-making power, full discretion as to the establishment of offices, and as to the time upon which and the tenure by which they should be held by the persons so selected. Having thus argued the application of the Civil Tenure act to Secretary Stanton's case, he proceeded to explain that it had been violated by the President in his removal of that officer, he previously quoted a number of Supreme Court decisions sustaining his views regarding the legislative power, and then presented a lengthy statement of other authorities, including the members of the early Congresses, he then discussed the acts of 1792, 1795 and 1863, relating to *ad interim* appointments, and argued that Secretary Stantom was Secretary of War, notwithstanding the expiration of the term of office for which he had been confirmed, and consequently the Civil Tenure act held in his case. He dismissed the fourth article with the statement that it was not proven, and announced the same opinion regarding the conspiracy articles. He also dismissed the ninth article in the same manner. Regarding the tenth and eleventh articles, he expressed the opinion that they did not come within the constitutional meaning of high crimes and misdemeanors.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

Washington, D. C., Monday, May 11.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock, pursuant to order, with about twenty Senators in their seats at the opening.

After the reading of the journal, the Chief Justice said that the Senate meets this morning under the order for deliberation, and the doors will be closed unless some Senator makes a motion now.

Mr. Sherman—Before the doors are closed I will submit a motion that I believe will receive the unanimous consent of the Senate. To-morrow will be a day of considerable excitement, and I move that the Sergeant-at-Arms be directed to place his assistants through the galleries, with directions, without further orders from the Senate, to arrest any person that violates the rules of order. I believe that there is an order to that effect now.

Mr. Edmonds—It is a standing order.

Mr. Sumner—An intimation to the Sergeant-at-Arms would be sufficient.

The Chief Justice stated that the Sergeant-at-Arms had already taken that precaution.

Mr. Sherman suggested that notice be given in the morning papers.

Mr. Williams suggested that as there will probably be many strangers in the gallery to morrow, the Chief Justice before the call of the roll admonish all persons that no manifestations of applause or disapproval will be allowed in the Senate under penalty of arrest.

The proposition meeting with general approbation, Mr. Sherman withdrew his motion.

The doors having been closed at 10:20, the Chief Justice stated that in compliance with the desire of the Senate he had prepared the question to be addressed to Senators upon the Articles of Impeachment, and that he had reduced his views to writing, which he read as follows:

ADDRESS BY THE CHIEF JUSTICE.

Senators: In conformity with what seemed to be the general wish of the Senate when it adjourned last Thursday, the Chief Justice, in taking the vote on the Articles of Impeachment, will adopt the rule sanctioned in the case of Chase, Peck and Humphrey. He will direct the Secretary to read the several articles successively, and after the reading of each article, will put the question of "guilty or not guilty," each Senator rising in his place, in the form used in the case of Judge Chase:

"Senator, how say you? Is the respondent, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, guilty or not guilty of a high misdemeanor as charged in this article?"

In putting the question on Articles 4 and 6, each of which charges a crime, the word "crime" will be substituted for the word "misdemeanor."

The Chief Justice has carefully considered the suggestion of the Senator from Indiana, Mr. Hendricks, which appeared to meet the approval of the Senate, that in taking the vote on the 11th article, the question should be put on each clause, and found himself unable to divide the article as suggested. The article charges several facts, but they are so connected that they make but one allegation, and they are charged as making one misdemeanor.

The first fact charged is in substance, that the President publicly declared, in August, 1866, that the 39th Congress was a Congress of only part of the States, and not a Constitutional Congress, intending thereby to deny its Constitutional competency to enact laws or propose amendments to the Constitution, and this charge seems to have been made as introductory and as qualifying that which follows, namely: that the President in pursuance of this declaration attempted to prevent the execution of the Tenure of Office act by contriving and attempting to contrive means to prevent Mr. Stanton from resuming the functions of Secretary of War, after refusal of the Senate to concur in his suspension; and, also, by contriving and attempting to contrive means to prevent the execution of the Appropriation act of March 2, 1867; and, also, to prevent the execution of the Rebel State Government act of the same date.

The gravamen of the article seems to be that the President attempted to defeat the execution of the Tenure of Office act, and that he did this in pursuance of a declaration which was intended to deny the constitutional competency of Congress to enact laws or propose constitutional amendments, and by contriving means to prevent Mr. Stanton from resuming his office of Secretary, and also to prevent the execution of the Appropriation Act and the Rebel States Government Act. The single substantive matter charged is the attempt to prevent the execution of the Tenure of Office Act, and the other facts alleged, either as introductory and exhibiting this general purpose, or showing the means contrived in furtherance of that attempt. This single matter connected with the other matters previously and subsequently alleged, is charged as the high misdemeanor of which the President is alleged to have been guilty. The general question, "guilty or not guilty of high misdemeanor," as charged, seems fully to cover the charge, and will be put to this article as well as to the others, to the Senate direct.

In the tenth article the division suggested by the Senator from New-York (Mr. Conkling) may be more easily made. It contains a more general allegation, to the effect that, on the 18th day of August, the President, with the intention to set aside the rightful authority of Congress and bring it into contempt, delivered certain scandalous harangues, and therein uttered loud threats and bitter menaces against Congress and the laws of the United States enacted by Congress, thereby bringing the office of President into disgrace, to the great scandal of all good citizens; and sets forth, in three distinct specifications, the harangues and menaces complained of in respect to the several specifications, and then the question of guilty or not guilty of a high misdemeanor, as charged in the article, can be also taken. The Chief Justice, however, sees no objection in putting the general question on this article in the same manner as the others, for whether particular questions be put on the specifications or not, the answer to the final question must be determined by the judgment of the Senate, whether or not the facts alleged in the specifications have been sufficiently proved, and whether if sufficiently proved they amount to a high misdemeanor within the meaning of the Constitution.

On the whole, therefore, the Chief Justice thinks that the better practice would be to put the general question on each article, without attempting to make any subdivision, and will pursue this course if no objection is made. He will, however, be pleased to conform to such directions as the Senate may see fit in this matter.

Mr. Buckalew submitted the following motion, which was considered by unanimous consent and agreed to:

Ordered, That the views of the Chief Justice be entered upon the journal of proceedings of the Senate for the trial of impeachment.

On motion of Mr. Sumner, the Senate proceeded to consider the following resolution, submitted on the 25th of April last:

Resolved, That the following be added to the rules of procedure and practice in the Senate, when sitting at the trial of impeachment:

On the conviction by the Senate, it shall be the duty of the presiding officer forthwith to pronounce the removal from office of the convicted person, according to the requirement of the Constitution. Any further judgment shall be on the order of the Senate.

After debate, the Chief Justice announced that the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., fixed by order of the Senate for deliberation and debate, had arrived, and that Senators could now submit their views upon the several articles of impeachment, subject to the limits of debate fixed by the 23d rule.

At 1:50 o'clock the Senate took a recess of twenty minutes. On reassembling there was further deliberation until 5:30 o'clock, when, on motion of Mr. Conness, the Senate again took a recess until 7:30 o'clock.

A large number of persons were in the rotunda of the Capitol to-night, waiting to hear from the Senate, which resumed its secret session at 7:30 o'clock. Only those privileged to enter the Senate side of the building, including members of the House and reporters for the press, were permitted to approach the immediate vicinity of the Senate. Some occupied the adjacent rooms, while others stood in the passage-ways, all anxious inquiries for impeachment intelligence. It was ascertained that Senators Conness, Harlan, Wilson and Morton spoke in favor of, and Senator Buckalew in opposition to the conviction of the President. The expectation by outside parties had been that those who are regarded as doubtful on the Republican side would express their views.

Mr. Edmunds submitted the following:

Ordered, That the order of the Senate that it will proceed at 12 o'clock Noon to-morrow to vote on the articles of impeachment, be rescinded.

This was not acted on.

Mr. Williams offered the following:

Ordered, That the Chief Justice, in directidg the Secretary to read the several articles of impeachment, shall direct him to read the eleventh article first, and the question shall be then taken upon that article, and thereafter the other ten, successively, as they stand.

This lies over.

A motion that the Senate meet at 11:30 o'clock to-morrow morning, to sit with open doors, was agreed to.

It is generally conceded that the First Article of Impeachment will not be agreed to.

Senator Howard is ill at his lodgings.

At 11 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The Speaker proceeded, as the regular business in the morning hour on Monday, to the call of States, for bills and joint resolutions for reference. Under the call, bills and joint resolutions were introduced, and referred as follows:

BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

By Mr. Elliot—Making appropriations for certain public works, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

By Mr. Miller—Declaring it inexpedient for this Government to enter into a treaty with any foreign power which tends to discriminate against the manufactures and productions of any part of the United States, and to give such foreign power an undue advantage over the industry of this country, which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. Kelsey—To fix the compensation of certain consular officers, to provide for their supervision and the verification of the records, to prohibit their collection of fees not authorized by law, which was referred to the Committee on Retrenchment.

By. Mr. Welcker—Resolutions of the Ohio Legislature, asking Congress to take measures to prevent the loss of life in waters under the jurisdiction of the United States. To Committee on Commerce.

By Mr. Van Trump—Resolutions of the Ohio legislature, protesting against the Reconstruction acts of Congress, and against the passage of the bill requiring two-thirds of the Judges of the Supreme Court to decide an act unconstitutional. To Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. Holman asked that the latter resolutions be read, but objections were made.

By Mr. Washburne, of Indiana—For the relief of the President and directors of the Terre Haute and Richmond Railroad Company. To Committee on Claims.

By Mr. Hopkins—To grant certain lands to Wisconsin as swamp lands. To Committee on Public Lands. Also, an act amendatory of the act of June 3, 1856, granting lands to Wisconsin for railroad purposes. Same reference.

By Mr. Johnson—To settle finally titles to Mexican land grants in California. Same reference.

By Mr. Donnelly—To grant lands to aid in the construction of a railroad from Mississippi River to Yankton, on the Missouri, which was referred to the Committee on Claims.

By Mr. Flanders, of Washington Territory, in reference to the Judicial District of Washington Territory, which was referred to the Committee on Territories.

By Mr. Cavanaugh, of Montana—A memorial of the Montana Legislature, asking an appropriation for paying debts created in raising the Montana volunteers, which was referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

By Mr. Julian—Relative to the Cherokee and other Indian lands, which was referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

By Mr. Ward—For the purchase of a full-length portrait of the late President Lincoln, which was referred to the Committee on the Library.

By Mr. Pile—For the appointment of an Inspector of Cavalry in the United States Army, which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

The call of States for bills having been concluded, the Speaker proceeded to call the States for resolutions, beginning with the State of Indiana.

A RECESS PROPOSED.

Mr. Washburne, of Indiana, offered a concurrent resolution, that on the adjournment next Friday, a recess be taken until the 26th.

Mr. Spalding suggested whether it was not to enable the officers of the House to have the carpets taken up for the Summer.

Mr. Washburne assented.

Mr. Farnsworth inquired whether the taking up of the carpets would occupy ten days.

Mr. Robinson suggested that the object of a recess was to take up the carpet baggers. [Laughter.]

Mr. Upson moved to lay the resolution on the table. The House divided, and the vote stood 54 to 52. The yeas and nays were demanded, and being taken, the vote stood yeas 62, nays 62. The Speaker voted in the affirmatine, and the resolution was laid on the table.

THE VOTE IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Mr. Coburn offered a resolution directing the General of the Army to furnish statements of the votes cast for and against the Constitutions of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Louisiana and Alabama.

Mr. Brooks suggested that the call for information be made on the Secretary of War, as has been the usual course heretofore.

Mr. Farnsworth remarked that it was right enough as it was.

Mr. Coburn declined to modify the amendment, remarking that the General of the Army had possession of the information.

Mr. Brooks remarked that hitherto the course had been to call for information, not on military officers, but directly on the Secretary of War.

Mr. Payne objected to the debate.

The resolution was then adopted.

EQUALIZATION OF IMPORT DUES.

Mr. Spalding offered the following resolution, and moved the previous question:

Resolved, That the Committee on Ways and Means be instructed in preparing a bill regulating the duties on imports, to have regard to an equalization of the amount imported from other countries, with the amount exported from the United States, so far as the same can be effected by a judicious tariff.

The previous question was seconded, and the resolution was adopted.

CAPITOL WATCHMEN.

Mr. Shanks offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds to inquire into the expediency of providing by law for organizing, under the Engineer Department, a corps of fifty soldiers, more or less, from maimed, wounded or disabled Union soldiers in the late war, to act as watchmen in the Capitol grounds, the grounds of the Executive mansion, of the Smithsonian Institute, and other public grounds of Washington. Adopted.

AN EXPLORING EXPEDITION.

Mr. Garfield announced a bill authorizing the Secretary of War to issue such commissary and quartermaster's stores for the expedition engaged in the exploration of the Colorado River, under the direction of Professor Powell, as may be necessary to enable it to prosecute its work. Passed.

TREATMENT OF REBEL PRISONERS.

Mr. Mungen offered a resolution to extend the powers and duties of the Select Committee on the Treatment of Union Prisoners, to an inquiry into the treatment of prisoners in Northern camps and prisons; into the conduct of Union officers, in reference to the exchange of prisoners, and into the propositions of the Confederate authorities to obtain medicines, to be sent under charge of Federal surgeons to Andersonville and other camps, and provisions to use exclusively for the benefit of Union prisoners in those camps and prisons.

Mr. Benjamin moved to lay the resolution on the table. It was laid on the table—yeas 75, nays 41.

Mr. Eckley introduced a concurrent resolution to take a recess from Saturday next until Monday, the 25th.

Mr. Harding moved to lay the resolution on the table. Rejected—44 to 53.

The concurrent resolution was then agreed to—yeas 68, nays 67.

A CLERK AUTHORIZED.

Mr. Thomas, from the Select Committee on the Washburne-Donnelly and Brooks-Butler investigations, offered a resolution authorizing it to employ a clerk at $5 per day, and to sit during the sessions of the House, which was adopted.

COMMUNICATIONS PRESENTED.

Mr. Butler presented a communication from the Governor of Texas, which was referred to the Reconstruction Committee.

The Speaker presented a message from the President, transmitting reports and documents relating to the following subjects:

To the proceedings in North Carolina and Louisiana as to the sale of public vessels since the close of the rebellion, except by the War Department, from which no report has been received, and to the mercantile, marine and commercial policy of Great Britain.

WASHINGTON CITY CHARTER.

Mr. Welker, of Ohio, asked consent to have taken from the Speaker's table the Senate bill, passed April 7, to extend the charter of Washington City, and to regulate the selection of its officers.

Mr. Randall objected.

Mr. Welker remarked that the charter would expire on the 14th, and therefore it was important that immediate action be taken.

Mr. Eldridge suggested that the necessity of action arose from the desire to carry the election.

Mr. Welker moved to suspend the rules, so as to take up the bill as to action, which was agreed to; yeas 89, nays 27.

Mr. Welker offered several amendments to the bill, among them a new section amending the first section of the Act of January 28, 1867, so as to require the electors to reside in the Ward or election precinct fifteen days instead of three months, and naturalized citizens to produce their naturalization papers, or certified copies thereof, and providing that no property qualification shall be required for any of the municipal offices.

Mr. Niblack desired to offer an amendment so as to extend suffrage to persons of foreign birth who have resided one year in the district, and who have declared their intention to become citizens of the United States.

Mr. Welker declined to allow the amendment to be offered. He then proceeded to explain and advocate the bill.

Mr. Eldridge inquired whether the bill made provision for more voting places in the city, there being only four, and the citizens generally being excluded from voting by negroes, who take possession of the polls at early morning.

Mr. Welker admitted that the bill was pressed now in view of the approaching election, because the charter would expire on the 7th instant. As to the voting places, the matter was in the hands of the City Council, which has made proper arrangements for a sufficient number of voting precincts.

Mr. Eldridge thought that the gentleman was mistaken in the latter statement, for he was credibly informed at twelve o'clock to-day, that no provision had been made for additional voting places.

Mr. Welker persisted in the statement he had made, and moved the previous question. The previous question was seconded, and under its operation, the amendment was agreed to, and the bill was passed.

RECONSTRUCTION EXPENSES.

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, called up the bill making appropriations of $87,000, to supply the deficiency in the appropriation for the execution of the Reconstruction laws in the Third Military District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868. He stated that the report of Gen. Meade, and a letter from the Secretary of War, showing the necessity for the passage of the bill, had been sent to the printing office, but were not yet printed.

Mr. Eldridge asked whether the bill included all the sums necessary.

Mr. Washburne said it included all that was necessary up to the 30th of June next. What might be necessary after that time, would, perhaps, depend on the action of the gentleman from Wisconsin and himself in relation to admitting Georgia into the Union.

Mr. Eldridge replied that so far as his action on that question was concerned he considered Georgia in the Union, and he considered that every dollar taken out of the Northern people to pay the expenses of reconstruction was downright robbery; that was his opinion and position.

Mr. Washburne, remarked that as the gentleman had expressed his opinion he would now move the previous question. In further reply to a suggestion of Mr. Brooks, Mr. Washburne admitted the right of members to have all the information that is accessible, and offered to let the bill stand over until Wednesday next, until the papers referred to were printed.

Mr. Brooks, after paying a compliment to Mr. Washburne for his careful guardianship of the Treasury, said he did not desire to press for a postponement of the bill, as it was he (Mr. Washburne,) who took the responsibility of action; he would leave it to that gentleman to take his own course.

Mr. Washburne suggested that, as the honorable gentleman from New-York was not very anxious in the matter, he would move the previous question.

The previous question was seconded and the bill passed.

DUELLING IN MARYLAND.

Mr. Jenckes asked leave to offer a resolution instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire as to a duel which took place recently near the District of Columbia, between a person in the diplomatic service of the United States and the Secretary of one of the Foreign Legations, and whether a due respect for the law does not require measures to be taken for the removal of the United States officer and the recall of the foreign *attaché*.

Messrs. Randall and Chanler objected.

THE ADMISSION OF SOUTHERN STATES.

Mr. Stevens, from the Reconstruction Committee, reported a bill to admit the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia and Alabama, to representation in Congress; and on his motion the bill was made the special order for Wednesday next, with the understanding that debate would be allowed on the bill.

Mr. Bingham offered an amendment to the bill.

The bill as reported is as follows:

A Bill to admit the State of North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia and Alabama to representation in Congress:

Whereas, The States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia and Alabama have, in pursuance of the provisions of an act entitled "An act for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2, 1867, and the acts supplementary thereto, framed Constitutions of State Government which are republican in form, and have adopted said Constitutions by large majorities of the votes cast at elections held for the ratification or rejection of the same; therefore,

Be it enacted, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia and Alabama, shall be entitled and admitted to representation in Congress, as States of the Union, when the Legislatures of said States, respectively, shall have duly ratified the amendment to the Constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteenth, upon the following fundamental conditions:

That the Constitutions of said States shall never be so amended or changed as to deprive any citizen, or class of citizens, of the United States of the right to vote, who are now entitled to vote by said Constitutions respectively, except as a punishment for such crimes as are now felonies at common law, whereof they shall have duly been convicted; and no person shall ever be held to service or labor as a punishment crime in said States except by public officers charged with the custody of convicts by the laws thereof.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That if the day fixed for the meeting of the Legislature of either of said States by the Constitution thereof shall have passed before the passage of this act, such Legislature may be convened within thirty days after the passage of this act by the President of the Convention which framed the Constitution of such State.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the first section of this act shall take effect when the President of the United States shall officially proclaim the due ratification by the Legislatures of said States respectively, of article 14th of the amendment to the Constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress.

Mr. Bingham's amendment is to strike out the words in the second section, commencing "that the Constitutions of the said States," and ending with the words "duly convicted," and insert in lieu thereof, the words "that civil and political rights and privileges shall be forever equally secured in said States to all citizens of the United States resident therin, as is now provided in said Constitutions respectfully."

Mr. Farnsworth, from the Committee on Reconstruction, reported a bill to remove political disabilities from some two hundred citizens of North Carolina, by name. (The reading of the names was dispensed with.)

Mr. Eldridge inquired whether the persons named in the bill were men who had fallen on their knees, and pledged support to the Republican Party?

Mr. Farnsworth replied that nearly all of them had been recommended by the Constitutional Convention of North Carolina.

Mr. Eldridge inquired further whether Gov. Holden's name was on the list.

Mr. Farnsworth said it was, and so were the names of the Lieutenant-Governor elect, the Judges of the Superior and other Courts, and two members of Congress elect.

Mr. Berry inquired whether there were any Democrats among the names.

Mr. Farnsworth replied that Mr. Boyden, the member of Congress elect, had been elected on the Conservative ticket against a Republican candidate. The Committee had not looked at the matter in a partisan light.

Mr. Niblack inquired whether a support of the reconstruction measures was regarded as necessary to entitle men to have their political disabilities removed.

Mr. Farnsworth replied that some evidence of repentance and loyalty was required, and the fact that a man helped the reconstruction of his State in good faith was very good evidence in that respect.

The discussion was further participated in by Messrs. Brooks, Robinson, Beck and Woodward.

Mr. Brooks regretted that only one Democrat was found in the list of two hundred, and that there was not a general amnesty bill.

Mr. Robinson desired to offer an amendment, but Mr. Farnsworth would not yield for that purpose; and Mr. Woodward reminded the House that if a support of the reconstruction measures, of which negro suffrage was the great principle, was to be regarded as the test of loyalty in the South, some test must be applicable in Northern States that have repudiated the policy.

Finally, the bill was passed by more than the requisite two-thirds—89 to 23.

A RAILROAD GRANT PROPOSED.

Mr. Garfield asked leave to introduce a bill granting the right of way to the Whitehall and Plattsburg Railroad Company.

Mr. Mungen objected.

A motion was then made to adjourn.

IMPEACHMENT.

The Speaker stated it was possible business might be transacted to-morrow in the House. The Senate had adopted a resolution that it would notify the House at what time the presence of the House would be again desired in the Senate Chamber, and had also adopted a resolution that to-morrow at 12 o'clock the vote would be taken on the pending articles of impeachment. The Speaker, however, had information that possibly—he would not say probably—that order might be rescinded by the Senate. He had not received any notification from the Senate that it desired the presence of the House at 12 o'clock to-morrow, and therefore if the House now adjourn, business would be resumed to-morrow until some notification should be received from the Senate.

Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, moved that when the House adjourn to-day it adjourn until Wednesday.

The motion, made under the circumstances and with a contemptuous sneer which accompanied it, attracted much attention, and immediately awakened great interest, as indicating on the part of the mover dissatisfaction at the reports which were in circulation regarding the probable issue of the impeachment question.

The Speaker remarked that the motion was in order, and had the priority of the motion to adjourn.

Mr. Stevens, at the suggestion of the members near him, withdrew the motion, and the House at 4:30 adjourned until to-morrow.

An Interview With President Johnson.

From the Boston Post.

Washington, Sunday, May 10, 1868.

The probable result of the great impeachment trial is the universal topic of conversation in all circles of society here and elsewhere, but the great wonder so frequently expressed is, "How does President Johnson feel; what does he think of the chances of conviction or acquittal?" To gratify this very natural curiosity or wonder on the part of the people, your correspondent sought information at the Executive Mansion, where he was cordially received by the President, who, with perfect *nonchalance*, inquired, "What news to-day; how stands impeachment?" No one could have suspected that the party who propounded these questions was himself the party impeached and then on trial for "high crimes and misdemeanors." Mr. Johnson has never looked better than he does to-day, and his fine flow of good humor indicates anything but a troubled mind. After briefly replying to his questions, your correspondent ventured upon his work directly and without circumlocution.

"I would be pleased to learn your views of the situation, Mr. President; what do you think of impeachment?"

The President promptly replied—"Oh, I have never allowed myself to believe or feel that the American Senate would prostitute its great power of impeachment to base party purposes, and I shall not believe it until I know the vote of conviction has been recorded. Such is my abstract opinion of the Senate; but whatever their judgment may be I shall cheerfully bow to the authority of the Constitution."

"But, Mr. President, it was suggested by Mr. Bingham in his closing argument that it was doubtful whether you would obey the mandate of the Senate if the judgment be one of conviction."

Mr. Johnson's face flushed, and a slight start was perceptible as if about springing to his feet. Smiles and pleasant looks were gone, and with suppressed indignation he said: "The suggestion of Mr. Bingham was a base one, but, nevertheless, one in perfect harmony with the charges and suggestions contained in the eleven articles of impeachment. Why should I not obey the mandate of the Senate if all the forms and requirements of the Constitution are complied with? If Senators abuse their trust they are not responsible to me, but to the people, who hold the sovereign power. The people have placed me in charge of one of the great departments of the Government, with all its duties and responsibilities, and the same people have placed Senators in another department also, with grave responsibilities and with the power to try impeachment and render judgments thereon. If Senators misuse or abuse this great power thus intrusted to them, it is not for the party impeached and convicted to attempt to set aside the judgment of the Senate. The people alone can settle with their agents for any abuse of their great trust. Mr. Bingham well knows that I have never failed to yield a cheerful compliance with all the requirements of the Constitution. I have endeavored, to the best of my ability, to protect, defend and preserve that great chart of our liberties, and I am more than willing to surrender my official responsibility whenever called upon so to do according to the forms and requirements of that sacred instrument."

The President spoke with considerable warmth of feeling, and added that he had every confidence in the honesty and patriotism of the great mass of the people; and whatever the judgment of the Senate might be, the people would do him justice. He felt that his reputation was perfectly safe in the hands of posterity. It is very evident that the President regards the whole impeachment proceeding as simply a trial of the Constitution, and one in which he feels a deep interest as an American citizen. There was no indication by look or word that he felt any special interest in the result on private account. He spoke of the trial precisely as he would speak of any other public matter involving the public interest.

FOREIGN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE CITY OF ANTWERP.

The Inman steamship *City of Antwerp*, from Liverpool April 29, and Queenstown April 30, arrived at this port yesterday, with two days' later advices than were at hand by the *Deutschland*.

The Attempted Assassination of Prince Alfred—Concerted Plot against his Life.

English papers of April 29, publish the following telegram from the Colonial Office:

Further telegrams, of the same date as those already made public from the Earl of Belmore to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, intimate that the assassination of his Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh was attempted by O'Farrell in pursuance of messages sent from conspirators in this country, which ordered the Prince's death. It is understood that O'Farrell was selected by lot to perpetrate the crime, and that the attempt would have been made when the Prince landed in state, but that an opportunity of doing so without risk of injury to others did not occur.

The New South Wales Government offered £1,000 reward for the apprehension of each accomplice; and one arrest, considered to be important, has been made in Victoria.

THE WHISKY FRAUDS.

Trial of R. C. Enright and John S. Allen for Uttering Fraudulent Bonds—Voluminous Testimony—Close of the Case for the Government.

The proceedings in this case were resumed yesterday morning, the Court-room being crowded during the day. At 10:20 o'clock Judge Benedict took his seat, and the case was at once proceeded with. Messrs. Allen and Enright occupied seats near their counsel, Messrs. Sanderson and Hollis; and District-Attorney Tracey and his associate, Mr. Allen, appeared for the Government.

At the commencement of the hearing Mr. Sanderson rose and moved that the testimony of Mr. Payne might be stricken out, on the ground that his knowledge of Enright's handwriting was only that of an expert, and that he had no legal knowledge of the defendant's handwriting. Mr. Sanderson then read from Penn's Report, Vol. I, in support of his motion, which said that it was necessary to have some general knowledge of handwriting before forgery could be proved. Counsel also read Phillips' Evidence, Vol. II, p. 611, which states that evidence from comparison of handwriting is not evidence where there is not previous knowledge of handwriting.

Mr. Hollis joined in the motion on the ground that the witness Payne's testimony was not admitted because he was acquainted with Enright's handwriting, but because he had studied bonds purporting to be in defendant's handwriting until he had become acquainted with that handwriting and because he was an expert. On the cross-examination Payne testified he had never before attempted to give an opinion whether a signature which was not the imitation of a genuine signature was a forgery. His experience only went so far as to say whether a signature was genuine or false. In this case the question is on the signature of Enright's handwriting, nor are they imitations of the signature of the parties supposed to have signed.

District-Attorney Tracey stated his opinion on the law on the subject of handwriting, prefacing it with a review of circumstances which have led to the alteration of the rules as to the proof of handwriting. He claimed that a witness might identify handwriting after it was written, but the qualifications must come in that there is evidence that the handwriting is that of the party with regard to whose writing the question comes up. It is well established that when there has been a fixed correspondence, that is competent to prove handwriting. It has been held that a single letter thus produced is sufficient to prove handwriting. The District Attorney contended that this case was not one of comparison of handwriting at all. In Connecticut and Massachusetts it is still said that you may prove handwriting by comparison, and that that is sufficient; but the State of New-York has rejected that rule. I claim that witness, Payne, has knowledge enough of Enright's handwriting to be able to give evidence in the matter. Mr. Tracey stated a case where the papers of a deceased person came into the hands of the testator, he was allowed to testify to the signature without ever having seen the deceased write, but only from knowledge acquired from examination of papers which had come into his hands since the demise of deceased; also a case where a witness was permitted to testify to a party's handwriting, or from the fact that he had in his possession a promissory note in the party's handwriting. Referring to the case of Enright, the District-Attorney said Mr. Payne is an expert; he is sent for and a bond is placed in his hand for the purpose of ascertaining whether it is in the handwriting of another party than Enright; but it turns out in the course of examination he finds out several papers acknowledged by him as a notary public; he examines the handwriting and finds that certain signatures are written by Enright, and thus he obtains a knowledge of Enright's handwriting. Now Mr. Enright is stopped from disputing the signatures made by him as a notary public; they are official and prove themselves as his signature; he cannot deny it; these are on file in the Collector's office and are proved to be the records of that office and bears his seal. In addition to that there are exhibits in this case, and we have proved over and over again that these bonds are in his handwriting, so that it is proved that the writing that Payne has had to examine is that of Enright. Payne has taken months in study of the writing as an expert, therefore he is permitted to speak as a witness having knowledge. As to the coupons, your Honor knows all handwriting must be proved by comparision. But the rule, that you are not permitted to judge by comparison, means that you shall not put a witness upon the stand having no knowledge of the parties' handwriting, and then place in his hands two signatures and ask him if, in his opinion, their signatures are by the same hand.

Mr. Hollis in reply said that the District Attorney did not touch the question because the witness explained what he meant by the handwriting of Enright, and the Court had ruled out the evidence. Mr. Hollis then reviewed the action of the Court as to the admission of evidence as to handwriting. The question is whether Mr. Payne could give evidence as an expert, and then there is the question—is he an expert? I contend he is not an expert.

Mr. Sanderson asked whether this testimony was to go to the Court, to fill up the evidence, so as to raise up a conviction against these parties; the Court ought to guard against the introduction of inoffensive witnesses against these defendants.

The Court—There is no doubt about the law, I think. I suppose an expert of the abilities of Mr. Payne is able to say that he knows how a man writes, can be shown a signature, and asked in what handwriting it is. Evidence of this sort is always open to Court, and is such as is always admitted, and the motion, therefore, must be denied. Exception was taken to the ruling of defendant's counsel.

Ald. McGroar testified that he had lived corner of Washington-avenue and Wyckoff-street all his life; could not tell whether a man named Walter Savage lived in Dean-street, near Washington-avenue, in May, 1867. (Walter Savage was one of the sureties to Raenan's bond, and described as a mason, living in Dean-street, near Washington-avenue.)

H. M. Birket testified as follows: I am a Deputy in the Collector's office, Second District; I know B. C. Enright; have seen him write; I have passed in papers in his handwriting; I know his handwriting when I see it. (Bond of J. W. Hopke produced, with the name of Wm. Brown as surety.)

Q.—Is that name in Enright's handwriting? A.—I believe it is; the signature to the justification is by Enright. (Witness' attention was called to the signature of James Jackson, surety on the said bond.) I am not satisfied to express any opinion as to whose writing Jackson's name is in. (Bond of James McBride handed to witness.)

Q.—Is the name of Gillen to this bond, as surety, in Enright's handwriting wherever it occurs? A.—I can't say about Gillen's, but I think the name Fox, the other surety, is in Enright's handwriting.

The bond of Thomas C. Farrell, with Thomas Rogers as surety; the bond of Richard A. Butler, with Clarence Corwin as surety; the bond of Patrick Cross, with Alonzo Metly as surety; the bond of Thomas Rogers, with Ferdinand Lecourt as surety; and also the bond of Matthew Smith, were shown to witness, who was of the opinion that most of the signatures were in the handwriting of Enright.

Cross-examined by Mr. Hollis—Exhibit No. 1 Hopke's bond shown to witness.

Q.—Do the words "William Brown" on that bond resemble the general handwriting of Enright? A.—They do not; I can't say I have seen more than one style of writing which I have known to be the handwriting of R. C. Enright; I get my opinion from the characteristic portion of the bond; the name "William Brown" is not in Enright's usual handwriting; if I saw a page of manuscript with the letters formed as there is the name of William Brown, I should be able to judge if it was in Enright's handwriting after examination; the signature of Fox on the bond of James McBride is in Enright's handwriting; I say with regard to all the signatures that they are not in Enright's ordinary handwriting.

Q.—Does a distiller's bond secure any tax? District-Attorney objected. Ruled out.

Mr. Hollis—The District-Attorney says in his opinion that the Government had been done out of $500,000, when he knows it has not been robbed of a cent.

The Court—Is it worth while to argue this point when I have already ruled in it?

Mr. Hollis—I think it is, and will read the law.

The Court—You need not read; I know that section.

Mr. Hollis—What am I to do? I am here to defend this man, and my mouth is closed. The Court says I can prove motive, and I think I can read this and alter your Honor's ruling.

The Court—I will hear you.

Mr. Hollis then read the section in question, which provides for giving a bond, which shall not be more than the tax on spirits distilled, within 15 days, and the Collector can refuse such bond when there is any probability of fraud.

George W. Parker was recalled and examined by the District-Attorney. His testimony was given in relation to a long list of bonds that bore fraudulent surety signatures; eight transportation bonds were shown witness, and he swore that he had been commissioned, as Deputy-Inspector, to examine if the sureties were good; he went to the places named in the affidavits, and was unable to discover any of the sureties, and ascertained that the property said to belong to them was in the possession of other persons.

Cross-examined by Mr. Sanderson—Q.—You do not mean to swear that the parties you went in search of were not in being? A.—I only swear that I could not find them; I could not find anything about Mr. Varian.

Q.—You did not know that he was on a voyage from here to China? A.—I did not.

Re-direct—Out of the whole list I only found eight of the names in the Directory.

By Mr. Sanderson—Q.—Please name the eight you found in the Directory. A.—C. P. Corwin, S. S. Cortes, Wm. Malin, Charles Dupey, John Carey; there is a bond here of McGoe's; one of his sureties is in the Directory; George Rach. Christian Yab, on the same bond; I think that is all; I believe four of the bonds I got myself from the Collector's office; do not know as I got them, but I went over and examined them, but do not know whether I procured them after or they were procured for me.

Robert H. Hand testified as follows: I reside at No. 56 State-street, Brooklyn; do business at No. 172 Fulton-street; am a trunk manufacturer; that is not my signature to the R. H. Hand bond. (Bond, for $43,000, read in evidence.) I never gave any such bond.

Cross-examined—Have never been called on by the Government to pay.

Edwin Bellman testified as follows: I own No. 11 Woodhull-street; do not know any such man as Frederick Adams; he did not reside there.

The District-Attorney here closed his testimony, and the Court adjourned until this morning.

Extensive Fire in Brooklyn—A Picture Frame Factory, a Sawing and Planing Mill Destroyed—Loss about $45,000—No Insurance.

At a late hour last night, the sawing and planing mill, and picture-frame manufactory of Charles White, in Quincy-street, near Gates-avenue, was discovered to be on fire, and in about half an hour was utterly demolished. The firemen worked with praiseworthy energy, but to no purpose, so far as the building where the fire originated was concerned. The flames soon communicated with two frame buildings in Quincy-street, the one known as the Quincy-street Mission School, and the other a two-story dwelling adjoining. The planing mill was a four-story building; the first story was the sawing and planing mill, the second was the moulding mill, and the third and fourth stories constituted the picture-frame manufactory. The stock of lumber consisted mainly of black walnut used for picture frames. The other stock, a large portion of which was outside of the building, belonged to parties who had sent it to have it cut. Officer Keyser, of the Forty-fourth Precinct, was first on the spot and rescued from the office all the papers and books of the concern, and from the stable two horses. He observed inside the door of the first floor of the main building a pile of shavings under a turning-lathe on fire, and he saw two distinct fires in other portions of the same floor. Sergt. Carpenter, of the Forty-fourth Precinct, who was early on the ground, also saw the three distinct fires alluded to, an unmistakable evidence that the fire was the work of an incendiary. About two years ago the mill of Mr. White was burned down on the same ground.

The house adjoining the Mission School was occupied by Mr. Williams, who had charge of the school. Some fences and outhouses in the rear of the dwellings on Gates-avenue were destroyed. A butcher's shop and dwelling at the corner of Classon-avenue and Quincy-street, which was insured yesterday morning, was not injured. The whole loss sustained by the burning of the mill, the stock, the Mission School and the adjoining dwelling is estimated at about $45,000 upon which there is said to be no insurance. The fire was still burning as this report went to press.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TUESDAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part I.—Held by Cardozo, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.
Oyer and Terminer and Civil Calendar.

Nos.	Nos.
363—Uttlebach vs. Kahn.	327—Rosenblack vs. Crandall.
1263—Davison vs. Wetmore et al.	605—Birnie vs. Owen.
1093—Conroy vs. Tugwell, Jr.	923—Mott et al. vs. Markham.
1161—Claflin et al. vs. Lowenstein.	599—Clay vs. Roemmelt et al.
823—N. Y. Nuevitas and Cuba Steamship Co. vs. Neafie et al.	1175—Brown vs. Dean. 669—Harris vs. Mercantile Trading Co.
1237—Pierce et al. vs. Lynch.	265—Corwin vs. Field.
1239—Becker vs. Western Union Tel. Co.	717—Cohen et al. vs. McGay. 581—Merritt et al. vs. Hutchinson.
987—Norton vs. Edgerton.	329—Jacobs vs. Sexton.
1117—Caldwell vs. N. J. Steamboat Co.	1229—Engelhart vs. Heliman et al.

Part II.—Adjourned to Wednesday.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Barnard, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.—Call of Calendar, 12 M.

Nos.	Nos.
259—Wilson vs. Davis.	266—Tugnot vs. Moran.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Part I.—Held by Robertson, C. J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
3867—Stein vs. Gunzberg.	3883—Williams, &c., vs. Post, &c.
3799—New-York Screw Dock Co. vs. White.	3883—Hamilton vs. Van Loon.
3897—McCartney vs. N. Amsterdam Fire Insurance Co.	3895—Gregory et al. vs. McEvily.
3863—Hodgskin vs. Loveridge et al.	3899—Armour et al. vs. M. Cen. R. R. Co.
2605—Fowler vs. Breslin, &c.	3961—Harrison vs. Foster.
2741—Jacobs, &c., vs., Wilde.	3903—Astor vs. Quirk.
3721—Steele vs. Fuller, &c.	3905—Odell vs. Morrissey, &c.
3875—Sieberg vs. Miller.	

Part II.—Held by Barbour, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
3916—Cantwell vs. Ross.	3972—Manhattan Brass and Manufacturing Co. vs. Sears.
3958—McGregor vs. Great Western Ins. Co.	3976—Eastman vs. The Mayor, &c.
3884—Lockwood vs. Wail.	3978—Keyes vs. The Mayor, &c.
2708—Weil vs. Hudson R.R. R. Co.	3980—Bauer vs. Althause and wife.
2888—Clay vs. Winter.	3982—Cunningham vs. Connor.
3680—Norris vs. Koehler.	
2689—Marsh, &c., vs. Palmer, &c.	
1556—Meison vs. Hope.	
3426—Carman vs. Berdan.	
2736—Broadway Bank vs. Howard.	

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Part I.—Held by Daly, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
534—Dougherty vs. Bleecker-st. and F. R.R. Co.	1223—Kilgen vs. Kilgen.
1172—Quirk vs. Valentine.	1224—Finley vs. Waugh.
1211—Lynch vs. Long.	1225—Edson vs. Scully.
1212—Lewis, &c., vs. Jacobson.	1226—Scott, &c., vs. Knickerbocker.
1213—August et al. vs. Jacobson.	1227—Bernstein vs. Rhoda.
1214—Meyer vs. Becker.	1230—Belknap vs. Simons.
1221—Goldsmith vs. Hegbauer.	1231—Goldsmith vs. Holbrook.
	1232—Misch vs. Ebert.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.

Part II.—Held by Barrett, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
1066—Kelly, Guardian, vs. Schwarz.	431—Kain vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
1067—Kelly, Guardian, vs. Schwarz.	966—Campaignau vs. Northrop.
615—Donahue vs. The Mayor, &c.	483—McLane, &c., vs. Converse.
791—Engelhardt vs. The Mayor, &c.	343—Page vs. Colby.
1051—Townsend, Adm'r, vs. Erie Railway Co.	32—Soule vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
1034—Werner vs. Maetz.	566—Ganning vs. Turner.
717—Lorillard Fire Ins. Co. vs. Burrows, Hazleton & Co.	888—Hill vs. Reed. 708—Hart vs. Hart.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Held by Alker, J.—Court opens at 10 o'clock A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
1121—Seville vs. Thomas.	1206—Heineman vs. Robb.
1020—Leffrey vs. Stevens.	1207—Larkin vs. Valentine.
1096—Griggs vs. Dinsmore.	1208—Churchill vs. Hart.
1138—Bownes vs. Canary.	1209—Laffrey vs. Hart.
1152—Frank vs. Blackstone.	1210—Moffett vs. Hart.
—Barrett vs. Clute.	1211—Schwartz vs. Bergman.
1195—Morris vs. Johnston.	1212—Same vs. same.
1197—Humboldt Min. & R. Co. vs. Webman.	1213—Ellinger vs. Brush.
1198—Lester vs. Fletcher.	1214—Mooney vs. Carpenter.
1199—Collins vs. Hammond.	1215—Robinson vs. N. H. S. B. Co.
1200—Hogg vs. Carey.	1216—Seigel vs. Swift.
1201—Dooley vs. Schmitz.	1217—Morrison vs. Taylor.
1202—Whitaker vs. Kelly.	1218—Gluthe vs. Simon.
1203—Wheeler vs. Barrett.	1219—Winchell vs. Caldwell.
1204—Bailey vs. Ross.	
1205—Schmittler vs. Schrimler.	

CITY COURT, BROOKLYN.

85—Kane vs. August.	111—Renson vs. Brooklyn Life Ins. Co.
89—McGoughran vs. O'Neil.	172—Revis vs. Lindsey.
93—Coles vs. Davis.	113—Butman vs. Lyons.
99—Bingham vs. Breen.	114—Miller vs. Doherty.
103—Sluyter vs. Jones.	115—Revis vs. Lindsey.
104—O'Cain vs. Bennett.	116—Reilly vs. Spaulding.
105—Hogan vs. Daly.	117—Horneggar vs. Fallesson.
106—Maryan vs. Poillon.	118—Dengel vs. Campbell, Sheriff.
107—Loughlin vs. Hall.	
108—Barrett vs. Otton.	
109—Becker vs. Haeter.	
110—Horen vs. Bergen.	

NOTICE TO THE BAR.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—MAY 11.

Notes of issue for the June Term must be filed with the Clerk of the General Term on or before Saturday, the 23d inst., and must state to which class they belong on the calendar, with the date of appeal and the old number on the last calendar. It is not necessary to file notes of issue as to causes on the last calendar that were not reached.

CHAS. E. LOEW, Clerk.
D. W. CLARKE,
Clerk of the General Term.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART I.—MAY 11.

Before Judge Cardozo and a Jury.

THE WOOD LEASES—PLAINTIFFS MAKE DEFAULT—THE LITIGATION TERMINATED IN FAVOR OF THE DEFENDANTS.

The Mayor, &c., of New-York vs. *Fernando Wood and Richard B. Connolly, Comptroller.* This suit, hitherto regarded as a very important one for the interest of this City, came to a sudden termination to-day, as our readers will perceive from the following report of what transpired. We have several times published full particulars in our columns, but for the purpose of enabling all our readers to understand the nature of the litigation, we will briefly restate the case: In December, 1865, Fernando Wood was the owner of certain premises at Nos. 115 and 117 Nassau-street; he wished to lease certain rooms in those buildings to the Law Department of the City, and for that purpose he made application to the proper authorities. It appears that this same Law Department had been for some time prior thereto in the occupation of the rooms in question. In the latter part of the month of December, 1865, a resolution of the Common Council passed both Boards, which was approved by Mayor Gunther, to the effect that the City agreed to lease the premises in question for ten years, for the use of the Law Department, at an annual rental of $18,000. Mayor Gunther's term expired, as did also those of the several officials of the Law Department about the same time. After a while the new administration repudiated this lease, and this suit was brought against Wood. In the complaint the grossest kind of bribery and corruption is alleged; to wit: that the sum of $21,000 was paid, or agreed to be paid, by Wood to Mayor Gunther if he approved, and to such of the members of the Common Council as voted for the resolution (which we give below,) to be divided among them as might be agreed upon. For the purpose of preventing the rent from being paid by the fiscal officer of the City an injunction was obtained, and the Comptroller was therefore made a party. We understand that Comptroller Connolly was made a defendant for the purpose of making the injunction restraining payment effectual, and for no other reason.

The action was commenced a long time ago, and divers motions have from time to time been made herein. Among other motions there was one to settle the issues. Counsel were heard on both sides, and on the 13th of April last Judge Cardozo decided that the following should be the issues to be tried by a jury at the May Circuit:

1st. Did the defendant, Wood, in or about the month, and before the 15th of December, 1865, agree with the person then being the Mayor of the City of New-York, in substance, or to the effect that, in case the Boards of Aldermen and Councilmen, by a vote of a majority of each of said Boards, should pass and adopt, and the said Mayor should sign, as approving the same, a resolution of the purport set forth in the complaint, viz.: "Resolved, That the Comptroller be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to renew the leases, now expiring, of premises for the use of the Law Department, Nos. 115 and 117 Nassau-street, for a period of ten years, at the following rents, to wit: For office of Corporation Counsel, $8,000 per annum; for office of Corporation Attorney, $5,000, and for office of Public Administrator, $5,000;" that he, the said Wood, should pay, and would pay, or cause to be paid, to the said Mayor and to such of the Aldermen and Councilmen as should so vote for such resolution, to be distributed among them, the sum of $21,000, or any other sum?

2d. Was the resolution aforesaid passed by the said Boards of Aldermen and Councilmen and approved by the Mayor, under or in pursuance of such agreement?

To-day, the cause having been called in its regular order, Mr. Shea, counsel for Mr. Wood, said he was ready.

Mr. I. T. Williams, for the plaintiffs, said that, after consideration, they had concluded not to appear. The issues that had been settled by his Honor were not, in their judgment, the issues which were raised by the pleadings; on the contrary the issues, as settled, were illusive, and not such, by any means, as they intended to try. An appeal, which was pending, had been taken from the decision of the Court on the settlement.

Mr. Shea replied that they had come here prepared to try the issue as settled, and he was ready. They desired to dispose of the case. He contended the issues as settled were the only ones raised by the pleadings. The complaint in the action was an amended one; the plaintiffs had certainly had every opportunity necessary to get ready. The pleadings had been well considered by the Court, and he was sure that no reasonable or valid excuse could be urged why the action should not be tried then.

Mr. O'Gorman, in behalf of the City, urged that on the appeal the General Term might settle the issues. They had desired to have a public trial. There were good reasons why a public trial should be had, on the real, and not on other issues. The General Term would, perhaps, settle the real issues.

Judge Cardozo said he was not inclined to hear much discussion on the matter as the question was very simple.

Mr. O'Gorman replied that he would be brief. The reason they objected to going on was that the issues presented were too narrow. The questions raised by the pleadings were not really contained or comprehended in the issues as settled by the Court.

Judge Cardozo said the difficulty was that the Court was in the unfortunate position of not agreeing with counsel. After a very elaborate discussion and a careful consideration of the case, he had concluded that these were the only issues contained in the pleadings. And that decision was controlling, inasmuch as it was not appealable. If the plaintiffs failed to appear, a jury must be impanneled, and, under the direction of the Court, a verdict in the negative would be entered.

Mr. O'Gorman desired to repel any such idea as that they desired delay. On the contrary they desired a final determination of the questions at issue by the pleadings as much as the other side did. If the case went off in this way, it would be but the commencement of litigation.

A jury was then impaneled in the case. The Court explained to them the circumstances; told them that the affirmative was with the plaintiffs, who failed to produce their proofs. The issues above recited having been read, the Court directed the jurors to say that they found in the negative,—in other words for the defendants. We shall probably never hear of this suit in our courts again.

SUPERIOR COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Presiding Chief Justice Robertson and Justices Monell and McCunn.

THE CASE OF THE YACHT RAMBLER—RESPONSIBILITY OF OWNERS OF YACHTS FOR THE CONDUCT OF MASTERS IN CHARGE.

Peter Haack vs. *Henry S. Fearing.*—The following is the opinion of Mr. Justice McCunn in this case, the particulars of which are fully set forth therein:

McCunn, J.—On the 30th of July, 1866, as the yacht *Rambler*, of the New-York Yacht Squadron, was about to drop anchor at her rendezvous in the waters of the Hudson, she fired a salute of one gun to the other yachts of the squadron. The wadding of the gun struck and penetrated the side of the ferry boat, on which plaintiff was sitting, knocking him down, breaking his arm and rendering it useless for life. This action is brought against the defendant, the owner of the yacht, to recover compensation for the injury. It appears in the evidence that, in the harbor of New-London and in the harbor of Newport, two years previous to the accident, instructions were given by Mr. Fearing, the owner, that no firing should take place on board his yacht, unless he was present, or unless he ordered it to be done. That on the morning of the accident Mr. Fearing quitted his yacht at Staten Island, and left her in command of a person named Smith, whom he called his sailing master, and directed Smith to proceed to the rendezvous; that Smith, on arriving at such rendezvous, ordered the customary salute to the other yachts without receiving instructions from Mr. Fearing. On this state of facts a nonsuit was ordered by the learned Judge below, on the ground that "plaintiff had shown no facts to render the defendant liable." I am clearly of opinion that error was committed in granting such nonsuit. On the trial of the action an effort was made on the part of the defendant to establish the fact that the witness Smith was not the captain, but the sailing master of the yacht. This is of little consequence; indeed, it is quite immaterial whether Smith was known as captain or as sailing master. It is admitted that when Mr. Fearing quit his yacht at Staten Island he placed Smith in the entire command of the ship, and that she was absolutely under his supreme control; and I hold that Mr. Fearing, the defendant, under the circumstances, is liable for the act of Smith in negligently firing the gun. It is a sound maxim in law that, when a party is injured by the negligence of another, the person causing the injury shall be held strictly accountable, unless the party injured contributed to the accident, which was not the case here. There is no pretence that plaintiff was in the slightest degree negligent. On the contrary, he was sitting in the cabin of the ferry-boat, on his way from New-York to his home in Hoboken, when this shot plunged through the side of the boat and caused the injury, which has invalidated him for life. Surely, if Courts are intended to afford a remedy for gross negligence, there never was a case in which the refinements of the law should be brought to bear by the Judges to enforce such remedy more than in this case. The plaintiff had been attending his daily toil and was returning to his family secure, as he thought, in all things which render life safe, when this defendant and his servants, after returning from a trip of pleasure, in the most negligent and careless manner, did an act which resulted in the injury. A glance at the evidence must convince an ordinary mind that it was not only carelessness, but carelessness of the grossest kind. The act of Master Smith, in firing the gun, was within the strict line of his duty, and the defendant, Fearing, by placing Smith in command of his yacht, and in the possession of the implements to do wrong, rendered himself liable, for I lay it down as a broad, general principle that wherever one of two innocent persons must suffer by the acts of a third, he who has enabled such third person to occasion the loss must suffer. In treating the question herein we are compelled to withdraw ourselves from the ordinary method of looking into such cases, because the facts and circumstances are not altogether within the scope of ordinary business transactions. For instance, this was a pleasure yacht; she was the means adopted by her opulent proprietor to gratify his tastes; and all those amenities and civilities which can by possibility pass between gentlemen able to afford such luxuries, are expected to be exchanged, such as salutations by displaying flags, firing guns, and exchanging other courtesies, and which, I hold, become a part and parcel of the duties of the yacht crew. The Vice-Commodore of the squadron testifies "that the salute to the flag (the one causing the injury) was in accordance with the rules of the Club," and that the Club rules declare such amenities and civilities to be a part of their duties; if such civilities are not part of the ordinary duties of a pleasure yacht and her crew, then it is hard, indeed, to say what their legitimate duties are; they do not engage in commerce, they do not contribute to the welfare or happiness of the community in general, but to the pleasures of the few who associate together; and their polite courtesies to each other, I hold, is part of their legitimate business, and when they commit an error or a wrong in carrying out these pleasures upon one of the community, they should be held strictly accountable. Once at Newport, in firing a salute from the same yacht, a similar accident occurred, and then it was admitted that Smith was acting within the limits of his duties, and it was because Mr. Fearing believed that the firing at Newport was part of the duties of his crew, that he forbade firing thereafter unless he was on board or gave special directions to do so. Indeed, the fact that the firing was specially prohibited, unless at certain times, is the strongest evidence that it was within the ordinary bounds of the crew's duty; else why prohibit it? Smith had been the commander and sailing master of the yacht for years past, and he knew well what his duties were; and if the firing had not been a part of his duties, even without instructions from Fearing, it must be presumed he would not have fired the gun. But it is manifest that it was because he believed he was performing his duties, that he tendered this salute to the squadron. It must, therefore, be taken for granted, that the act of Smith, whereby the accident occurred, was strictly within the line of his duties, notwithstanding he was forbidden to perform it; and it is an elementary principle, that you cannot bind innocent and third parties who have been injured, by proving private instructions to servants not to perform certain acts, acts ordinarily performed within the line of their duties. After having said thus much, as to what their legitimate duties are, let us see whether Mr. Fearing would not be held liable for acts done by his commander, which injure others, even if those acts had been some two years before prohibited. Suppose Capt. Fearing to be on board his yacht, his sailing-master, Smith, in command of the vessel, the wind abeam, and another vessel is seen approaching in directly the opposite course, having the wind also on her beam, and the ships are meeting end on, and Capt. Fearing gives the command to put the helm to port, which is the proper command, the other vessel having received the like command, and, instead of putting the helm hard to port, Smith, the sailing-master, in the face of Mr. Fearing's command, puts his helm hard a starboard, and a collision takes place, Mr. Fearing or his vessel would certainly be held liable for the injury to the other vessel, because Article II. of an act fixing rules and regulations for preventing collisions on water, passed April, 1864, (and which, by the way, is now the sailing regulations of all the world,) declares, "if two sailing vessels are meeting, end on or nearly end on, so as to involve risk of collision, the helms of both shall be put to port, so that each may pass on the port side of the other." Now, this is the aptest kind of illustration, and, if Mr. Fearing had been absent from his vessel, and the sailing-master had, after receiving positive instructions from Mr. Fearing to obey the law in relation to putting his helm to port, instead of putting his helm to port, put it hard to starboard, thereby causing the collision, surely the absence of Mr. Fearing would not have exonerated his vessel or himself from liability, more than if he had been on board; and certainly the law will hold Mr. Fearing strictly liable for the acts of his sailing-master in firing this gun improperly as much as it would for the act of such sailing-master in disobeying his order as I have illustrated above. I might stop here without citing a single authority, because I hold that judges are not bound to treat the Court as a thing of words, dates, readings, and decisions, but as a living fact, in close relation to other living facts, and having in itself the germs of growth and change; and I would be justified in saying, without adding another word, that the judgment below should be reversed, and a new trial ordered; but let us see what some of the most eminent elementary writers and some of the ablest decisions say upon this question. One of the earliest cases in the books and one directly in point, is to be found in the first volume of decisions of Lord Mansfield by Evans, p. 98. That was the case of the capture of a ship by the enemy, where it was agreed between the captors and the Captain of the captured ship, that one of the sailors should be retained as a hostage until the ransom fixed by the Captain with the enemy for the ship should be paid. The sailor consented to be retained or imprisoned by the enemy, provided that the owners of the captured ship would during his captivity pay his regular wages, which was agreed to by the Captain. The Captain brought the ship home, but the agreement on his part with the captors was repudiated by the owners, and the ship was sold for the benefit of the captors. After the seaman obtained his liberty, he returned and sued the owners for his wages during his imprisonment. The answer set up was, that the Captain had no authority to bind the owners in such a case, and that his doing so was illegal and entirely without the line of his duties and contrary to the statute law of England. Lord Mansfield, delivering the opinion of the Court, held that, although it was not within the strict line of his ordinary duties, and although the law forbade the Captain doing so, yet, as the Captain believed he was doing his duty when ransoming the ship, and upon principle, he should recover. And this decision was concided in by all the leading legal minds of the day. Now, there was an unlawful act perpetrated by the Captain, an act forbidden by his owners and by the law of the land, and one which might be considered entirely beyond the line of his duty, and yet, because the sailor was injured by detention, and because the Captain had it in his power so to stipulate, it was held he could recover. The next case of any moment we find in the English books, is that of Sleath against Wilson, 9th Car. and Payne, 612, decided by Lord Erskine, wherein that able jurist held: "That whenever the master intrusted the servant with the control of the horses and carriage, it is no answer that the servant acted improperly in the management of it." "If it were," proceeds that learned Judge, "it might be contended that, if a master directs his servant to drive slowly, and if the servant disobeys his orders and drives fast, and through his negligence occasions an injury, the master will not be liable; but, (saith Lord Erskine,) that is not the law; the master in such a case will be liable, and the ground is, that he has put it in his servant's power to mismanage the carriage by intrusting it with him;" and he therefore held that defendant should be held liable. Now, the case at bar and the one last cited are very similar, notwithstanding the fact that the instruments working the injury were very dissimilar, the one being a servant and a pair of horses and the other being a servant and a yacht. Both disobeyed the instructions of their masters, and both thereby caused injury to the plaintiffs in the different actions. One disobeyed his master's directions in taking the horses back to their stable out of their usual way, to perform errands of his own; the other, when taking the yacht at his master's request to her usual rendezvous, fired a salute which he was not instructed to fire, thereby causing the injury. The principles involved are precisely similar, and the ruling in the one case should govern the ruling of the other. The rule that the master shall be liable for the tortious acts of his servant, is of universal application. The maxim is "*respondeat superior.*" If the act be done in the course of his employment the master is liable, even if he forbade the act to be done. Such was the decision of Mr. Justice Grier in the case of Derby against the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company; (14 Howard's U. S. S. C. R., page 483,) where the question came fairly up, and where the doctrine I contend for was revived and reaffirmed in the most explicit terms. Derby had sued the Company for injuries to his person; the locomotive causing the injury was run by an engineer employed by the road, who had express instructions not to run his engine on the road that day. Contrary to such instructions, he ran his engine, and in doing so injured plaintiff, and the Company was held liable. Now the case of Derby is precisely similar to the one at bar: there the engineer was on that day expressly forbidden to run his engine on the track; he did run her and caused the injury, and the Company was held liable; here the sailing-master had received instructions two years previous not to fire salutations without permission; while in his master's employ, in bringing up the yacht to her place of destination, he did fire one which caused the injury and his employer should be held liable. In some of the cases cited on the defendant's points, and in others not on his points, there are to be found dicta, which, when severed from the context, might seem to countenance the doctrine that the master is not liable, if the servant act in disobedience of his orders; but it will be seen on a careful examination that the question depended on whether he was or was not, at the time, in the relation of master and servant, and I know that in some of those cases some subtle and astute distinctions are drawn as to when the servant is acting in his master's employ; yet I can find no case contrary to the views expressed above. The elementary writers all agree that the master is liable for the acts of his servant, although those acts may be contrary to his orders. Judge Story, in his treatise on agency, says that the master must be held liable in civil suits for "the frauds, deceits, concealments, misrepresentations, torts, negligences, and other malfeasance, or malfeasances, and omissions of duty, of his agent in the course of his employment, although the principal did not authorize or justify or participate in, or indeed know of such misconduct, or even if he forbade the acts." Chancellor Kent, in his Commentaries, holds the same rule, and both of these eminent writers cite a large number of authorities in support of their views. Story on Agency, p. 537, notes 1, 2, and 3. It cannot be said in this case that Smith was not acting in the line of his duty when he fired the gun. He was. He was bringing the yacht to the place where his master directed him to bring her; he was in sole command, and was manœuvering her, exchanging courtesies and salutations with other vessels, all of which was in the strict line of his duty. One act of his duty he was directed two years before to omit: he did not omit, but committed the act, and did it so negligently that he injured others. Now, as I have said before, all wrongs have remedies in law, and, pray, where is the remedy here? Who is to compensate this innocent man for the great injury and wrong he has suffered, without the slightest negligence on his part? Not the ferry company who were carrying him to his home, and who did not contribute to the negligence. It is idle to answer that the plaintiff may have recourse to Smith, when the law gives him the option to sue either the master or the servant. Smith's responsibility is not so apparent as that of the owner of the yacht; but, however that may be, the plaintiff, in the exercise of an election accorded him by the law, has chosen to come against the principal. Instead of turning the plaintiff round to Smith, the defendant, as principal, may seek indemnity for any damages he may sustain in this action by a suit against his agent for disobedience of his instructions. The judgment should be reversed and a new trial ordered.

Mr. Condert for plaintiff; Mr. Cadwallader for defendant.

The following is the opinion of Robertson, C. J., in which Judge Monell concurred.

Robertson, C. J.—This was an action for damages for a hurt received by the plaintiff in July, 1866, from the wadding of a cannon negligently discharged on board of a vessel or pleasure yacht (the *Rambler*) of the defendant, by one of its crew during the absence of the defendant. The signal of the New-York Yacht Club was generally used on board of such vessel, which indicated that she belonged to the squadron of that body, but there was no other evidence offered on the trial of its being so. On the occasion in question the gun was discharged about 2 or 3 o'clock in the afternoon of a day in July, 1866, while the vessel in question was being towed by a steam-tug to her anchorage near Hoboken, where other yachts were lying. The plaintiff received the injury while on board of a ferry boat, passing between the yacht in question and the shore. A witness (Smith) testified on the trial that he has not often seen yachts come to that anchorage without firing a salute. It was usual for them to do so. It was customary, but not always done. But finally said that he knew nothing as to the custom in firing salutes. Some did it and some did not. Another witness (Morrill) only knew of such a custom up to 1859. The Vice-Commodore of such Club squadron (Major) when the accident happened, testified that there was no rule of that Club which had any bearing as to firing salutes, and no universal custom by any means of firing guns by yachts while approaching their anchorage; "that it was" a thing done by some persons and not by others; that yachts sometimes saluted on meeting, and sometimes not. He also testified that the firing of salutes did "not come under the scope of the general duty of a sailing-master;" that it did "not come under his supervision unless he had been particularly requested so to do;" there was no duty of his as to firing salutes, except to obey the orders of his superior officer; a rule of such Yacht Club (14) for setting colors in the morning and lowering them at sunset when two or more yachts sailed in company or were at anchorage in sight of each other, was the only one as to firing guns; it prescribed that in such case the time for so hoisting or lowering colors should be taken from the senior officer in command, and that no guns should "be fired in setting or hauling down the colors, except by the yacht giving the time." This was all the evidence on the trial as to the duty or any custom of firing guns on anchoring or meeting another yacht, or on any other occasion. The mate of the yacht in question, (Hoffman,) who was examined as a witness for the plaintiff, on the trial testified that when the gun was fired, he was getting the anchor ready to drop it; that two years previously, (being shortly after the yacht was built,) because a man had been hurt by discharging such gun, the defendant gave general strict orders to all the crew not to fire any gun unless he was on board, and again in the previous Summer at New-London such orders were known to all on board of the boat; they had fired such a gun a dozen times when approaching such anchorage while the defendant was on board; they sometimes fired it and sometimes not; they fired it off once or twice without the knowledge of the defendant; he was not on board at the time of the accident in question. Such witness testified that he supposed it was fired to salute the yacht *Wave* and not the tugboat which blew its whistle, and that they had orders not to use any wadding in firing guns; the plaintiff was injured by the wadding. On the trial the defendant's counsel moved to dismiss the complaint, which motion was granted, and the exceptions taken thereto and on the trial ordered to be heard in the first instance in General Term. I have not been able to find any evidence in this case that the gun, whose discharge caused the injury to plaintiff, was fired in the course of any employment or duty of the master of the vessel in question. It was not necessary in the course of its navigation, or as a matter of duty to other vessels, or in compliance with any custom governing vessels in general in New-York harbor, or yachts belonging to the New-York Yacht Club squadron, if the vessel in question belonged to that squadron, or was bound by the rules of that Club, of which there does not seem to have been sufficient evidence. So that the ground of the defendant's liability is reduced to the question whether, by merely permitting the master of the vessel to have the possession and custody of the gun and ammunition, with other equipments of the vessel, the defendant became responsible for their careless use. In the case of Lambt vs. Lady Polk, (9 Car. & P., 629,) the defendant was held not liable for the negligence of her coachman, who, after descending from his box had, in turning aside the head of a horse harnessed to a van which obstructed his passage, precipitated a box of mineral waters from such van upon the shafts of the plaintiff's gig and broke them, because the act was not done in the course of the coachman's employment for the defendant. In the case of Mitchell vs. Crasweller (13, C. B. 237, 16 Eng. L. Eq. 448,) it was held that for an injury done by the negligence of the defendant's carman to a third person, in driving his employer's horse and cart for his own private purpose, after the time when he should have, and usually did put up such horse and cart in their stable, the employer is not responsible. In the case of Joel vs. Morrison, (6 Car. and P. 501,) and Sheath vs. Wilson (9 J. 607) it was conceded that if a servant drives, for his own purpose, his master's carriage without leave during the time it is not in use for the business of the latter, the master is not liable for any injury caused by its means while so driven. Although in both it was held that if while driving for his master's business the servant merely make a detour for his own purposes his master is responsible for his negligent driving during such deviation. That distinction is made in both such cases to rest on the fact, that in the latter event the master has enabled the servant to do the injury by the mismanagement of the carriage while intrusted with its use for the master's benefit. That doctrine would have applied in this case, if the sailing-master had injured a person or vessel by careless navigation of the vessel under his charge. The mere possession and control of the gun and ammunition, could not create or imply permission, much less authority or duty to use them in the face of the positive orders of the defendant to the contrary. It could not be any part of the duty of sailing or taking care of the vessel to discharge signal guns, or give salutes, and there was no evidence of a uniform custom on the part of the vessel in question, or any other yachts, or of any regulation to that effect in the squadron to which it was supposed to belong, to make it part of the ordinary employment of the sailing-master. I apprehend there is no difficulty in a general limitation of the extent of the employment of a servant by agreement or command, so as to prevent him from doing acts of a particular character. It is true that the prohibition of specific acts within the scope of a general employment, on a particular occasion only, or of a particular mode of doing them, may not exempt the employer from liability. But prohibiting their being ever done must certainly curtail the extent of the employment, and the language of Justice Story (Agency, 452,) in declaring the liability of a principal, notwithstanding his prohibition of the acts of his agent by which third parties are injured, must be construed in that sense. The case of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company vs. Derby, (14 How., S. C., 295,) also can only extend that far—otherwise it is contrary to several of the very cases cited in the opinion then delivered. I am not aware of any principle which justifies the use by a party of a prior written statement of a witness of such party to instruct him what to say, under pretext of refreshing his memory, when he has not shown any weakness of recollection. The case of *Guy* vs. *Mead*, (22 N. Y., 462,) cited for the purpose, does not sustain any such proposition. And the attempt to do it on the trial was properly prevented. I do not understand the question put to a witness as to the extent of the orders given by the defendant as calling for his construction of their language, but his recollection of it. He had not previously undertaken to give their precise words. It was therefore properly admitted. There being no error committed on the trial, the exceptions should be overruled and judgment given for the defendant and dismissing the complaint on the merits with costs.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.—MAY 11.

Before Judge Barbour and a Jury.

LOSS OF LIFE BY A COLLISION IN THE BAY—SUIT BY THE WIDOW FOR DAMAGES.

Rebecca Gray, Administratrix, vs. *The National Steam Navigation Company.*—This is an action to recover $5,000—the limit allowed by the statute—for the loss of plaintiff's husband, Wilson W. Gray, who was killed or drowned in consequence of the alleged carelessness of defendants on the 24th of October last. Gray was master of a canal-boat that was being towed from New-Brunswick, N. J., to New-York, and when the boat was nearly opposite Pier No. 2 North River, the steamship *Pennsylvania*, belonging to defendants, ran into her and sunk her, and plaintiff's husband was either killed by the collision or drowned. It is charged that the *Pennsylvania* was running under great head of steam, and that a proper look-out was not kept on board of her, and that there was great negligence on the part of those navigating her. The defence is a general denial. The case is still on.

Joepp & Stern for plaintiff; J. Chetwood for defendants.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Before Commissioner Betts.

THE VAN CAMPEN CASE.

The examination of the charges against Samuel R. Van Campen, for embezzling large sums of money from the National Bank of Elmira and the Croton National Bank of this City, was continued yesterday before Commissioner Betts. The bookkeeper of the former institution was examined, and swore, from entries in his ledger, to substantially the same facts as already published in the affidavits of the President of the Elmira Bank.

A further adjournment until to-day was then ordered.

DECISIONS.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—MAY 11.

By Judge Monell.

Hudson River Railroad Company *vs.* Loeb et al.; motion to dissolve injunction denied with $10 costs.

Gray *vs.* Underwood; case and amendments settled; papers in Clerk's office.

By Judge Garvin.

Murphy et al. *vs.* Ross; motion granted.

De Meza *vs.* Wolf; motion granted.

Gonzales *vs.* New-York and Harlem Railroad, (two suits;) motion granted.

Odell *vs.* New-York and Harlem Railroad Company, (two suits;) motion granted.

By Judge Jones.

Stephens *vs.* West; motion granted; see memorandum with Special Term Clerk.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—MAY 11.

By Judge Brady.

Stultz *vs.* Connor; motion denied, but with liberty to defendant to renew without costs.

National Butchers' and Drovers' Bank *vs.* Smith; order granted.

Kate Douglass *vs.* George C. Douglass; divorce granted.

Chapin *vs.* Watson; motion granted on defendant stipulating not to sue.

SUPREME COURT—KINGS COUNTY—SPECIAL TERM—MAY 8, 1868.

IMPORTANT DECISION BY JUDGE LOTT—IN FORECLOSURE.

David E. Wheeler vs. *Charles Wood, Charles Parsons et al.*—This action is brought to foreclose a mortgage on the hotel and about 250 half-acre lots at Lakeland Station, Long Island Railroad, Suffolk County, and to have a prior mortgage for $7,500, held by defendant Parsons, declared paid, and to be no lien upon said premises. The issue as to the payment of Parsons' mortgage was tried in February last, at Brooklyn, by his Honor Justice Lott, and decision reserved. It appeared on the trial that L. S. Thomas, in 1853, agreed to sell the bond and mortgage to Garrit H. Striker, Jr., for $7,200, payable in installments. That the money was paid and Striker thereupon took a satisfaction piece, and some time afterward—six months or thereabouts—substituted an assignment in place of the satisfaction piece, which was destroyed or not used. Testimony was given by Chas. Wood, the owner of the premises, and his clerk, Joseph R. Hunting, that they had paid the mortgage in full to Thomas as claimed. But this was contradicted by Wood's own affidavit and written admission and agreement, made at the time of the assignment to Parsons, and by Thomas who assigned to Striker. Plaintiff claimed that from the testimony and from the undisputed fact that a satisfaction piece had been executed and delivered by Thomas to Striker, and so remained for six months, the mortgage should be declared paid, and adjudged to be no lien upon the premises, at least so far as plaintiff is concerned. The Court, per Lott, J., held that the mortgage had not been paid; that it was still a good lien, and that the sum of $13,549 16 is due for principal and interest, and that defendant, Parsons, is entitled to have that sum, with interest and costs, first paid to him out of the proceeds of the foreclosure sale, and gave judgment accordingly.

Everett P. Wheeler, Esq., for plaintiff; S. M. Parsons and A. H. Dana, for defendant, C. H. Parsons.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—May 11, 1868.

$25,000 U. S. 6s, '81, C. ... 114¾
10,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '65 ... 107¾
75,000 U. S. 5-20s, C. '65, New ... 109⅝
500 U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '67 ... 109⅞
15,000 U. S. 5s, '74, R. ... 113
12,000 U. S. 5s 10-40s C. ... 103⅞
25,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C., '62 ... 109⅝
500 do. ... 109⅝
1,000 Tr. N. 7 3-10s, 3d series ... 5m 107¾
5,000 N. Car. State 6s, new ... 61⅝
2,000 Ga. St. 7s ... 92
30,000 Mo. S. 6s ... 88¾
1,000 N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83 ... 93½
4,000 Erie 2d M. '79 ... 100¾
2,000 Erie 3d M. ... 96¾
1,000 Pac. R. 7s, Guar. by St. of M. ... 91
4,000 A. & T. H. 2d Pr. ... 85
2,000 Mich. So. 2d M. ... 92
1,000 Chi. & R. I. & P. R. R. 7s ... 94¾
11,000 Mor. & Ex. 2d ... 87
7,000 Cl. & Pitts. 2d M. ... 95
3,000 O. & M. 1st M. ... 95
100 Pac. Mail ... 92¾
100 do. ... 92½
30 Ninth National ... 107¾
200 Cum. Coal Pf. ... 33
200 West. U. Tel. ... 38
35 Adams Ex. ... 61¼
300 Wells-Fargo Ex. ... 22½
50 do. ... 22⅞
200 do. ... 22⅜
40 Amer. Ex. ... 59
200 Mer. U. Ex. ... 31
100 N. Y. Cent. ... 127⅞
800 do. ... 127½
200 do. ... b60 127½
300 Erie R. ... 68
200 Hud. Riv. R. ... 136
200 Reading R. ... 90¾
100 Chi. & N. W. Pf. ... 76⅞
31 do. ... 77
120 M. S. & N. I. ... 83¾
40 Cleve. & Pitts. ... 84
400 do. ... 84
200 do. ... 2d call 84
100 C. & N. W. R. ... b30 66¾
200 do. ... 66
100 do. ... 66⅛
100 do. ... 2d call 66⅛
19 Cle., Col. & Cin. R. ... 107
100 Chi. & R. I. ... 94¾
100 Mil. & St. P. ... 62¾
200 do. ... 62
100 do. ... 62¾
50 do. ... 75
100 P., F. W. & C. ... 106¾
300 do. ... 106
20 do. ... 2d call 106½
200 Mar & Cin. 1st Pf. ... 29
100 Rens. & Sar. R. ... 87
100 New-Jer. Cen. R. ... 119

SECOND BOARD.

$20,000 U. S. 6s, '81, C. ... 114
10,000 do. 3d ser. ... b3 114
25,500 do. ... 113¾
11,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s, '62 ... 109½
8,000 do. ... 109
4,000 do. ... 109
1,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s, R. '64 ... 108¼
60,000 U. S. 5-20s, C. '64 ... 107
110,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '65 ... 107⅞
15,000 do. ... 107⅝
10,000 U. S. 5-20s, C '67 ... 108⅜
6,500 do. ... 108
1,000 do. ... 108¼
15,000 U. S. 5-20s, C., '65, New ... 109⅝
3,000 do. ... 109½
10,000 do. ... 109⅝
25,000 U. S. 5s, 10-40s, C. ... 103⅝
14,500 do. ... 103½
6,300 Tr. Not. 7 3-10s, 2d Ser. small ... 107⅞
350,000 do. ... 107⅜
22,000 Tenn. 6s, new ... 67
2,000 Missouri 6s ... 88¾
25 West. U. Tel. ... 38
400 Quicksilver ... 29
100 Mariposa Pr. ... 10¼
100 do. ... 10
100 Pacific Mail ... 91¼
100 do. ... 91½
300 do. ... 91
200 Atlantic Mail ... 35
100 do. ... 35
100 Bos. Water P. ... 20¼
100 U. S. Ex. Co. ... 60½
100 Adams Ex. ... 60¾
200 do. ... 60¼
550 do. ... 60
5 Am. Ex. ... 58¾
200 Mer. U. Ex. ... 30
100 do. ... 30
100 do. ... 30½
100 N. Y. Cen. ... 127¾
200 Erie R. ... b60 68¾
100 Erie R. P. ... 74
65 Reading R. ... 90¾
100 M. S. & N. I. ... 83¾
210 Clev. & Pitts. ... 83¾
100 Chi. & N. W. ... 66½
600 do. ... 66¾
200 Clev. & Tol. ... 105¾
500 Chicago & R. I. ... 94⅞
400 Mil. & St. P. ... 62
200 Mil. & St. P. Pf. ... 74¾
150 Pitts. Ft. W. & C. ... 106
200 Ohio & M. R. ... 31
100 Al. & T. H. Pf. x-d ... 68
200 Del., L. & W. S. ... 117

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

400 Wells-Fargo Ex ... 22½
100 do. ... 22¾
100 do. ... b3 22¾
100 Adams Ex. ... 61
300 Quick. Min. ... 29
1200 do. ... 28⅞
100 do. ... 28¾
300 do. ... b30 28¾
100 do. ... 28½
200 do. ... b10 28¾
300 Pacific Mail ... 92½
100 do. ... 92½
200 do. ... 92¾
50 do. ... 92¾
100 do. ... 92¼
100 West. U. Tel. ... 38¼
1200 do. ... 38
100 do. ... s30 38
1300 N. Y. Cen. R. ... 127⅝
100 M. & St. P. Pf. ... 75
2400 Erie R. ... 68⅞
400 do. ... b10 68¾
300 do. ... c 68⅝
600 Reading R. ... 90¾
100 do. ... 90⅝
100 P., Ft. W. & C. ... 106½
500 O. & Miss. R. ... 31⅝
200 do. ... b10 31¼
300 Mich. S. & N. L. ... 83⅞
400 Clev. & Pitts. ... 84
100 do. ... 83⅞
600 Clev. & Tol. ... 105½
600 Chi. R. I. & P. ... 94¾
600 Chi. & N. W. ... 66⅝
100 do. ... 66⅝
1000 do. ... 66⅝
100 do. ... c 66½
500 Chi. & N. W. Pf. ... 77

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

100 Adams Ex. ... 61¼
100 Wells-Fargo Ex. ... 22½
100 Mer. U. Ex. ... 31½
500 Mar. Pref. ... b30 10½
100 Pacific Mail ... 92½
200 do. ... 92¼
600 do. ... 92
200 do. ... 91¾
200 N. Y. Cen. ... 127⅜
100 do. ... 127⅜
500 Chic. & N. W. Pf. ... 77
100 Erie R. ... 68¾
100 do. ... b3 68⅞
200 Reading R. ... 90⅝
200 do. ... 90¾
200 Mil. & St. P. ... 74¾
100 do. ... 74¾
200 P., F. W. & C. ... 106
100 Ohio & Miss. R. ... 31⅜
100 Mich. So. & N. I. ... 83¾
200 Chic., R. I. & P. ... 94⅜
800 Chi. N. & W. R. ... 66⅜

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

100 Wells-Far Ex. ... [illegible]
200 Adams Ex. ... 60
200 do. ... 59¾
50 do. ... 60
150 Mer. U. Ex. ... 30½
100 do. ... 30¾
200 do. ... 30¾
100 do. ... 31¼
50 Am. Ex. Co. ... 58
100 Canton Co. ... 52¾
100 Pacific Mail ... 91½
200 do. ... s3 91¼
400 West. U. Tel. ... 37¼
100 do. ... 37¼
200 Chi. & N. W. Pf. ... 76¾
400 N. Y. Cen. ... 127¼
100 do. ... b3 127⅜
2000 do. ... s3 127¼
100 Erie R. ... 68⅞
100 M. & St. P. ... 61¾
100 Reading R. ... 90¾
100 P., Ft. W. & C. ... 105¾
100 Ohio & Miss. R. ... 31
100 M. S. & N. I. R. ... 83¾
200 Clev. & Pitts R. ... 83¾
200 Chic., R. I. & P. ... 94⅜
1200 C. & N. W. R. ... 65¾
100 do. ... 66
200 do. ... s3 66
300 do. ... 66¼

MONDAY, May 11—P. M.

The market for Gold opened strong this morning and sales were made at 140¼@140⅜@140¼@140⅛@140 ₱ cent. But after 2 o'clock the speculation in the Gold Room was decidedly weaker and sales were made at 139⅞@139¾ ₱ cent. The Gold for Cash delivery was again superabundant, and from 5 to 6 ₱ cent ₱ annum interest was paid for carrying over balances. No cause was assigned for the weakness of the market this afternoon. It is possible that the Treasury Office was a seller of part of its current receipts from Customs. But this, of itself, would not have weakened the price had the speculators in the Gold Room upon the political situation in Washington felt sure of their calculation that the removal of the President is to make a serious flurry in Gold. There is no real change of opinion on the Street since Saturday as to the probabilities of the result of the impeachment trial, while there is a very reasonable doubt as to the effect upon the Gold market. The Foreign Exchanges continue firm at 110¼ for sixty-day Bills, and 110⅝@110¾ for short-sight Bills (standard bankers) on London. The Export demand for Gold for the present week has not yet manifested itself.

The Public Funds opened this morning at a further advance of ⅛@¼ ₱ cent. on the Gold-bearing 5-20s and 6 ₱ cents of 1881, on the basis of an easy 6 ₱ cent. Money market. Before the noon Board a partially increased demand for Money appeared on the Street, and a number of lenders were able to place their balances at 7 ₱ cent. This change caused the Funds to weaken at the noon Board, but they recovered again at 2 o'clock, Money being offered freely to the great dealers at 6 ₱ cent., as on Saturday. The State Bonds were firmer for Missouris, and steady for Tennessees and North Carolinas.

At the Stock Exchange, the Railway market was generally weaker than on Saturday. The Western roads sympathized more decidedly with the decline, at the close of last week, in New York Central and Erie Stocks. The feature of the Share market, miscellaneous as well as railway, since Thursday last, beginning with heavy sales of New York Central and Erie, is a decided and somewhat rapid increase in the *Bearish* interest. The disposition early to-day was very strong in this direction. The movement may prove a success for the *short* sellers, but whether so or not, it will greatly contribute to the activity of the Stock Exchange. If the *Bullish* buyers, who have the nerve or confidence to take hold of stocks at the decline, should obtain the ascendency, the extra material they will have to work upon, by reason of heavy outstanding or uncovered contracts, will make the upward reaction the more rapid and profitable. The most mercurial of the fancy miscellaneous stocks—as its very name would indicate—to-day was Quicksilver Company. From 32¼ on Friday last, the rush to sell on Saturday and early this morning carried down the first to 28¾ ₱ cent. At the 10:30 A. M. regular Board, the bidding advanced to 29¼@29⅜ ₱ cent.

At and after the late Boards the Railway market was weaker than in the forenoon, and so were some of the Miscellaneous Stocks. The Public Funds left off steady. The Gold Room weak. The following quotations were made between 5 and 6 o'clock P. M., as compared with Saturday night:

	Sat.	Mon.		Sat.	Mon.
U. S. 10-40s	103⅝	103¼	Missouri	88¾	89½
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	109⅛	109¾	Northwest	66⅝	66
U. S. Con. 5-20s	109⅝	109⅛	N. West Pref.	77	76⅞
N. Y. Central	127⅝	127⅜	Rock Island	94⅞	94¾
Erie	68⅞	68¾	Fort Wayne	107	105⅞
Hudson	136⅜	135⅞	W. U. Telegraph	38⅜	37⅞
Reading	90⅝	90⅝	M'chants' Union	31⅝	30⅝
Mich. Southern	84	83⅞	St. Paul Pref.	75⅜	74⅝
Ohio and Miss	31½	31	St. Paul Com.	62⅝	62
Pittsburgh	83⅞	83⅜	Pacific Mail	93	91⅝
Toledo	105⅝	105⅝	American Gold	140	139⅞
Tenn. 6s, new	67	67	Bills on London	110⅛	110⅛

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₱ cent., 1868	142⅜	5-20 coup. 1867	109⅝
6 ₱ cent. reg. '81	113⅜	Oregon W. L., ½ yr. '81	110
500 & 1,000, 1881	113⅞	5 ₱ cent. reg., 1874	112½
5-20 reg., 1862	108⅜	5 ₱ cent. coup., 1874	116
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1862	109⅜	10-40 reg.	103
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1864	107⅜	10-40 500 & 1,000	103¼
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1865	107⅝	7 3-10 2d series	107⅛
5-20 cou., 1865, new is	109⅝	7 3-10 3d series	107⅛

And the following for the State Bonds:

N. Y. Reg Bounty Loan	109	Michigan 6 ₱ c., 1878	94
N. Y. coup. B'y Loan	109	Michigan 6 ₱ c., 1883	94
N. Y. 7s, Canal, 1870	102	Tennessee do., ex. cou.	68
N. Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, 1872	102	Tennessee 6 ₱ c. n. bds	66¾
N. Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, 1873	102	Virginia 6s, ex-c	52½
N. Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, 1874	102	Virginia 6s, new bds	50¾
N. Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, 1875	102½	Georgia 6s	80
N. Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, 1877	102½	Georgia 7s, new bonds	90¾
N. Y. 5 ₱ c. Canal, 1876	102	N. C. 6s, ex coupons	65½
N. Y. 5 ₱ c. Canal, 1874	98	N. C. 6s, new bonds	64½
Ohio 6 ₱ c., 1870	99	Missouri 6s	89
Ohio 6 ₱ cent., 1881	100	Connecticut 6s	100
Michigan 6 ₱ c., 1873	94½	California 7s	133¾

And the following for the City Bank Stocks.

New-York	135	Bank of N. America	108
Manhattan	148	Hanover	115
Merchants'	119	Nassau	104
Mechanics'	125	Shoe and Leather	114
Union	116	Continental	103¼
America	143	Commonwealth	112¼
National	110	Importers' & Trad's	126
Merch'ts' Exchange	112½	Central National	107
Commerce	120	Fourth National	105½
Mec. B. Assoc'n	119	Ninth National	106¾
American Exchange	117½	Tenth National	103

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	93¾	Han. & St. Jos. L.G.	101
N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1887	94	Lack. & West'n. bds	97
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Es	90	Tol. & W. 2d Mort	80
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub'n	90	Tol. & W. Equip. b'ds	70¼
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	104	Gt. Western 2d M. '93	78
Erie 7s, 2d ind., 1870	100	Quin. & Tol. 1st M. '90	76
Erie 7s, 3d ind., 1883	95	Mil. & P. du C. 1st M	98
Erie 7s, 5th ind., 1888	90¾	Gal. & Chic. 2d M	93
Buff., N.Y. & Erie, 1st '77	96	Chi. & R. I. 1st M	101¾
Hud. R. 7s, 1st M., '69-70	101½	Chi. & R. I. Pac. is	94½
Hud. R. 7s, 2d M. S.F. '85	105¾	Morris & Essex 1st M	96
Hud. R. 7s, 3d M., '75	97½	Morris & Essex 2d M	87
Mich. C. 8 ₱ c. '69-'72	108¾	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 1st M	104
Chi. B. & Q. 8 ₱ c. 1st M.	113¾	Cleve. & P. 2d M	96
Mich. S. & N.I.S.F.7 ₱ c.	99	Cleve. & P. 4th M	77
Pac. R. 7s, guar. by Mo.	91	Chi. & Alton S. F. 1st M.	100
Ill. Cen. 7 ₱ c. 1870	112¼	Chi. & Alton S. F. in	91½
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	94¾	Ohio & Miss. 1st M	95
Alton & T. H. 2d M. pf.	84¾	Peninsula R. R. Bds	82
Alton & T. H. 2d M. in.	79¾	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M	93¾
Chi. & N. W. S. Fund	98	Mil. & St. Paul 2d M	83
Chic. & N. W. int. Bds	87½	Mar. & Cin. 1st M	91
Con. 7 ₱ cent. conv	89	Chic. & Mil. 1st M	87
Con. 7 ₱ cent. ex. bds	85½	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	96¾
Con. 7 ₱ cent. 1st M	98		

The day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts, $5,445,987 93; payments, $5,305,012 89; balance, $101,456,167 12. The receipts include for Customs, $474,000; gold notes, $205,000.

The two Boards of Brokers having now united in the new Clearing House, Mr. John Bonner, of the Open Board, was this day elected a Trustee of the Bankers' and Brokers' Association for Clearing House purposes.

The office of Messrs. Marx & Co., Bankers and Brokers, has been removed to No. 18 Wall-street.

A Washington dispatch states that the President of the Union Pacific Railroad has submitted an affidavit to the Secretary of the Interior, showing the completion of an additional section of 20 miles of that road, from the 560th to the 580th mile-post, and the Government Commissioners have been instructed to examine into and report upon said section. The Company is energetically prosecuting the work of construction; and it is confidently predicted that by the close of the current calendar year the Company will have over 800 miles of the road in full operation. Contracts for the construction of 914 miles west from Omaha, comprising much of the most difficult mountain work, have been made with responsible parties at the average rate of sixty-eight thousand and fifty-eight dollars ($68,058) per mile. This price includes all necessary car shops, depots, stations, and all other incidents buildings, and also locomotives, passenger, baggage and freight cars, and other requisite rolling stock, to an amount that shall not be less than $7,500 per mile.

TOLEDO, PEORIA AND WARSAW ROAD.

Whole length of line	228 miles
Line completed for traffic, 186[illegible]	111 miles
Western end opened since	57 miles
Construction cost to January, 1868	$7,057,255
Estimated to finish whole line	1,942,745
Total	$9,000,000
Bonds issued to January, 1868	$2,873,000
Preference Capital	2,959,716
Common Capital	1,115,400—$6,548,116

The line of the Company is from the State line of Indiana (where it connects East with the Logansport division of the Toledo and Wabash Road,) across the State of Illinois, through the Counties of Iroquois, Livingston, McLean, Woodford, Tazewell, Peoria, Fulton, McDonough and Hancock. The line was operated in 1867, from the Eastern terminus to Peoria, 111 miles, and earned, in gross, $574,462. The connections once completed, the President (Mr. Charles L. Frost, of this City,) estimates the whole traffic at $1,836,137 gross, or something over 20 ₱ cent. of the whole cost of $9,000,000.

The traffic of the Chicago and North-West Road for the

First week of May, 1868	$224,720
Same week in 1867	180,286
Increase	$44,434

Transfers of Real Estate—May 9.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Beach-st., n. s., 60 ft. w. of St. John's-alley, 20x69, q. c.	nom.
Cherry-st., s. s., No. 419, 25x81.1	$3,500
Chrystie-st., w. s., lot No. 205, Delancey farm map, 25x146	23,700
Division and Rutgers sts., s. w. corner, 26.2xwidth of block	3,600
James-st., e. s., No. 64, 25.2x102.8	7,950
James-st., s. s., 185.6 ft. e. of Bleecker-st., 21.1x97.6	9,600
Pitt-st., e. s., 80 ft. s. of Broome-st., 20.3x74.5, referee's sale	2,800
4th-st., s. s., No. 288, west, 19x56	16,000
9th-st., n. s., 413.6 ft. w. of 5th-av., 17.5x92.3	20,000
11th-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of 7th-av., 75x100	40,000
11th-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of 7th-av., 50x103.3	
12th-st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of 7th-av., 25x106.7	
19th-st., n. s., 485 ft. w. of 7th-av., 15x91.8x75x30.10x15x10 in. x45x62	11,500
22d-st., s. s., 150 w. of 3d-av., 20x98.9	10,000
22d-st., n. s., 596.6 ft. w. of 4th-av., 26.8x98	30,000
29th-st., n. s., lot No. 67, Smythe Estate Map, 23.5x98.9	450
34th-st., n. s., 225 ft. w. of 2d-av., 41.8x98.9x136.5x35.3x4.4	41,000
41st-st., s. s., 223.4 ft. e. of 5th-av., 25x98.9	38,000
41st-st., n. s., 225 ft. w. of 10th-av., 25x98.9	2,750
46th-st., n. s., 75 ft. w. of Lexington-av., 20x100.5	nom.
49th-st., n. s., 236.9 ft. w. of 3d-av., 18.5x100.5	17,000
54th-st., n. s., 146.2 ft. w. of Lexington-av., 18.10x100.5	20,000
57th-st., s. s., 275 ft. w. of 6th-av., 25x100.5	6,000
65th-st., s. s., 450 ft. e. of 11th-av., 50x100.5	4,000
73d-st., n. s., 475 ft. w. of 11th-av., 26.10x91.4x26.8x99.7	10,000
82d-st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 11th-av., 100x102.2	9,500
87th-st., n. s., 150 ft. w. of 11th-av., 50x100.8	11,000
89th-st., s. s., 100.6 ft. e. of 1st-av., 40x100.8	8,500
104th-st., n. s., 183.4 ft. e. of 4th-av., 16.8x100.11	5,000
111th-st., s. s., 290 ft. w. of 2d-av., 20x100.5	6,400
111th-st., s. s., 260 ft. w. of 2d-av., 20x100.11	6,200
122d-st., s. s., 312.7 ft. w. of 3d-av., (gore lot)	1,150
125th-st., s. s., 110 ft. w. of 5th-av., 100x99.11	8,000
134th-st., n. s., 185 ft. e. of 6th-av., 50x99.11	2,700
145th-st., n. s., 175 ft. w. of 10th-av., 158.6x214x142.9	nom'l
147th-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 10th-av., 100x99.11	6,000
Greenwich-av., w. s., 44.5 ft. n. of 10th-st., 21x40.3x39.5x20.1x35.2x40.3	13,300
1st-av. and 108th-st., s. w. cor., 60.11x57	3,500
1st-av., e. s., 60.11 ft. s. of 107th-st., 20x93	900
1st-av., e. s., 80.11 ft. s. of 107th-st., 20x93	900
2d-av. and 112th-st., s. e. cor., 25x100	3,200
10th-av., e. s., 20 ft. s. of 41st-st., 20x64	4,000
10th-av. and 147th-st., n. w. corner, 99.11x100	8,000
10th-av. and 108th-st., s. w. corner, 100.11x100	24,000
107th-st., n. s., 375 ft. w. of 10th-av., 50x100.10	
11th-av., e. s., 75.9 ft. n. of 107th-st., 75.9x100	
108th-st., s. s., 125 ft. w. of 10th-av., 25x201.10	
108th-st., s. s., 225 ft. e. of 11th-av., 75x100.11	
10th-av. and 108th-st., s. s., corner, 100.11x104.1, with gore lot	
11th-av., 155 ft. of 108th-st., 25.2x100x67.10x25.1x94.11x125	24,000
108th-st., s. s., 175 ft. w. of 10th-av., 100x100.11	
108th-st., n. s., 300 ft. w. of 10th-av., 75x100.11	
107th-st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 11th-av., 50x100.11	

Leases Recorded.

Charlton-st., No. 2, 5 years, per year	1,800
Dutch-st., w. s., 105 ft. s. of Fulton-st., 21.10x98.10, 21 years, per year	700
Leonard-st., No. 48, 5 years, per year	18,000
Leonard-st., No. 53, 1st lott, &c., 5 years, per year	3,250
Madison-st., No. 214, 3 years, per year	1,000
12th-st., s. s., 342 ft. e. of av. B, 26x99, 21 years, per year	300
25th-st., s. s., 225 ft. w. of 11th-av., 50x98.9, 13 years, per year	650
32d-st., No. 212, west, 2 years, per year	852

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Adelphi-st., w. s., 141.2x ft. s. of Flushing-av., 42x40.2x42x41.9	$1,200
Bedford-av., n. e. s., 60 ft. s. e. of Taylor-st., 20x100	11,500
Bergen-st. and Brooklyn-av., Hudson-av. and Wyckoff-st., one block	50,000
Bergen-st. and Brooklyn-av., s. e. cor., 180x325.7	16,800
Concord and Stanton sts., s.w. cor., 19x50.3	4,350
Court-st., e. s., 104 ft. s. of Livingston-st., 26x99x14x2x13x101.4	20,000
Degraw-st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 6th-av., 25x75	5,000
Dekalb-av., s. s., 91.5 ft. w. of Kent-av., 23x90	1,000
Dikeman-st., n. s., 115 ft. n.w. of Van Brunt-st., 25x100	2,200
Green-st., s. s., 25 ft. e. of Union-av., 25x100	550
Grove-st., n. s., 330 ft. w. of Central-av., 20x200	4,050
Hall-st. and Green-av., n. e. cor., 20x100	13,250
Hart-st., n. s., 300 ft. w. of Tompkins-av., 25x100	8,000
Henry-st., e. s., 391 ft. n. of Pierrepont-st., 24.2x100	11,000
Herkimer-st., s. s., 75 ft. w. of Ralph-av., 22x98	750
Hopkins-st., s. s., 75 ft. w. of Herkimer-st., 22x98	50
Joralemon-st., n. s., 25.3½ ft. e. of Clinton-st., 25.3½x100	15,740
Lorimer-st., e. s., 20 ft. s. of Ainslie-st., 20x80	3,800
Lorimer and Frost sts., n. e. cor., 21.10x100	2,600
Madison-st., n. s., 250 ft. w. of Bedford-av., 18.9x100	7,800
Monroe-st., n. s., 325 ft. w. of Marcy-av., 60x100	4,000
Monroe-st., n. s., 405 ft. w. of Marcy-av., 25x100	
Nassau-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Gold-st., 106.7x196.3x106.9x179.6	37,500
Nassau-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Gold-st., 106.7x80x107x80	36,000
Penn-st., s. s., 160.10 ft. w. of Marcy-av., 20x100	685
Pulaski-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of Tompkins-av., 25x100	800
Remsen-st., n. s., 150 ft. w. of Hicks-st., 25x100	6,300
Remsen-st., n. s., 150 ft. w. of Hicks-st., 75x100	18,500
Remsen-st., s. s., 55 ft. e. of Graham-av., 20x61	2,650
St. Andrew's-place, w. s., 99 ft. n. of Atlantic-av., 80x100	2,100
Taylor-st., n. s., 36 ft. e. of Wythe-av., 19x80	14,500
Wilson-st., n. s., 70 ft. e. of Wythe-av., 20x100	
Thornton-st., s. s., 71.4 ft. e. of Broadway, 110.3½x28.6½x87.5½x25	1,350
Union-st., s. s., 275 ft. e. of Hoyt-st., 20x100	6,450
Union-st., s. s., 916.8 ft. w. of Columbia-st., 100x18.4x7.5x2.5x2x22.2x18.4	1,800
Walton-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of Marcy-av., 75x100	6,000
Walton-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of Marcy-av., 75x100	6,100
Walton-st., s. s., 275 n. e. of Marcy-av., 25x80	295
Warren-st., s. w. s., 391.7 ft. s. e. of 6th-av., 21x100	14,000
Withers-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of Union-av., 25x100	1,222
Wyckoff-st., s. s., 133.4 ft. w. of Smith-st., 16.8x100	500
1st-st., n. s., 132 ft. w. of South 3d-st., 19x77	5,500
South 3d-st., n. s., 100 ft. n. w. of 12th-st., 25x90	6,900
South 5th-st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of 4th-st., 22x105	9,200
6th-st., n. e. s., 124 ft. s. e. of Smith-st., 110x100	8,775
Smith and 5th sts., s. e. corner, 161x91.1x37.4x22x100x101.6	
6th and Smith sts., n. e. corner, 80x41.2x86.6½x22.7	
6th-st., n. e. s., 256 ft. s. e. of Smith-st., 100x110	
North 10th-st., n. s., 175 ft. s. e. of 1st-st., 25x100	950
12th-st., s. s., 197.10½ ft. w. of 5th-av., 75x100	8,100
19th-st., s. w. s., 145 ft. s. e. of 3d-av., 20x100	3,200
19th-st., n. s., 125 ft. s. e. of 3d-av., 40x100	1,100
23d-st., n. s., 150 ft. e. of 6th-av., 50x200	q. c. 500
22d-st., s. s., 100 ft. e. of 6th-av., 50x100	
36th-st., s. w. s., 260 ft. s. e. of 3d-av., 125x100.2	1,750
Atlantic-av., s. s., e. of Rochester-av., 20x100	600
Atlantic-av., s. s., 400 ft. e. of Rochester-av., 40.5x100	800
Atlantic-av., s. s., 30.11¾ ft. e. of Washington-av., 36x88	2,350
Classon-av., w. s., 140 ft. s. of Fulton-av., 66.6x21.10¾x75.5x20	3,625
Lefferts-st., n. s., 132.8 ft. w. of Classon-av., 21x137	
Fulton-av., s. s., 51 ft. w. of Classon-av., 20x106	3,500
Lafayette-av., n. s., 290 ft. w. of Tompkins-av., 20x100	6,300
Myrtle-av., s. s., 50 ft. w. of Tompkins-av., 50x100	2,900
Myrtle-av., s. s., 50 ft. w. of Tompkins-av., 50x100	3,400
Vanderbilt-av., n. s., 300 ft. e. of 18th-st., 150x100	3,600
Wythe-av., e. s., 87.6 ft. n. of Morton-st., 21.10½x80	5,500
4th-av., e. s., 50 ft. n. of 13th-st., 16.8x97.10½	3,600
5th-av. and 6th-st., s. e. cor., 28x97.8¾	7,200

Leases Recorded.

Cook-st., No. 13, house &c., 3 years, per year	$360
1st-st., n. s. 92.7 ft. e. of Hoyt-st., horse 20x75—1 yr. per year	1,800

New Lotts.

Sigel-av., w. s. 150 ft. n. of Division-av., 50x103.3½	$400
Lots Nos. 295-296, m. g. Johnson's survey	nom

NEW JERSEY.

Jersey City.

Varick-st., w. s., 20 ft. s. of Mercer st., 20x75	$11,000
North 4th-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of Prospect st., 25x100	2,000

Hoboken.

Madison & 3d-sts., s.w. cor. (Coster's est.), 125x200	$4,250
Willow-st., w. s., lot No. 30, block No. 33 (Coster's estate), 25x100	1,380
Lots Nos. 19, 20, No. block 138 (Coster's estate)	1,000
Lots Nos. 25, 26, No. block 138 (Coster's estate)	1,300

Hudson City.

Clinton-av., w. s. New Hutton-st., lots Nos. 119, 120, 50x100	$1,400

North Bergen.

Lot No. 3, on Island of Seacaucus, Henry Post's heirs' map, 16½ acres (meadow)	$10,500
Lane in front of homestead, e. s., 10 1-10 acres, same map	
Woodland, adjoining, 3 acres, same map	
Lots Nos. 3, 7, same map, Hexamer's survey	

Bergen.

Halladay-st., s. s., 175 ft. of Willow-st., lot No. 23 and part 22, blk. No. 18, map of Lafayette, 31.9x100	$698
Whiton-st., s. s., 175 ft. s. of Lafayette-st., 25x100	1,100
Lot No. 9, block No. 1, map of Clifton, 25x100	1,600
New-st., to be opened from Communipaw-av. to Newark and N. Y. R. R., between Keeney's and Halladay's premises, 526 ft. s. of Communipaw-av., 147x100x154.3x100	4,500
Same street, s. s., 58.5x200x65.8x200	4,000

Union.

Jefferson-st., s. s., lot No. 22, 26x100x25x100	$150
Van Vorst-place, s. s., lots Nos. 14 and 15, each 28x86.3	500
Ferry-road, n. s., lot No. 329, block No. 21, 25x100	180

Bergen Point.

Av. V and 3d-st., s. e. corner, 110x210.6	$9,000

Transfers of Real Estate—May 11.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Bank and Washington sts., s. e. cor., 13.2x51.6x25.5x48.8	$11,100
Barrow-st., s. s., No. 121, 20.3x38	8,000
Division-st., s. s., gore lot No. 677, Rutger's Estate Map	5,500
West Broadway, Nos. 91 and 93, 40x80	42,000
18th-st., n. s., 325 ft. w. of 10th-av., 50x92	7,000
26th-st., n. s., 320 ft. e. of 6th-av., 10x98.9	10,000
29th-st., n. s., lot No. 67, Spencer's map, 23.5x98.4	9,750
29th-st., n. s., 184 ft. e. of 7th-av., 25x111	13,500
30th-st., n. s., 195 ft. w. of 3d-av., 25x98.9	14,700
39th-st., n. s., 648 ft. w. of 5th-av., 2[illegible]x98.9	38,000
40th-st., s. s., 125 ft. e. of Madison-av., 25x98.9	18,000
41st-st., s. s., 157 ft. e. of 2d-av., 16x98.3x17.6x88.11	8,000
62d-st., s. s., 250 ft. w. of 9th-av., 300x100.5	56,000
71st-st., n. s., 220 ft. w. of 3d-av., 15x102.2	16,800
77th-st., n. s., 225 ft. e. of 2d-av., 15x102.2	4,200
78th-st., s. s., 294 ft. w. of Av. A, 50x102.2 (Referee's sale)	2,620
87th-st., n. s., 580.5 ft. w. of 3d-av., 16.5x101	6,000
88th-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of 9th-av., 25.1x50.8x—	2,700
99th-st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 9th-av., 150x130.11	3,000
99th-st., n. s., 150 ft. w. of 9th-av., 50x130.11	[illegible]
100th-st., s. s., 290 ft. w. of 9th-av., 100x130x11	
109th-st., s. s., 170 ft. e. of 5th-av., 25x100.8	[illegible]
111th-st., s. s., 220 ft. w. of 2d-av., 26x100.11	[illegible]
121st-st., s. s., 20 ft. w. of 10th-av., 100x100.11	[illegible]
122d-st., s. s., 225 ft. e. of 3d-av., 25x100.11	[illegible]
125th-st., s. s., 375 ft. e. of 7th-av., 25x150x25x133	[illegible]
132d-st., s. s., 210 ft. e. of 6th-av., 150x99.11	[illegible]
Lexington-av., w. s., 20.5 ft. s. of 58th-st., 20x68.9	[illegible]
Lexington-av., e. s., 20.5 ft. s. of 54th-st., 20x80	[illegible]
Madison-av., e. s., 49 ft. n. of 41st-st., 26x100x4.10x9.6x21.2x100.8	[illegible]
2d-av. and 46th-st., n. e. cor., 25x75	[illegible]
2d-av., e. s., lots 76 and 78 Harlem Commons Map, 50x100	[illegible]
3d-av., w. s., 50.5 ft. n. of 54th-st., 25x95	[illegible]
4th-av. and 106th-st., s. e. cor., 100.11x350	14,000
4th-av. and 127th-st., n. w. cor., 21x70	11,000
5th-av. and 46th-st., s. e. cor., 100x100.5	100,000
11th-av., e. s., 50.7 ft. n. of 107th-st., 25.2x100	25,000

Leases Recorded.

Bowery, No. 147, store, &c., 3 years, per year	[illegible]
Spring and Laurens sts., n. e. cor., 3 years, per yr	[illegible]
17th-st., Nos. 222, 224 and 226, West, 10 years, per yr	[illegible]
20th-st., n. s., 360 ft. w. of 2d av., 70x92, 21 yrs., per yr	[illegible]
Av. A, No. 54, store, &c., 5 years, per year	[illegible]
4th av., No. 91, 5 years, per year	[illegible]

Kings County, Brooklyn.

Adelphi-st., w. s., 75 ft. s. of Greene-av., 25x200.2	$14,000
Atlantic-st., n. s., 234.2 ft. e. of Henry-st., 16.8x80	[illegible]
Broadway, Middleton and Lynch sts. and Harrison-av., the block	[illegible]
Columbia-st., s. e. s., 25.6 ft. s. w. of Middagh-st., 25.3x100	[illegible]
Court-st., e. s., 80.6 ft. n. of Huntington-st., 19.6x80	[illegible]
Dean-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of Hoyt-st., 25x100	[illegible]
Elm-st., s. s., 45.10 ft. w. of Evergreen-av., 83.4x97.6	[illegible]
Elm-st., s. s., 170.10 ft. w. of Evergreen-av., 95x100	
Erasmus-st., s. s., 99.11 ft. w. of Church's land, 271.1x99.11x270.3x99.11	[illegible]
Floyd-st., s. s., 100 ft. e. of Yates-av., 25x100	[illegible]
Freeman-st., n. s., 225 ft. e. of Union-av., 25x100	[illegible]
Front and Bridge sts., 75x100	[illegible]
Grand-st., n. s., 120 ft. w. of Smith-st., 37x25	nom.
Grove-st., s. s., 525 ft. s. w. of Central-av., 100x200	5,245
Grove-st., s. s., 675 ft. s. w. of Central-av., 137.6x101.11	
Hampden-st., w. s., 143.5 ft. n. of Myrtle-av., 20x85x3x33.6	5,000
Hicks-st., e. s., 373 ft. n. of State-st., 25x90	[illegible]
Houston-st., w. s., 91.8 ft. n. of Willoughby-av., 16.8x100	5,600
Jacob-st., n. w. s., 193 ft. n. e. of Central-av., 20x100	150
Jay-st., s. e. s., 100 ft. n. e. of Evergreen-av., 120x100	[illegible]
Jay-st., e. s., 50 ft. w. of Prospect-st., 25x75	[illegible]
Jefferson-st., s. s., 325 ft. e. of Reid-av., 100x100	[illegible]
Lefferts-st., n. s., 216.8 ft. w. of Classon-av., 42x137	[illegible]
Marshall-st., n. s., 24.10 ft. w. of Leonard-st., 25.2x50	[illegible]
Marshall-st., n. s., 24.10 ft. w. of Leonard-st., 25.2x50	[illegible]
Meserole-st., n. s., 375 ft. w. of Waterbury-st., irregular	[illegible]
Middagh-st., 25.6 ft. s. w. of, and Columbia-st., 60 ft. s. e. of, rear lot	1,216
Monroe-st., s. s., 77 ft. w. of Franklin-av., 18.3x75	[illegible]
Monroe-st., s. s., 425 ft. e. of Ralph-av., 25x101	nom.
Oxford-st., e. s., 180 ft. s. of Lafayette-av., 20x100	16,000
Pacific-st., n. s., 284 ft. w. of Nevins-st., 22x90	[illegible]
Same property	[illegible]
Pacific-st., n. s., 115 ft. e. of Clinton-st., 25x100	[illegible]
Penn-st., s. s., 382.4 ft. w. of Marcy-av., 20.2x100	[illegible]
Powers-st., s. s., 139 ft. w. of Smith-st., 18x100	[illegible]
President-st., n. s., 142 ft. w. of 5th-av., 25x95	[illegible]
President-st., s. s., 225 ft. w. of Powers-st., 100x100	[illegible]
Quincy-st., s. s., 80 ft. e. of Yates-av., 20x100	[illegible]
Raymond-st., w. s., 198 ft. s. of Fulton-av., 20x100.6	[illegible]
Remsen-st., s. s., 150 ft. w. of Ewen-st., 25x100	[illegible]
Sackett-st., s. s., 115.6 ft. e. of Hicks-st., 19.3x100	[illegible]
Skillman-st., e. s., 308.9 ft. s. of Willoughby-av., 18.9x100	[illegible]
Smith-st., 139 ft. w. of Powers-st., 75 ft. s. of rear lot, 18x25	[illegible]
Tillary-st., s. s., 77.9 ft. e. of Pearl-st., 25x100	[illegible]
Van Buren-st. and Throop-av., n. e. cor., 50x100	[illegible]
Van Buren-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Throop-av., 50x100	[illegible]
Walton-st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of Marcy-av., 20x85	[illegible]
Warren-st., n. s., 25 ft. n. w. of Nevins-st., 25x100	[illegible]
Water-st., s. s., 170.6 ft. e. of Jay-st., 57.6x100	9,000
Wilson-st., n. s., 300 ft. w. of Wythe-av., 100x25x25x0.2½x75x25.2½	[illegible]
3d and South 4th sts., s. e. corner, 23x92	[illegible]
11th-st., n. e. s., 122 ft. s. of 3d-av., 18x100	[illegible]
18th-st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 5th-av., 25x100	[illegible]
36th-st., s. w. s., 120 ft. s. e. of 3d-av., 20x100.2	[illegible]
36th-st., s. w. s., 100 ft. s. e. of 3d-av., 20x100.2	[illegible]
Atlantic-av., n. s., 45 ft. e. of St. Andrews-pl., 45x90	[illegible]
Bedford-av. and Clymer-st., s. e. corner, 20.6x100	[illegible]
Bedford-av., w. s., 100 ft. n. of Tillary-st., 125x100	[illegible]
Carlton-av., e. s., 262.3 ft. n. of Myrtle-av., 25x100	[illegible]
Classon-av., s. s., 18.9 ft. s. of President-st., 21.4x65.1	1,600
Division-av., n. s., lots Nos. 63, 64, Boerum Map, 7th Ward	[illegible]
Graham-av., w. s., 73 ft. s. of Devoe-st., 19x100	[illegible]
7th-av. and 40th-st., n. e. corner, 100x100.2	[illegible]
4th-av. and 36th-st., s. w. corner, 100x100.2	[illegible]
Lafayette-av., n. s., 270 ft. w. of Tompkins-av., 20x100	[illegible]
Lafayette-av., n. s., 180 ft. w. of Marcy-av., 20x100	[illegible]
Montrose-av., s. s., 25 ft. w. of Morrell-st., 25x100	[illegible]
5d-av., w. s., 50 ft. n. of 14th-st., 25x75	1,300

Leases Recorded.

Hudson-av. and Front-st., n. w. corner, 3 lots, 8 years, per year	[illegible]
Meserole-st., No. 92, bakery, 3 years, per year	[illegible]

Flatbush.

Clarkson-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of Bedford-place, 200x400	$1,300
Clove-road, e. s., adj. Lefferts and Garrison's, 37.4x143.6x182.4x179.5	[illegible]
Lawrence-av., n. s., 200 ft. e. of 3d-av., 100x100	4,000

New Lotts.

Sheffield-av., e. s., 100 ft. n. of Virginia-av., 100x136.2½x106.2½x100.5	[illegible]

NEW-JERSEY.

Jersey City.

Barrow-st. and Newark-av., cor. of, lots Nos. 32, 28, block No. 38	[illegible]
Steuben-st., s. s., 241.4 ft. w. of Warren-st., 20x100	[illegible]
Bay and Provost sts., s. w. cor., 50x175	8,000
Lot No. 32, block No. 21, map Powles' Hook	8,000
Newark-av., s. s., 92.4 ft. w. of Jersey-av., 32x78.3x24.8x27.6x4.3x67.3x40.11x51.5	[illegible]
South 5th-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of Monmouth-st., 25x100	1,500
South 6th-st., n. s., 137.6 ft. — of Prospect-st., 18.9x100	7,100
Jersey-av., e. s., 16.8 ft. n. of South 8th-st., 16.8x66	7,675
Wayne-st., s. s., 112.6 ft. e. of Varick-st., 18.9x100	10,500

Hudson City.

Smith-st., w. s., 121.10 ft. s. of Newark-av., 25x100	$3,800

Bergen.

Hudson-av., s. s., near Frost's, extending to J. C. and B. P. Road	50,000
Jersey City and Bergen Point Road, w. s., and State-st., n. s.; indefinite description	
State-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of J. C. and B. P. Road to Lillis' and Boys' estates	

Union.

Palisade-av., w. s., lot No. 805, block No. 18, map N. Hoboken, 25x100	[illegible]

Bayonne.

Centre-st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of Old Road-st., 215x70x27x83x25	38,000
Plot bounded by New-York Bay, Salter's-lane and Central Railroad lands	
Plot bounded by New-York Bay, Post's and Lee's estates, &c.	

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY are offered for sale at par and accrued interest from Jan. 1, in currency. They are for $1,000 each, have thirty years to run, pay 6 per cent. gold interest, and principal as well as interest is payable in gold. These Bonds are issued only as the road progresses. To aid in building the road, the Government loans United States Bonds to the following amounts: $16,000 per mile from the Missouri to the Rocky Mountains, a distance of about 525 miles; $48,000 per mile for the 150 miles through the mountains, and $32,000 per mile thereafter. The Company are then authorized to issue their own Bonds to an equal amount and no more. During last year, about twelve million dollars of these Bonds were sold, based upon the number of miles completed. So large a constructing force is on the road this season, that from 300 to 350 miles may be added to the completed portion before the close of the year. The entire line to the Pacific will be finished in 1870, when the traffic and profit of the road must be very large.

The Company's Bonds have unusual provisions for security. The charter granted by Congress makes them a *First Mortgage* upon the entire line, taking precedence even of the Government's claim, which is a second lien. The railroad on which these Bonds are a first mortgage costs about three times their amount, and the receipts from way business already show a remarkably successful operation of the line. During the eight months ending Dec. 31, 1867, (with an average completed distance of 386 miles,) the net earnings were more than one million dollars, while the interest upon the Bonds which could be issued upon that distance was but $247,040 in gold, or $345,856 in currency for the same time. A limited amount of these Bonds will be issued this year, and subscriptions are now received at the Company's offices, No. 20 Nassau-street, and by John J. Cisco & Son, No. 59 Wall-street, where pamphlets containing full information may be obtained.

☞ BROOKLYN CITY LOANS.
These include Park, Water and other Improvements Six and Seven per Cent. Bonds. For sale by
JAY COOKE & CO.,
Wall and Nassau sts.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, May 11, 1868.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce, since our last, have been as follows:

Ashes, bbls	37	Barley, bushels	8,580
Flour, bbls	17,856	Malt, bushels	4,160
Flour, bags	....	Peas, bushels	9,905
Cornmeal, bbls	239	Pork, bbls	747
Cornmeal, bags	....	Cut Meats, pkgs	280
Wheat, bushels	140,214	Lard, pkgs	....
Corn, bushels	87,704	Beef, tcs. and bbls	....
Rye, bushels	....	Whisky, bbls	....
Oats, bushels	134,949	Petroleum, bbls	1,820

ASHES—Have been in moderate demand at $8 50@$8 62 for Pots, and $11 25@$11 50 for Pearls, ₱ 100 lbs.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Have been generally in good request and very firm in price, including Men's Thick and Kip Boots at $2 50@$4 50; Boys', $1 75@$3; Youths', $1 37@$2 25; Men's Calf Pegged, $3 25@$5; Men's Calf Sewed, $4@$6 50; Boys' Calf Pegged, $3@$3 75; Youths', $2@$2 75; Men's Kip Brogans, $1@$1 75; Men's Split Brogans, 95c.@$1 30; Boys' Kip and

Split Brogans, 85c.@$1 30; Youths', 65c.@$1 10; Men's Split and Buff Balmorals, $1 50@$2 25; Men's Calf and Buff Balmorals, $2@$2 62; Men's Buff and Calf Congress, $2@$2 75; Boys', $1 35@$2; Youths', 90c.@$1 50; Women's Split and Kip Boots, 95c.@$1 40; Women's Split and Kip Balmorals, $1@$1 50; Women's Buff and Calf Balmorals, $1 15@$2 10; Ladies' Sewed Goat, Kid and Calf Boots, $1 75@$2 50; Ladies' Sewed Goat Balmorals, $2@$3; Misses' Pegged Buff, Goat and Kid, $1 25@$1 75; Misses' Sewed, $1 60@$2 25; Children's Sewed, 75c.@$1 25; Children's Pegged, 60c.@$1; Ladies' City-made Gaiters, $1 75@$3; Ladies' Eastern-made, $1 05@$3; Misses' Eastern-made, 90c.@$1 75; Children's Eastern-made, 70c.@$1 10; Fancy Children's S. H. and Heel Shoes, 40c.@$1, ₱ pair.

CANDLES—Have been inactive, including Adamantine at 21c.@23c. for light weights; Plain Sperm at 45c.@46c., and Patent do., 55c.@58c. ₱ lb.

COFFEE—Has been lightly dealt in within our former range, including Java at 23c.@24c.; Maracaibo, 16c.@18c.; Laguayra, 16c.@17¼c.; Rio, 9c.@18c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 18c.@20c.; Jamaica, 15c.@15½c.; Domingo, 14½c.@15c., all in gold, ₱ lb. Sales, 3,100 bags.

COTTON—Has again declined a fraction, and has been quite moderately dealt in. The sales add up 2,540 bales, including 776 bales to spinners, 1,164 bales to speculators, and 600 bales to shippers.

Closing Prices of Cotton:

	Upland.	Mobile.	N. O. & Tex.
Ordinary, ₱ lb.	27¼	27¾	28 @28¾
Good Ordinary	28½	28¾	29 @29¾
Low Middling	29½	29¾	30 @30¾
Middling	30¾@31	31@31¼	31½@31¾
Good Middling	32	32¾	32¾@32¾

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts last week	4,047
Receipts preceding week	4,130
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1868	330,496
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1867	558,018
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1868	679,672
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1867	273,927
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	657,438
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Exports since Tuesday	1,906
Exports since Jan. 1, 1868	194,830
Exports since Sept. 1	344,606
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1868	438,119
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	472,590
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1867	381,090
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,300
Estimated stock on hand here	75,000

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,000
Receipts at all the ports, since Sept. 1, 1867	2,080,000
Receipts same time 1866-7	1,689,000
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,331,988
Receipts preceding cotton year	2,154,476
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1867, to latest mail dates	1,522,500
Exports same time 1866-7	1,238,500
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,557,054
Exports preceding cotton year	1,554,664
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports Aug. 31, 1867	80,296
Estimated stock on hand at all ports, at latest mail dates	220,000
Estimated stock same time in 1867	370,000

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in better supply, and quite moderate demand, at a further partial reduction in prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 8,250 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $8 50@$9 30; very inferior to fair ordinary extra State at $9 60@$10 20; fair ordinary to very choice genuine Spring Wheat extra State at $10 20@$10 90 and poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop extra Ohio at $9 90@$10 40 ₱ bbl. We quote.

Superfine State and Western	$8 50@$9 30
Extra State	9 60@10 90
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	9 50@14 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	9 90@10 40
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	10 40@14 00
Extra Genesee	10 90@14 00
Common to choice extra Missouri	11 25@16 75

Southern Flour continues in limited demand at drooping prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 500 bbls. at $10 10@$11 15 for poor to fair, and $11 15@$15 50 for fair to very superior extra, ₱ bbl. California Flour is quiet and heavy; sales have been reported of 750 sacks at $12@$14 for extras, ₱ 196 lbs. Rye Flour continues inactive at $8@$9 85 for inferior to choice, ₱ bbl.; sales 300 bbls. Corn Meal is dull and heavy at $5 75@$5 85 for Jersey; $5 40@$5 50 for Western; $5 50 for City, and $6 40@$6 50 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.; sales 500 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been fairly active to-day, at a shade firmer prices. The demand has been mainly for export. Sales have been reported since our last of 113,000 bushels, including White Canada, in bond, $2 55; Canada Club, on private terms; White Wisconsin at $2 85; Amber Pennsylvania at $2 75; No. 1 Spring at $2 48@$2 50; No. 2 Spring at $2 36½@$2 39, and White Genesee at $3 ₱ bushel. Corn has been less active and cheaper, but it closes with rather more steadiness on a reviving inquiry. Sales have been reported of 61,000 bushels, $1 17@$1 19 for New Mixed Western, in store and afloat; $1 18@$1 19 for Old Mixed Western, in store and delivered; $1 23@$1 26 for New Yellow Jersey, Western and Southern, ₱ bushel. Rye has been in good demand, and quoted very firm at $2@$2 05 for Western and Canada, ₱ bushel; sales 19,500 bushels. 16,500 bushels Canada Peas were sold at $1 50 ₱ bushel. Barley is in moderate request at drooping prices; sales have been reported of 12,000 bushels Canada West, at $2@$2 05 ₱ bushel. Of Barley Malt 1,500 bushels have been sold at $2 12@$2 15, and of Rye Malt, 600 bushels, at $1 85 ₱ bushel. Oats have been in better request at former prices; sales have been reported of 94,000 bushels Western at 87c.@87½c., chiefly at 87½c., delivered, and 87c., in store, ₱ bushel. The Albany [illegible] Argus of this morning gives the following list of grain boats as having passed Fultonville during the twenty-four hours ending at 10 A. M., May 9, 1868: American Hero, Oswego, wheat; Lizzie, Oswego, rye; Acme, Oswego, wheat; Thos. Briggs, High Dam, corn.

Stock of Grain in the New-York and Brooklyn Warehouses, May 11, 1868.

Wheat, bushels	579,842	Rye, bushels	33,341
Corn, bushels	1,039,621	Malt, bushels	8,705
Oats, bushels	493,494	Peas, bushels	9,860

HAY—North River Bale has been in fair request at 80c.@85c. for shipping, and $1 25@$1 60 for poor to very choice, for local use, ₱ 100 lbs. Straw continues in good demand at 75c.@$1 for short and long, ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been inactive and heavy, including American at 10c.@40c. for new; older growths, 5c.@20c., and foreign at 20c.@40c. ₱ lb. We quote in detail thus: New-York State, common to fair, 10c.@15c.; good to prime, 20c.@30c.; choice to fancy, 35c.@40c. Eastern, common to fair, 10c.@15c.; prime to choice, 25c.@35c. Wisconsins, common to fancy, 20c.@45c. Michigans, common to fair, 10c.@15c.; good to prime, 25c.@35c. Yearlings of all grades, 10c.@20c.; old Olds, 5c.@10c. Foreign—Canadians, 10c.@40c.; Bavarians, 25c.@35c.; Belgians, 20c.@25c., ₱ lb.

LEATHER—Sole has been rather less freely dealt in at steady rates, Oak Slaughter and Salted good Light, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Middle, 39c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Heavy, 40c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter, light Cropped, good, 41c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter, middle Cropped, good, 41c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter, Bellies, Cropped, good, 22c.@25c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good, Light, 26½c.@27½c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Middle, 26½c.@28½c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Heavy, 26c.@28c.; Hemlock, California, good Light, 26c.@26½c.; Hemlock, California, good Middle, 26½c.@27c.; Hemlock, California, good Heavy, 25½c.@27c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Light, 26c.@27c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Middle, 26c.@27c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Heavy, 23c.@25c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres, damaged, all weights, 22½c.@25c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres, poor, all weights, 20c.@22c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 37c.@39c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, light, 41c.@44c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, middle, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, heavy, 41c.@45c., cash, ₱ lb.

MOLASSES—Has been in fair request and steady, including Porto Rico at 55c.@75c.; Cuba at 35c.@55c.; New-Orleans, 85c.@95c. ₱ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Continue in moderate request and heavy, including Spirits Turpentine at 53c.@55c. ₱ gallon; Crude at $5@$5 25; Resin at $3 10@$10 ₱ 280 lbs.; Tar at $3@$4; Pitch at $3 37@$3 50 ₱ bbl.

OILS—Have attracted more attention at former prices, including Crude Whale at 75c.@76c.; Bleached Whale at 85c.; Crude Sperm at $2@$2 05; Unbleached Whale at $2 15@$2 18; Lard Oil at $1 25@$1 55; Red Oil at 75c.@$1 10; Linseed Oil at $1 14@$1 17; Olive, $2 50@$2 62½ ₱ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Has been dull and heavy at 12½c.@13½c. for Crude in bulk; 18c.@19c. for do. in bbls.; 28c.@31c. for Refined, in bond, and 33½c.@34½c. for Refined, free, ₱ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in more demand and firmer in price. Sales have been reported since our last of 2,800 bbls., in lots, at $28 25@$28 56, closing at $28 50 for New Western; $27@$27 25, for old Mess; $26@$25 37 for Prime Mess; $23 50@$24 25 for Prime and Extra Prime, ₱ bbl. Cut Meats continue quiet but steady. Sales equal to 185 pkgs. at 17½c.@18½c., chiefly at 18c., for Hams; 20c.@22c. for bagged do.; and 13½c.@14c. for Shoulders, ₱ lb. Bacon continues dull and nominal. Lard has been in moderate demand at slightly reduced prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 750 tcs. and bbls., at 18½c.@19½c. for poor to choice; Beef rules quiet at $15@$20 50 for Plain Mess; $20 50@$24 75 for Extra do., and $9@$15 for inferior grades of barreled Mess Beef; sales have been reported of 210 bbls. Tierce Beef continues dull, including Prime Mess at $36@$39 and India Mess at $40@$43 ₱ tierce. Beef Hams have been in demand at $35@$37 ₱ bbl.; sales 170 bbls. Butter is inactive and heavy. Cheese continues in moderate demand at steady prices.

NEW CROP BUTTER.

Fresh pails, State and Jersey, ₱ lb.	52 @55
Pennsylvania, ₱ lb.	52 @55
State, firkins, ₱ lb.	none.
State, half-firkin tubs, ₱ lb.	46 @47
Welsh, tubs, ₱ lb.	44 @45
Western, firkins, ₱ lb.	none.
Western, tubs, ₱ lb.	40 @42

CHEESE.

Factory Dairies, fancy and Cheddar shapes, ₱ lb.	16½@17
Factory Dairies, fine quality, ₱ lb.	15½@16½
Factory Dairies, common to fair quality, ₱ lb.	13½@15
Farm Dairies, fancy and extra quality, ₱ lb.	15½@16½
Farm Dairies, fair to good, ₱ lb.	14 @15
Orange County, Skimmed Cheese, ₱ lb.	9 @10

RICE—Has been steady but less active.

SKINS—Have been quiet at former prices, including Honduras Deer, at 42½c.; San Juan, 40c.; Bolivar, 30c.; Sisal, 42½c.@45c.; Vera Cruz, 40c.@42c.; Chagres, 42½c.@45c.; Puerto Cabello, 35c.; Para, 40c.@44c., gold, ₱ lb. Tampico, Goat, 47½c.@50c.; Matamoras, 42½c.@45c.; Vera Cruz, 45c.; Buenos Ayres, 28c.@32c.; Payta, 27c.@30c., gold, ₱ lb.; Curacoa, 35c.@40c., currency; Cape, 42½c.@47½c., currency; Madras, 40c.@45c., each.

SPICES—Have been inactive, including Mace at 92½c.@95c.; No. 1 Nutmegs at 87½c.@89c.; Cassia at 52c.; Cloves at 26¼c.@27c.; Pepper at 23½c.@24½c.; Pimento at 19½c.@20c.; Ginger at 10½c.@12c., gold, ₱ lb.

SOAP—Continues in moderate request at steady rates, including Castile at 16½c.@17½c.; Colgate's Pale, 9½c.; Family, 10c., and No. 1 at 7c. ₱ lb.

SUGARS—Have been in good demand at full and advancing prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,870 hhds. Cuba, &c., at from 10½c.@13½c., and 430 boxes Havana at 11½c.@13¾c. ₱ lb. Refined Sugars continue in demand at from 14c.@16½c. ₱ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales 54,000 lbs. Tallow at 12c.@12½c.; 41,000 lbs. Stearine at 17½c.@19½c.; 36,000 lbs. Grease at 8¾c.@11¼c. ₱ lb.

TEAS—Have been in moderate demand, including Gunpowder and Imperial at from $1@$1 85; Hyson at from 90c.@$1 50; Young Hyson at 77½c.@$1 65; Uncolored Japan at from 87½c.@$1 25; Oolong at from 68c.@$1 60; Souchong and Congou at from 62½c.@$1 55 ₱ lb.

TOBACCO—Has been in pretty fair request, quiet, and rather buoyant in price, including Kentucky Lugs at 7c.@9½c.; Common Leaf, 8c.@12c.; Medium Leaf, 10c.@14½c.; Good Leaf, 12½c.@16½c.; Fine Leaf, 15c.@18c.; Selections, 17c.@20c. ₱ lb. We quote *Seed Leaf* thus: Connecticut and Massachusetts fillers, 6c.@7c.; average lots, 18c.@30c.; fine wrappers, 35c.@55c. New-York State fillers, 5c.@5½c.; average lots, 8c.@14c.; wrappers, 12c.@35c. Pennsylvania and Ohio fillers, 5c.@5½c.; average lots, 9c.@16c.; wrappers, 15c.@40c. ₱ lb. *Havana*—Common, 80c.@85c.; Good, 90c.@$1; Fine, $1 05@$1 10. *Yara*—I. cut, 82c.@82½c.; II. cut, $1 05@$1 10; average lots, 90c.@92½c. ₱ lb. *Manufactured Tobacco*—Black Work, Common and Medium, 17½c.@22c.; Good and Fine, 23c.@30c. Bright Work, Common and Medium, 25c.@45c.; Good and Fine, 50c.@85c., in bond, ₱ lb. Sales have been made, since our last, of 181 hhds. Kentucky at 7½c.@17c.; and 100 cases Seed Leaf at 4½c.@6½c. ₱ lb.

FREIGHTS—Have been firm, but not active to-day. For Liverpool, there were taken 4,000 Staves on private terms. For London, 10,000 bushels Peas at 6d. ₱ bushel. For Glasgow, 7,000 bushels Grain, by steamer, on private terms. For Penarth Roads, a bark with 2,400 qrs. Wheat at 6d. ₱ quarter. For a Continental port, direct, a vessel, with 2,000 bbls. Petroleum at 5s. 3d. ₱ bbl. For Cronstadt, a vessel, with Petroleum, at 6s. ₱ bbl.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as nurse, or is willing to do chamberwork and the fine washing and ironing; has no objection to go in the country; has the best of City reference from her last employer. Call at No. 353 West 25th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as cook in a private family, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; has no objection to go in the country; can give the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 4 East 21st-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK A SITuation in a private family; is fully competent at the business in all its branches; has the very best of City reference; would assist in a little washing if required. Can be seen for two days at No. 431 4th-av., near 30th-st., in the book store.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG GIRLS, SITUAtions; one as first-class cook; the other as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse and plain sewing; have first-class references from their last place; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 109 West 15th-st., rear rooms.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTable girls, one as first-class waitress, the other as first-class chambermaid, in a private family; no objections to the country; best of City references from last place. Call at No. 333 East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant English woman as first-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches; no objection to the country; City reference; would go to a hotel. Apply at No. 145 West 24th-st., rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST CLASS cook in a private family; understands baking, and all kinds of desserts; those who require washing need not apply. Apply at No. 325 16th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A man leaving his place in consequence of his employer selling out; has lived seven years in his employment; the best of reference. Call or direct to No. 50 Washington-square, near Macdougal-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as regular chambermaid, or as chambermaid and plain sewer; will be highly recommended by her present employer in this City. Can be seen for two days at No. 539 6th-av., in the fancy store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS, to go by the day or month; understands dressmaking and all kinds of family sewing; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 200 West 18th-st., corner of 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl a situation as chambermaid and laundress; has no objection going a distance in the country; has the best City reference from her last place. Call at No. 254 West 28th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young girl to do general housework in a small private family; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; has good City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 442 West 26th-st., between 9th and 10th avs.

WANTED—IN COUNTRY OR CITY, BY A cook, washer and ironer, a situation; would take the place of chambermaid and waitress or laundress; can do housework. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th-sts.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman a situation as regular waitress; understands her business thoroughly; good City reference given; no objection to the country. Call for two days at No. 539 6th-av., in the hosiery store, between 32d and 33d sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as nurse and seamstress, or would wait on a lady or take care of children; no objection to the country. Call for two days at No. 122 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook; understands soups, meats, and all kinds of game, boning and larding, and all kinds of desserts; best City reference from last place. Call for two days at No. 340 West 25th-st., first floor.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN A situation as nurse; is capable of taking full charge of a baby from its birth; has excellent City reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 125 [illegible]th-av., between 12th and 13th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG American girl as chambermaid and waitress; is willing and obliging; no objection to the country for the Summer; unexceptionable City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 3[illegible] West 40th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GERMAN girl, a situation to do housework, or chamberwork and waiting, or to nurse; has filled the above situations; good references, City or country. Office No. 329 4th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SMART, CAPAble girl to do cooking or general housework; is neat, economical, and respectful, a good plain cook, first-rate washer and ironer, and highly recommended. Apply at No. 121 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn. City or country.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman as nurse; is capable of taking the entire charge of a baby from its birth; no objection to the country; best City reference given. Call for two days at No. 124 West 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE SEAMstress, to get one or two more customers by the day or week; understands dressmaking and children's clothes, and all kinds of family sewing. Can be seen all this week at No. 170 East 34th-st., basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WOMAN AS first-rate cook; is a most excellent baker; has no objection to assist with the washing; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at 46th-st. and 2d-av., one door from the corner, a new house.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as nurse; fully capable of taking the full charge of an infant from its birth; no objection to the country; has the best of City references. Apply at No. 237 4th-av., near 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN A situation as first-class cook; a small private family preferred; understands all kinds of baking, meats, soups and jellies; good City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 238 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN woman as nurse for an invalid, either male or female, or could act as housekeeper; has the best of reference; is not afraid of work; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 330 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-RATE cook, and a good baker; best of City reference from her last employers. Can be seen for two days at No. 7 West 20th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY A STRONG ABLE GIRL, A situation as general houseworker; is a good laundress and good plain cook; has good City reference. Apply at No. 1,288 Broadway, near 34th-st., second floor.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG GIRL, a good situation as chambermaid and waitress, or to assist in washing and ironing; has good City references. Call for two days at No. 224 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble middle-aged woman as first-class cook in a private family; has excellent City references. Can be seen at No. 61 8th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL, to do chamberwork and waiting; will assist with the washing and ironing; good City reference. No. 733 2d-av., corner 39th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT NURSE WHO can take charge of an infant from its birth, or grown children, a situation in country or City. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LADY'S MAID and seamstress; is a first-class hair-dresser; best of City reference. Apply at No. 427 East 14th-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A WELCH PROTESTANT MEAT and pastry cook, a situation in country or City; understands soups, game, fish and desserts of all kinds. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—BY A LAUNDRESS WHO DOES French fluting, clear starching, muslins and all kinds of ladies' fineries, a situation in the country or City. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL A SITUATION as chambermaid and seamstress, or as nurse and seamstress; best of City reference. Can be seen at her present situation No. 219 West 42d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook by a respectable woman; understands all kinds of family and French cooking; City or country; has good City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GERMAN GIRL, A situation to take care of children, or as chambermaid; good City reference. Apply at No. 109 West 30th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITuation as chambermaid or waitress in a private family. Call for two days at No. 133 Leroy-st., in the basement.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion to do general housework; good City reference. Call at No. 119 West 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A respectable young woman; would assist with coarse washing. Apply at No. 244 West 29th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID, or in a small family as houseworker; good reference. Apply at No. 227 1st-av.

A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WOULD DO fine family sewing by hand or machine, at No. 218 East 41st-st., top floor.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WASHING and ironing done at No. 209 West 26th-st.; good City reference if required. Call or address Mrs. GARDNER.

A DRESSMAKER WILL GO OUT BY the day in families; can cut, fit and trim in the latest style; can give reference. Address DRESSMAKER, Station D, for one week.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY AN HONEST, INDUSTRIOUS, respectable woman a situation as first-class cook, who understands all kinds of family cooking; also soups, fish, meats, pastries, creams and desserts of all kinds; is an excellent baker; no objection to go a short distance in the country; has the best City or country reference. May apply, for two days, at No. 289 Elizabeth-st., one door from Bleecker-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as competent nurse; would take charge of a baby from its birth, or two or three grown children and assist with their sewing; no objection to go to the country; can give three years' reference from the best French family in the country. Can be seen for a few days at No. 289 Elizabeth-st., one door from Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY TWO RESPECtable young women, sisters—one as a first-rate cook and an excellent washer and ironer, the other as chambermaid or waitress, or would assist in the washing and ironing; can give the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 407 East 22d-st., between 1st-av. and Av. A.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as chambermaid, or as first-class laundress; understands French fluting; has no objection to go in the country; can give the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 407 East 22d-st., between 1st-av. and Av. A, third floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOman a situation as first-class waitress, who thoroughly understands her business and has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 50 East 13th-st., between Broadway and University-place, in the store; none but private families need apply.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble woman in a private family to do chamberwork and fine washing, and ironing or plain sewing; no objection to go to the country. Can be seen at her last employer's, No. 28 East 28th-st., between Madison and 4th avs.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH WOMAN A SITuation as first-class cook in a private family or private boarding house; can do every style of French and English cooking, both meats and pastries, or will go as pastry cook in City or country; good reference. No. 384 Bowery, 2d floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble woman as first-class cook in a private family; is an excellent baker; would assist in the washing in a small family if required; good City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 104 West 18th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECtable woman as good plain cook; understands all kinds of meat and soup, fish and game; is a good baker of bread and biscuit; can give the best of reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 338 East 12th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant woman, a situation as an attendant upon an invalid lady or gentleman; no objection to going into the country. Apply at present employer's, No. 17 Madison-av., two doors from 24th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, (PROTestant,) a situation to take care of a child or do chamberwork; would prefer the country; wages not so much an object as a home; is willing and obliging. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 23 West 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHILD'S NURSE by a Protestant woman, who can take the entire charge of an infant or growing child; can give the best City reference. Apply at No. 213 West 40th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation in a private family as chambermaid and waitress, or as nurse and chambermaid; the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at her present employer's, No. 29 West 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young woman a situation as laundress; understands fluting and all kinds of fine washing; has good City reference; can be seen for two days from 10 to 3 o'clock at No. 204 West 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman of steady habits, a situation to do the down stairs work of a small plain family, or would do general housework; has the best of City reference. Can be seen until engaged at No. 118 Amity-st., rear.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS OPERATOR on W. & W. machine, work at her home, or out by the day; can cut and make all kinds of undergarments in the neatest style. Apply at No. 398 7th-av.; ring the top bell.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH Protestant woman a situation as child's nurse; can take full charge of an infant from its birth, and can furnish the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 139 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS and dressmaker; understands cutting and fitting ladies' dresses and all kinds of family sewing; can sew on a machine; four years' reference from her last place. Can be seen till engaged at No. 57 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; understands American, French and German cooking, pastry and all kinds of desserts; City reference; call or address for two days at No. 119 West 25th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD COOK who understands all kinds of family cooking; is a good baker and competent at pastry; has lived seven years in her last place; best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 211 East 19th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Scotch woman, as experienced nurse in a gentleman's family; has no objection to go the country for the Summer; the best of City references given. Apply at Room No. 18, No. 127 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as nurse and plain sewer, or nurse and light chamberwork; the best of reference; no objection to the country. Call for two days at No. 239 East 22d-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl, a situation to do chamberwork and plain sewing, or to wait on a lady and sew; best City references; no objection to going in the country. Inquire in No. 316 3d-av., basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as first-class cook; baking and pastry and all kinds of desserts; best of reference given. No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTEStant woman, a situation to cook, wash and iron; or would do housework in a small private family; has no objection to the country. Apply at 127th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., the fourth house, north side.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS IN a private family, by a competent, trustworthy young woman, with best of City reference from her last employer. Call or address No. 403 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as seamstress; can operate on family machine, and would have no objection to take care of a growing child. Can be seen at her last place, No. 29 West 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A LADY OF UNEXCEPTIONable reference a situation as companion to some lady; would assist in the duties of the house; no objection to traveling. Address S. I. M., Box No. 2,648 New-York Post Office.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PROTESTANT a situation as cook; understands all kinds of plain cooking; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing; the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 340 East 23d-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL a situation as chambermaid and to assist in washing; good reference from her last place; no objections to go in the country. No. 388 6th-av., between 23d and 24th sts.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO GIRLS, TOgether; one as cook, who is a good baker; the other as waitress; have good City reference. Apply at No. 159 West 33d-st.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS, situations—one as nurse, the other as chambermaid, waiter or fine washer; have the best City reference. Call at No. 346 East 12th-st., first-floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN Protestant girl as child's nurse or chamberwork in a small family. Can be seen at her present situation, No. 22 West 24th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young girl as chambermaid and fine washer, or as chambermaid and waitress; can be seen at her last place, No. 29 West 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, A SITUation; can furnish the best of City references; can be seen for two days. Inquire in the milk store, No. 107 West 16th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant young woman as chambermaid and waitress; is a good sewer. Call at No. 100 West 46th-st., corner of 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WET NURSE BY a Protestant woman with a fresh breast of milk; babe one month old; is a respectable married woman. Call for two days at No. 114 West 40th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman as nurse and to assist in chamberwork; is very capable and has the best of City reference. Call at No. 49 East 19th-st., near 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN A situation as excellent cook and baker; will assist in washing; has best City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid, take care of children, and do plain sewing; would do the work of a small family. Call at No. 237 West 27th-st.

WANTED—A LADY GOING TO EUROPE, wishes to procure a situation for a good nurse, who is fully competent to take charge of an infant from its birth. Apply at No. 21 West 30th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as chambermaid and would assist with washing; has twelve years' reference; no objections to the country. Apply at No. 103 West 38th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable female as cook; good baker; good City reference. Call at No. 151 West 24th-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITuation to do chamberwork and waiting, or assist in washing and ironing; has City reference. Call for two days at No. 332 1st-av., between 19th and 20th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress by a young woman, who can be well recommended from her present place, No. 14 West 10th-st. Apply from 10 to 12 A. M.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as cook, and to assist with the washing and ironing; best of City reference. Call at No. 345 6th-av., rear house, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GOOD PLAIN cook; is a good washer and ironer; best of City references. Call at No. 208 West 26th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., first floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS laundress, by a steady, respectable woman, who has excellent recommendations; can be seen for two days at No. 335 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as first-class waitress; good City reference. Apply for two days at old No. 111, new No. 155 31st-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN A situation as nurse; can take entire charge of baby from its birth; is a good plain sewer; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced girl as nurse and seamstress, or would do chamberwork; has four years' City reference. Can be seen at No. 158 Madison-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook and an excellent baker; reference given. Call for two days at No. 139 7th-av., Monday and Tuesday.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERman girl to do general housework. No. 8 Eldridge-st., between Canal and Division sts., basement.

MRS. LOWE'S INSTITUTE FOR GERMAN servants. No. 17 Stanton-st., near Bowery.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTable young girls; one as plain cook, assisting with the washing and ironing; the other as chambermaid and waitress, doing part of the washing and ironing; have the best of (four years) City reference from their last places; no objections to going to the country for the Summer. Can be seen at No. 68 West 39th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av., for two days.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS, family washing to do at her own home; understands her business in all its branches; can flute neatly; particular attention paid to family washing. Address MARY RILEY, No. 229 West 26th-st., third floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl a situation in a small respectable family, as chambermaid; is a nice, plain sewer, and can do embroidery, or would assist with children; has the best of City references from her last place. Call at No. 550 2d-av., between 30th and 31st sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE FAMily by two young women (sisters,) one as first-class cook, the other as chambermaid; understand their business in all its branches; have the best City reference. Call at No. 114 (old No.) East 35th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., for two days.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE young woman (Protestant,) a situation as ladies' maid and seamstress; is a good seamstress; can cut and fit, operate on a machine, dress hair, &c.; has the best City references. Office No. 229 4th-av., 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl as chambermaid and to do the fine washing and ironing; can be seen for two days at No. 234 (new number) East 35th-st., between 2d and 3d avs. Best of City reference.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as first-class waitress; thoroughly understands her business; willing to do chamberwork; best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 239 West 33d-st., near 8th-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR A LARGE NUMber of recommended excellent cooks, cooks, washers and ironers, ladies' maids, nurses, waitresses, laundresses, houseworkers, young girls, &c., of all nations, at BOOKHAM'S, No. 329 4th-av., 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN WOman, a situation to cook, wash and iron; is a good baker, or will do general housework in City or country; good reference. Apply at No. 384 Bowery, second floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN GIRL a situation as chambermaid and first-class waitress, or as seamstress; best of City reference; will go to the country. Call at No. 384 Bowery, second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A SMALL PRIvate family to do general housework in the country; good plain cook, washer and ironer. Call at No. 153 Eldridge-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS chambermaid and waitress; good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 327 East 11th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., first floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman a situation as waitress, or chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen at No. 367 6th-av., in the millinery-store. Has three years' City reference.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced cook; understands cooking in all its branches; is an excellent baker; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 159 West 24th st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A GOOD FRENCH COOK A place in a private family; will give good recommendation. Call at No. 155 West 27th-st., 2d floor, between 6th and 7th-avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress, or nurse; has best of City reference. Apply at No. 107 West 18th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble girl as head waitress; wishes to go in the country for the Summer; 2½ years' reference from last place. Call at No. 346 East 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT person as cook, washer and ironer in a small private family; best of reference from last place. Call at No. 147 West 39th-st., between 7th-av. and Broadway.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; no objection to the country; best of City reference given. Call for two days at No. 124 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS chambermaid; is fully competent to do up ladies' fineries; has the best of City reference. Apply at No. 153 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as laundress; is fully competent, and understands her business; can furnish the best of references. Can be seen at No. 56 East 34th-st.

WANTED—LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S washing by a respectable woman; has the best of reference from her present employers. Call at No. 77 Greenwich-av., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A CONFIDENT HAND, TO GO out by the day washing; or would take it home. No 246 West 38th-st., in the rear.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a respectable married man who thoroughly understands his business; can produce the best of City reference for the past fifteen years for sobriety and capability; has lived five years in his last place, and has lived with some of the best families in the City. Can be seen for three days at Mr. Brewster's carriage warerooms, No. 84 8th-av.; or by addressing a line to T. S., Coachman, same number, it will be attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young man (German) as gardener and coachman; understands gardening in all its branches; has four years' reference from his last employer; will be found useful and obliging. Address F. A., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN MAN AND wife, a house to take charge of for the Summer; have kept house for some of the highest families in the City; have good reference. Call or address HOUSEKEEPER, No. 229 East 46th-st., first floor, front, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a middle-aged man, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; has the best of references from his last place, where he has lived 9 years; no objection to the country. Address M. D., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, MARRIED, no incumbrance, a situation as coachman; also understands gardening and all branches on a gentleman's place; is faithful, honest and industrious, and not afraid of work; the best reference or security given. Address M. C., Box No. 200 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN AND wife, situations in a private family, man as coachman, woman to do chamberwork and plain sewing; good City references. Call or address R. STANLEY, Miller's upholstery store, No. 170 Madison-av., between 34th and 35th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man, a Scotchman, who is well acquainted with the business in all its branches; can give the very best references as to character and capability; none need apply unless wanting a first-class man to fill a first-class situation. Apply to J. BUIRST, 807 Broadway.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR EXPERIENCED coachmen, gardeners, grooms, farm-hands, waiters, useful men, porters, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, laundresses, seamstresses, ladies' maids, nurses, houseworkers, &c. Apply at Employment House, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family by a sober, capable person having the best of references. Can be seen, or address T. F., for two days, in the drug store, northwest corner of Broadway and 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman and gardener; is willing to make himself useful to his employer; has good references from his last place; can milk. Address J. M., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN a situation as groom, and to assist in gardening; willing to make himself generally useful; can give good reference from his last employer. Call or address, for two days, ANDREW, No. 111 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a young married man; thoroughly understands his business; can furnish the best of City references. Address for three days J. N., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY a young man who understands his business thoroughly, in City or country; will be found willing and obliging; good City references from his last employer. Address J. B., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman and plain gardener, or as groom and gardener; can milk and understands the care of cows; good reference. Address, this day, M. C., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom, by a single man who understands his business thoroughly; has six years' reference from his last employer; is a willing and obliging man. Address M. L., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE MAN as coachman, of long experience, who knows his business; will assist in the garden; has good references; can make himself useful. Address J. M., Box No. 219 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT man as waiter in a private family; perfectly understands his business; has no objection to the country; has the best of City reference. Address B. M. G., Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN AND GROOM'S SITuation by a sober, steady young man; has the best of City reference; is a very careful driver, and understands his business perfectly. Address J. D., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT man as coachman; thoroughly conversant with his business; can clip and singe; the best of City and country reference. Address J. C., Box No. 201 *Times* Office, for three days.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION, BY a single young man; 13 years' reference; understands green-houses, fruits, flowers and vegetables. Address F. F., care of Davidson & Bennett, No. 23 Fulton-st., seed store.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A PROTESTant, lately landed, a situation as coachman, or would go as groom, who thoroughly understands his business; no objections to the country. Apply or address R. W. C., private stables No. 151 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE MAN to take care of horses; understands plain gardening, and can make himself generally useful; has good reference from his last place. Address, for two days, B. F., Box No. 219 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble man as coachman; is of sober, quiet, industrious habits; understands clipping horses, and is an excellent driver and groom; first-class references. Apply at the flower store, corner 23d st., Broadway.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A young man who thoroughly understands his business; has the best of recommendation from his late employer; moderate wages by getting a nice place in the country. Address O. B., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener, by a sober, steady man, who thoroughly understands his business; is willing to make himself generally useful; can furnish first-class references. Address, for two days, J. F. C., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a Protestant man; best City reference; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Address J. B. K., Station H.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN A SITUATION as coachman and gardener; can milk; has four years' reference from last place. Address T. R., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN who understands taking care of horses; has no objection to the country. Address L. O., Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN in the country; can milk, and would make himself useful. Address J. C., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a young man who understands his business; has the best of City reference; no objection to the country. Call on or address A. B., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a first-class man, in either City or country; has the best of City reference. Address for two days W. M., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, by a single colored man who understands his business; either City or country; can give good reference. Address B. W. L., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A COLORED man, as porter in a store; writes a plain hand; quick at figures; reference if required. Address for three days S. F., Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

AN EXPERIENCED BOOK-KEEPER desires a situation where ability, integrity, and attentive business habits would command a fair salary; best of references given as to character, capacity, &c. Address, for one week, J. E. S., Room No. 3, No. 137 Broadway.

WANTED—A POSITION BY A YOUNG MAN, 22 years of age, in a wholesale or manufacturing business; good references will be given and a few thousand dollars furnished to perfectly responsible parties. Address, with full particulars, O. C., Box 130 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A LARGE NUMber of smart Protestant girls, American, English, Welch, Scotch, German, French, Irish, and girls of all nations and professions, for good situations in City and Country, at the highest wages; girls please notice they can be supplied without delay at Mrs. WESLEY'S select employment agency, No. 107 6th-av., near 12th-st., first floor, up stairs.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY RESIDING fifteen miles from New-York, a Protestant nurse for young children, willing to assist in sewing or light chamberwork; a neat, truthful girl will have a pleasant, permanent home; an orphan preferred. Address, for three days, PALISADES, Box No. 149 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A PERSON ACQUAINTED WITH the lumber trade and qualified by his experience and knowledge to undertake the sale of valuable white pine lands, most advantageously located in Pennsylvania. Address, with references and statement of precedents, N. R., Post Office Box No. 4,695.

WANTED—A SEAMSTRESS WHO UNDERstands working on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine and is willing to assist in the care of a child two years old; good City reference required. Call at No. 68 East 34th-st., between Park and Madison avs., between 10 and 12 A. M.

WANTED—IN AN OLD AND WELL-KNOWN cloth house an experienced salesman with a large trade which he can control; no inexperienced person need apply. Address, with full particulars, Box No. 1,753 New-York Post Office.

WANTED—A WAITRESS WHO WILL ASSIST in chamberwork in a small family; none but those having experience and first-class references need apply. Call at No. 68 East 34th-st., between Park and Madison avs., between 10 and 12 A. M.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS waitress; one who is competent and reliable; no other need apply. No. 41 East 12th-st., near Broadway, from 3 till 5 P. M.

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT nurse and seamstress, French or English, to take care of one child. Apply at No. 46 East 30th-st., from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK FOR THE COUNtry; must come well recommended; small private family. Call at No. 22 Nassau-st., Room No. 20, from 11 to 3 o'clock.

WANTED—IN A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY a waitress who thoroughly understands her business. Apply, Tuesday and Wednesday, from 10 to 12 o'clock, at No. 131 East 35th-st., new number.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN IN A BANKING house, No. 11 Exchange-place, Jersey City.
W. E. ARNOLD.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork. Apply at second house from 5th-av., south side 125th-st., Harlem.

WANTED—A FARM HAND WHO IS NOT afraid to work; must be a good milker. Apply on Thursday at No. 201 Fulton-st., City.

BOY WANTED—IN A BROKER'S OFFICE; one just from school preferred. Inquire at No. 27 Wall-st., rear office, 1st floor, or address Box No. 5,365 Post Office.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS

UNE FRANCAISE PARISIENNE, CAPAble et pouvant fournir de bonnes recommendations, desire se placer comme bonne d'enfants et coudre. S'adresser au 158 3eme-av., entre la 16e et 17e rues dans le magasin de fantaisie.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

BROOKLYN AND NEW-JERSEY.

Two friends meet in Nassau-st., one from Brooklyn, blooming with health; the other from Amboy, the picture of despair. They embrace. The usual salutations over, the Jerseyman remarks: "I have just been to Johnson & Miller's to get a map of their great sale for Tuesday, May 12. As you well know, I used to live in the Eighteenth Ward, and I intend to return there again as soon as possible. I shall buy an acre of ground on Tuesday at the auction, build a house and settle down for life."

"What! why, how is this? I thought that you were anchored in Jersey's red clay!" "Horror of horrors!" was the quick retort. "If you value my friendship, never mention the name of that State again, at least in my presence. Look at my pale and emaciated figure; remember what I once was—fat and hearty. I left the City of Churches, beautiful Brooklyn, and took up my abode on Bergen Point. Outward appearances were lovely, but within, how shall I describe the scene? Millions of mosquitoes swarmed in my bedrooms, and after losing ten pounds of flesh, I was compelled to beat a hasty retreat. I sold my dwelling to one unsophisticated, and turned my steps toward Rutherford Park. Another purchase. For a month, Elysium. Then the foul miasmas of the Passaic settled me on my back for six months. After being dosed with pounds of quinine I sacrificed my cottage to another victim, and removed to a nameless village on the line of Camden and Amboy. Although feeble in health, I was compelled to attend to my business in New-York daily. Last Winter, during the dreadful snow-storm, I started for my home. As the conductor opened the door, to my horror I found my ticket was forgotten and I had no change. 'Tickets—your ticket, sir.' I expostulated. 'Fifty cents,' he exclaimed. 'I have no money.' To pull the rope, ring the bell, blow the whistle, stop the train, was the work of a moment. I was seized by the neck, dragged to the platform, and with a kick from the hireling, thrust into a snow bank four feet in depth. Here was a dilemma. Mercury five below—two miles from any dwelling. Death stared me in the face. After facing the fearful storm for more than an hour, I reached my home; my ears, face and hands were terribly frozen. Oh, that horrible night! From its effects I never expect to recover. I have turned my back forever on a State that is owned by such a monopoly. I have sold all, at half what it cost me. To-morrow I shall buy again in my native city, build a house, and settle down for life. I advise all my friends to attend JOHNSON & MILLER'S great sale. I know the locality, and speak from experience."

FOR SALE—THE NEW FOUR-STORY BROWNstone house, No. 24 West 49th-st.; built in the best manner by Amos Wooruff, Esq., and containing all modern improvements. Apply to A. VAN WINKLE, No. 205 West-st.

CENTRAL PARK LOTS FOR SALE—79th-st., near 9th-av., and 9th-av., opposite the Zoological Gardens. Also, 4 lots on north side of 94th-st., near 9th-av.
PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE HOUSE, modern improvements, in 30th-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway, completely furnished, and ready for immediate occupation. For permits apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—WEST 16TH-ST., four-story brown-stone, high-stoop house, in good order; 19 rooms. Seen only by permits of PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

EIGHTH-AV.—FOR SALE, TWO LOTS EAST side of 8th-av., between 129th and 130th sts., fifty feet north of 129th-st. Apply at No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT,
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS,
AT RYE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

The country seat with furniture, stock, &c., and farm of the late Alexander W. Bradford on the west side of the Boston post-road, two miles from depots of New-Haven Railroad, at Mamaroneck and Rye, with private approach, containing about 100 acres of good farm land, arable pasture and wood, well fenced, and with a substantial stone wall in front. The house is over 100 feet in length, and contains a parlor, two drawing rooms, dining room, with conservatory, sitting room, library, 27 bedrooms, tower, bath-rooms, &c., with hot and cold water. The green-house and graperies are 100 feet in length and fully stocked. The outbuildings consist of two stables, with stalls for 24 horses, three large barns, carriage house, nearly 100 feet long, hennery, cattle sheds and stalls, nearly new. A living stream runs through the estate, forming fish-pond with island and Summer house. There are large separate fruit and vegetable gardens.

Also, for sale, about 39 acres at Rye Beach.

For terms, &c., apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO. No. 3 Pine-st.

STAMFORD.

At auction, very desirable residence within five minutes' walk of the depot. We shall sell at public auction, on the premises, TUESDAY, May 12, at 5 o'clock P. M.:

The large new Gothic house on South-st., near Willow, with one acre of land; house contains 16 rooms, with every modern improvement, marble mantels, gas, furnace, hot and cold water, bath, stationary tubs, nine marble washstands, burglar alarm, &c., &c., and is well worthy the attention of any gentleman wishing a convenient Summer and Winter residence.

Also, the fine building site of about one acre, adjoining the above. Maps and further particulars of HARDING & SMITH, Stamford, or at the office of the auctioneers, MALLORY, BLACKWELL & CO., No. 55 Liberty-st.

WHY GO TO BROOKLYN AND PAY from $750 to $1,000 a lot for property far out in the suburbs of the city, where taxes are three per cent., where future assessments are unlimited, where the only communication is by the slow, dirty, tiresome, wooden-seated horse-cars and the small, always crowded boats of the Union Ferry Company, when you can go to Bergen Point, N. J., only 25 minutes from the New-York side of the river, by the elegant and spacious ferry-boats and the luxurious and easy-running cars of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, and buy lots at $200 each, where taxes are but one per cent. at a valuation of less than two-thirds. Bergen Point is beautifully situated on the banks of the Kill von Kull, having every advantage of churches, schools, stores and good society, with a New-York communication sixty times daily, and yet far removed from the corruption of City Government. Send to A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BROTHER, No. 25 Pine-st., for a map of 300 building lots, beautifully located immediately at the station, to be sold by them at auction on the ground, the 12th inst.
See advertisement in auction column.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway, New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

A PLEASANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE for sale or lease; house has all modern improvements; hot and cold water, bath, closets, &c.; 8 acres finely laid out, sloping to the Sound; 14 miles from City.
MYERS & MURPHY, No. 47 John-st.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT ON THE HUDson, near Hyde Park; about 120 acres of land, half a mile river front; lodge, billiard house, brick barns, &c. For particulars apply to POTTER BROS. & BELLAMY, No. 3 Pine-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

AT FAIRFIELD, CONN., ON THE NEWYork and New-Haven Railroad, for sale, a residence situated on the main street, in the centre of the village, in one of the most eligible situations; six minutes' drive from the station, and half a mile from the beach, which is unsurpassed for bathing by any other locality west of New-Haven. The house is built in the best manner, frame filled with brick, 46 feet by 30, with extension 24 by 25; has 11 rooms, china closet, bath-room, furnace, large barn, with stabling for four horses and two cows, poultry-yard, coachman's house; also cottage, containing six rooms and attic. The grounds consist of six acres, fine lawn, shrubbery and trees in front, vegetable garden of three-quarters of an acre, and pasturage for two cows. Apply to H. J. HOW, No. 12 Pine-st.

A VALUABLE PROPERTY AT WHITE Plains FOR SALE—60 acres, within half a mile of the depot, fronting the Grand Boulevard; most desirably located, comprising some of the finest building sites in Westchester County, and overlooking the surrounding country for miles in extent. On the property is a fine large mansion house, outbuildings, &c.; various kinds of fruit. To be sold together or in plots to suit purchasers. For full particulars apply to S. T. RICHARDS, No. 75 William-st., New-York, where map of the property can be seen. Will exchange for City property.

SEASIDE COTTAGE.—A BEAUTIFUL SUMmer residence adjoining the Pequot, at the mouth of the Thames, New-London; only five hours from the City; situated immediately on the water with highly ornamented grounds attached; elegantly furnished for housekeeping or as a dependence to one of the best hotels in the country; for sale or to let. For agreeable society, health, aquatic amusements, and freedom from annoyances, this locality is unequaled. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York, or H. S. CROCKER, New-London, Conn.

FOR SALE—AT NEW-MILFORD, CONN., A first-class dwelling, built two years since, with double parlors, marble mantels, six bedrooms, &c.; situate at the south end of Main-st., fronting the Green, on a corner, one of the best locations in the village; has a good garden and barn on the premises; not five minutes' walk from the depot. The place will be sold with or without the furniture. For further particulars inquire of EGBERT MARSH, Bridgeport, Conn., or Dr. GEO. TAYLOR, New-Milford, Conn.

CLINTON POINT, ON THE HUDSON, BEtween New-Hamburg and Poughkeepsie, ninety acres, lying directly on the water, with handsome house containing all the conveniences; grounds are high, commanding superb views of the river and country; stables, carriage house, barn, farmer's house, fruits of all kinds in abundance; altogether one of the most desirable residences offered for sale. Apply for price and full particulars to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—OPPOSITE DANIEL DREW'S property, at Madison, on THURSDAY, May 21, at 10 A. M., 100 acres of beautiful land, divided in lots to suit purchasers. None but first-class houses will be allowed on the property. Terms made easy; one-third down, balance on bond and mortgage for two years. Also, my farm of about 200 acres will be offered the same day. Address E. HOLLAND, Madison, N. J.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, THE residence of the late S. Deming, Esq., at Arlington, Vt.; large house and 15 acres of land, with easy access to the cities by two railroads; possession when desired; this is a most desirable property, and will be sold low and on easy terms. Apply, by letter or on the premises, to M. H. DEMING, Administrator, Arlington, Vt., and HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—TWENTY-SEVEN FARMS, FIVE to 300 acres, six beautiful country seats, a number of village houses, many beautiful country sites for residences, in and near Madison, Morris County, N. J.; houses to rent, &c., &c. Inquire of S. D. HUNTING, near the depot.
MADISON, April 28, 1868.

FOR SALE—STATEN ISLAND—VERY ATtractive place to be sold; a bargain to some one; house frame, built in best manner, all modern improvements, gas excepted; situation high, with most extensive view; 20 acres, with outbuildings complete; two miles from either ferry. Photograph of house at office of PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—BLOOMFIELD, N. J.; WINTER OR Summer residence; house built in best manner, with all improvements; 12 rooms; lot 125x460; stable, &c., with garden and fruits of all kinds. Particulars of PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIdence; thirty minutes from the City, near the water; buildings good; with four or more acres; well fruited. Apply to JAMES B. PARSONS, No. 79 Cedar-st.

NORTH SHORE, STATEN ISLAND—LOTS for sale; building sites most eligibly located near ferries, at low prices. See maps and particulars of PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—RAVENSWOOD, L. I., RESIdence, Italian cottage, 4 acres, with frontage on East River. PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET—FOR THREE YEARS, A SPLENDID country residence of about 10 acres on North Hempstead Harbor, L. I. The house is large and commodious, containing 21 rooms; is heated with hot air and contains gas and water conveniences throughout; on the premises, besides all the necessary outbuildings, are a grapery, a greenhouse and a front pond; in front of the mansion is a fine lawn with an extensive water front and a beautiful grove of locusts, evergreens and other choice trees; there is an abundance of fruit of many varieties on the place; or the place will be sold with the balance of the farm, (in all about 96 acres,) on which are a farm-house and other buildings. For particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO RENT—COTTAGES FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, IN RIDGEFIELD, CONN.—This village possesses great advantages for persons requiring a dry and healthy atmosphere; situated on a ridge of land 800 feet above tide-water, it is free from fevers of every description. The country being very undulating, the drives are peculiarly attractive. Many families who are obliged to go far into Massachusetts and New-Hampshire would do well to examine this locality so contiguous to New-York for the same advantages. Apply to E. J. HAWLEY, No. 87 Wall-st., New-York.

AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—TO LET FOR one or three years, a newly-furnished dwelling house with about four acres of land; location high; size of house 50x50 feet, gas in every room, water, dumb-waiter, &c.; ice-house filled; good garden spot, plenty of shade trees, apples and grapes; large barn and carriage house, stable accommodations for five or more horses; half a mile from depot; sixteen trains daily. For further particulars apply to GEO. W. FORSYTH, Esq., at Morristown, or between 12 and 2 at No. 128 Broadway, Room No. 1.

TO RENT—A VERY ELEGANT AND SPACIous country seat, beautifully situated at South Oyster Bay, L. I.; 10 minutes' drive of the Amityville Station, South Side Railroad; fine fishing and yachting; extensive view and desirable neighborhood. Apply to LAWRENCE & STRATTON, No. 111 Broadway, Basement Trinity Building.

COTTAGE ON LONG ISLAND.—FOR THE SUMMER OR BY THE YEAR.—An unfurnished cottage, with small garden, to let, to a small family, at Roslyn, Long Island, about 20 miles from town, within a few minutes' walk of the steamboat landing, and not far from the railway station; rent $250 a year. Apply in the counting room of the *Evening Post*, No. 41 Nassau-st.

TO LEASE—FOR 10 YEARS, A LARGE CORner property on 5th-av., below 14th-st., suitable for a large dry goods or fancy store or hotel garni. Plot has a front of about 90 feet on 5th-av., some costly and elegant improvements, suitable for business purposes, now on the property; rent $30,000 per annum. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO RENT IN RIDGEFIELD, CONN.—A large double house, with ten sleeping apartments, suitable for a ladies' seminary. The village possesses peculiar advantages, being retired, and yet easily accessible. The location is particularly desirable on account of its freedom from fevers of every description. Apply to E. J. HAWLEY, No. 87 Wall-st., New-York.

CLOSE TO THE WATER AND 1 MILE from the depot at Mamaroneck, a very neat and tasty cottage, furnished; horses, cows, carriages; flower and vegetable garden (all planted;) fuel and hay; $200 per month.
PARKER, YOUNG & CO.,
No. 5½ Pine-st.

TO LET—UNFURNISHED OR FURNISHED IN best style, a residence in Morrisania, 8 minutes from depot; stable, coach-house and coachman's room; acre of ground, handsome walks, all kinds of fruits; nine trains from City daily; neighborhood private and first class. Apply to A. P. SMITH & BRO., No. 1,304 Broadway.

TO LET—AT CEDAR GROVE, S. I., OVERlooking lower bay, two good sized and comfortable cottages; one furnished, the other unfurnished, each having a garden plot containing fruit trees, berries, &c.; stable room large; ice-house well filled. Apply to WM. R. MARSH, Green Point Ferry.

TO LET, FURNISHED—A LARGE DOUBLE house, with garden, lawn, carriage-house and stable, in the town of Yonkers, 1½ miles from Williamsbridge Station, Harlem Railroad; half an hour from 26th-st.; will be let for the season or year; $150 a month. Apply to S. M. VALENTINE, No. 163 Front-st.

A.—TO LET—FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY house, corner of Lexington-av. and 43d-st., with or without stable attached, handsomely frescoed; furnished, $275 per month; unfurnished, $2,700. Also, inside house, $2,000. ABNER L. ELY, No. 637 4th-av., corner 41st-st., or No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT MANHATTANVILLE, WITHIN one minute's walk of 8th-av. cars, the upper part of a house; house has fine grounds; stable and vegetable garden if desired; rent reasonable to a responsible tenant. For terms, &c., address A. B. C., Box No. 149 *Times* Office.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE to let, situate at Seacaucus, Hudson County, N. J.; 16 acres of land under a high state of cultivation, splendid house, fruit trees, &c.; rent $800 a year; possession on 1st of June next. Inquire of Mr. KUNTZ, near the premises.

TO LET—IN ORANGE, N. J., THREE MINUTES walk from Brick Church Depot, a furnished cottage, on Harrison-st., splendidly situated, on nearly one acre of ground, fruit, &c., &c. Rent, $100 per month till 1st of May next; $150 per month for next six months. Apply to H. W. PALMER, Prospect-st., Orange.

TO RENT—ON THE BLOOMINGDALE ROAD, furnished or unfurnished, half an hour from the Fifth-avenue Hotel, a large house containing 15 sleeping rooms; for the Summer season or year can be had for a boarding house; rent very low; location beautiful.
PARKER, YOUNG & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

TO LET—A FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT beautifully located in the delightful village of Stockbridge, Berkshire County, Mass.; fine old mansion, containing 12 rooms; and 15 acres of ground tastefully laid out and abundantly shaded. For further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

AT SPUYTEN DUYVIL—A NICELY FURnished house, carriage-house, stable, fine garden, grounds well laid out, overlooking the Hudson, surrounded by first-class country seats, to let for the summer or year. For particulars apply to Nos. 77 Bleecker or 45 Dey sts.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED cottage containing 8 rooms, with stable and garden plot, pleasantly located one mile from the Hudson River Railroad depot at Hastings. Apply to HENRY PALMER, No. 195 Broadway, corner of Dey-st.

TO LET—AT NO. 80 CHARLES-ST., WITH ALL the modern improvements, front basement, two rooms on second floor; also two on third, to a responsible tenant; location desirable and rooms pleasant. Apply as above.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED houses at Staten Island, Tarrytown, Bergen Point, Brooklyn, Elizabeth; West 12th-st., City; East 20th-st., Gramercy Park, and other locations. PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

TO RENT—FOR THE SUMMER MONTHS, A nicely-furnished house, situate in one of the finest streets of Bridgeport, Conn. Inquire of
J. & G. A. STAPLES, No. 12 State-st.,
Bridgeport, Conn.

TO LET—DURING HIS ABSENCE IN EUROPE, the splendid residence of John Taylor, at Bay Side, Flushing; elegantly furnished, baths, stables, icehouse, ten acres, ornamental grounds.
R. C. EMBREE, No. 54 William-st.

$1,800 A YEAR.—FURNISHED HOUSE IN 8th-st., near the Cooper Institute; all improvements; possession at once. Apply to J. M. LETTS, No. 54 William-st., Office No. 26.

TO LET—HOUSE AND STABLE, WITH eight lots, on West 14th and 15th sts., between 9th and 10th avs.; stable on 15th-st. Apply to
ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—FOR the Summer, till November, the farm four miles from Summit, N. J., Morris and Essex Railroad, 21 miles from the City; will include the crops—hay, peach apple and other fruits; the property is over a hundred acres, and is exceedingly healthy and pleasant; mail stage passes through the farm to depot, and very desirable place for a family; buildings in good order and painted. Apply to PRESCOTT & SON, No. 75 Chambers-st.

TO LET—CHEAP, THE FIRST-CLASS FOURstory English-basement brown-stone house, No. 22 East 41st-st. Also, several three and four story houses, furnished and unfurnished, at reduced rates. S. W. BENEDICT, No. 586 6th-av. and No. 10 Pine-st.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY, SECOND floor, 4 rooms, No. 149 West 10th-st.; hot and cold water and gas. Apply between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.; rent $45.

TO LET—NEW BRIGHTON, S. I., HANDSOME cottage house; garden with fruits of all kinds; stable, &c., &c. PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

NO. 203 10TH-AV., OPPOSITE 23D-ST.—To rent, the third floor, furnished, with every convenience for housekeeping; would be rented by the month or for a year.

TO LET—IN THE DELIGHTFUL VILLAGE OF Birmingham, Conn., a finely-furnished house, for the warm months; price per month, $150. Apply to GILBERT & CO., No. 963 2d-av., corner of 51st-st.

FORT HAMILTON RESIDENCE TO LET—On the river bank, at the Narrows, near steamboat landing; 13 rooms. Photographic picture at H. & J. HOPKINS', No. 149 Reade-st.

TO LET—FOR THE SEASON OR YEAR, TWO furnished houses at Rye, N. Y.; one directly on the water; most delightfully situated. Apply to HENRY A. KELLEY, No. 43 White-st.

TO LET—UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS, NO 20 Union-place, corner of East 15th-st. Apply at the bank on the premises.

TO LET—THE DWELLING NO 163 WEST 21STst., with the furniture. Apply to HARPER & BROTHERS, No. 331 Pearl-st., Franklin-square.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN TIMES BUILDING.
Nos. 38, 39, and 40 Park-row.

On second, third and fourth stories. They are large, spacious, and splendidly lighted from front and rear. The building is thoroughly fire proof, thereby saving all charges of insurance and hazards incident to fire.

Inquire of GEO. JONES, *Times* Office.

OFFICES TO LET.

WITH ALL THE MODERN IMPROVEMENTS,
SPLENDID LIGHT AND VENTILATION
SUITABLE FOR
Banks, Bankers, Brokers, Merchants,
Lawyers, Railway, Insurance and
other Companies, in Buildings
38, 39, 40, 42, 57, 64, 66, 69, 71, 73, 78 & 80
BROADWAY,
Nos. 5, 7, 17, 19, 34, 36, 49, 53 New-st.,
Nos. 4, 6, 11, 17, 19, 21 and 38 Broad-st.,
ALL NEAR WALL-ST.,
NOS. 4 AND 19 WALL-ST., and
Nos. 55 and 57 Exchange-place.
APPLY AT THE OFFICE OF
EDWARD MATTHEWS,
NO. 6 BROAD-ST.

TO LET—NO. 13 FAIR-ST., NEAR BROAD, Newark, N. J., store and dwelling; good location for wholesale and retail business, or for a dry goods fancy store, or for a cigar wholesale and retail business; gas and water fixtures complete. Inquire at No. 13 Fair-st., or at Room No. 39, No. 117 Broadway.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE CORNER STORE and dwelling No. 76 6th-av. Has been a drug store for three years. Anti-liquor. THORNTON M. RODMAN, Real Estate Agent, No. 1 Great Jones-st.

TO LET—WELL-LIGHTED LOFTS AT NO. 110 Grand-st., 100 feet west of Broadway, (adjoining Lord & Taylor's.) Apply to GEORGE L. OSBORN, No. 182 Grand-st.

TO RENT—THE ENTIRE STORE NO. 520 Broadway; possession from 1st May. For particulars apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET—LOFT AND BASEMENT, SUITABLE for manufacturing purposes; good hoistway; well lighted; rent low. At No. 41 Wooster-st.

TO RENT—THE STORE AND BASEMENT NO. 522 Broadway; possession from 1st May. For particulars apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET—BRICK STABLE IN 13TH-ST., BEtween University-place and 5th-av. Apply to H. W. PRESCOTT, No. 20 East 14th-st.

TO LET—SPLENDID LIGHT LOFTS IN NO. 21 Fulton-st., near Fulton Ferry, with steam power. Apply at No. 209 Water-st.

TO LET—NO. 207 WATER-ST., NEAR FULTON Ferry, with steam power. Apply at No. 209 Water-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

A PRIVATE FAMILY OF FOUR PERSONS, occupying their own house, have an elegant suite of three rooms, adjoining, on second floor, to let, with board; would accommodate from four to six persons; ample closet room and storage for trunks in fourth story; all improvements; in one of the best localities in Brooklyn; convenient to ferries. Parties desiring to see rooms and make arrangements address H., Box No. 2,465 New-York Post Office.

A GENTLEMAN OF REFINEMENT and quiet habits wishes board for himself and two daughters, aged 16 and 18 years, in a strictly private family, where the comforts of home could be enjoyed; piano and modern conveniences indispensable. Address ANDREWS, Box No. 140 *Times* Office, all the week.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—FURNISHED rooms for single gentlemen or gentlemen and their wives, in a first-class boarding house, few minutes' walk from Fulton Ferry. Apply at No. 186 Washington-st., first door south of Brooklyn Institute.

TO LET—A SUITE OF ROOMS, CONSISTING OF a parlor, large bedroom, bath and dressing room; location between Clarendon Hotel and Calvary Church; without meals or with private table. Apply to SYPHER & CO., successors to D. Marley, No. 557 Broadway.

A LARGE FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED room for gentleman and wife, or single gentlemen, with board; house first-class; can accommodate a few day boarders; references exchanged. No. 217 East 19th-st., near 3d-av.

A HANDSOME AND NEWLY FURNISHed parlor and bedroom, also a smaller furnished bedroom, to let to gentlemen, with or without breakfast, No. 248 Fourth-av., opposite Dr. Bellows' church.

NO. 57 9TH-ST., A FEW DOORS WEST of Broadway—handsome furnished rooms, en suite or single, to gentlemen only, with or without breakfast. The best of references given and required.

A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY WILL let a handsomely-furnished parlor and bedroom, with or without board; bath adjoining. Inquire at No. 168 West 34th-st.

NO. 331 WEST 29TH-ST.—FRONT ROOMS, second floor, handsomely furnished with black walnut, ample closets, gas, bath, &c., to let with board. Terms low to permanent parties.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND wife, between 14th and 23d sts., 4th and 7th avs.; references exchanged; price $30; permanent, if suited. Address CARBON, Station D.

ROOMS WITH BOARD IN A PRIVATE family residing on East 19th-st., near Irving-place; references exchanged. Address Box 539 Post Office.

VERY DESIRABLE NEWLY FURNISHED rooms to let without board. Apply at No. 52 West 24th-st.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET TWO connecting rooms, with or without board, at No. 168 West 34th-st.

PLEASANT ROOMS SUITABLE FOR gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen, without board. No. 34 West 29th-st.

SEVERAL NEWLY-FURNISHED rooms to let to gentlemen, with or without board, at No. 59 Grove-st.

TO LET—ROOMS AND BEDROOMS IN HOUSE No. 46 Hudson-st. Apply in the store.

NO. 134 WEST 4TH-ST., NEAR WASHington-square.—Pleasant rooms to let, with board.

NO. 293 WEST 4TH-ST.—A FRONT room furnished for one or two young men.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—BOARD—NO. 87 Henry-st. Rooms for families or single gentlemen.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD—TWO OR THREE GENtlemen and their wives can obtain first-class board in an elegant private house, 1½ hours from New-York by Erie Railway; charming mountain scenery, excellent water, large and airy rooms; milk, butter and vegetables, home-produced; references exchanged. Address A. R. N., Box No. 140 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED BY A gentleman and wife, near or in a pleasant village, (farm-house preferred,) easy of access by rail or boat. Address, with full particulars and terms, D. M. S., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR three adults and three children, within easy riding distance of the City; upper part of New-York island or Westchester preferred. Address Post Office Box No. 2,179, New-York.

TOWN AND COUNTRY COMBINED.—Beautiful situation; two or three rooms furnished, with or without partial board, ready June 2, at very moderate prices; 1½ blocks from railroad. Apply W. 122d-st., Mount Morris square.

COUNTRY BOARD—FOUR MILES FROM Paterson, N. J.; stage to Erie Railway twice each day; minister's family; use of horse and carriage if desired. Address THOS. MANN, Paterson, N. J.

FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY BOARD THREE minutes' walk from depot and five from boat landing; 1½ hours from New-York; in Stamford, Conn.
R. J. STEVENSON.

BOARD AT CORNWALL FOR MAY AND June. Inquire of JAMES G. ROE, Cornwall, N. Y.

SUMMER RESORTS.

CLARENDON HOUSE,
CLARENDON SPRINGS VERMONT.

This delightful Summer resort among the Vermont hills, alike attractive to the pleasure seeker and the invalid, will be open for the reception of guests, June 1. Carriages in waiting at West Rutland for all trains.
B. MURRAY, Proprietor.

VALLEY HOUSE, COLLINSVILLE, Conn., opens May 11, for the Summer. The house is entirely new, and furnished in elegant modern style throughout. The furniture, bedding and all appointments equal to first-class city hotels; house contains baths, hot and cold water, and every comfort desired; beautiful drives, fine hunting and fishing in the immediate vicinity. For further particulars address NELSON BRAINARD, Proprietor, Collinsville, Conn.

HOME IN THE COUNTRY.—FAMILIES, travelers and tourists who seek the country for health, quiet, pure mountain air, the purest of spring water, good accommodations and reasonable prices, should visit the beautiful village of Charlestown, N. H. Rooms for the season can now be engaged at Robertson House. GEO. W. HOYT, Proprietor.

R. D. BALDWIN, OF BALDWIN HOUSE, Lake Mahopac, can be found at the office of O'BRIEN BROTHERS, No. 33 Wall-st., every Thursday, from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 12, 1868.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st. and Irving-place.
ORATION ON DANIEL O'CONNELL. By Wendell Phillips.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
TOWN AND COUNTRY. Characters by Messrs. J. W. Wallack, John Gilbert, J. H. Stoddard, J. B. Polk, B. T. Ringgold, A. W. Young, J. Leonard, G. F. Browne, E. Milton, Miss Fanny Morant, Mrs. Jennings, Mrs. Vernon, Mrs. Sefton and others.

FRENCH THEATRE.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
MARITANA—ENGLISH OPERA. By the Richings Opera Company.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THE WHITE FAWN.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
HUMPTY DUMPTY. Characters by Mr. Geo. L. Fox, Mr. F. Lacy, Mr. C. K. Fox, Mlle. Emilie Rigl, Miss M. Blake, Miss Lillie Whiting and others.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, near Broome-st.
CONNIE SOOGAH. Leading characters by Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
PARIS AND HELEN and TOO MUCH FOR GOOD NATURE. Leading characters by the Misses Worrell.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
PAYABLE ON DEMAND, RAG-PICKER OF PARIS, &c. Leading characters by Mr. W. H. Whalley.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
No. 585 Broadway.
HUMORISTS AND VOCALISTS.

IRVING HALL.
Irving-place, corner 15th-st.
PIANO CONCERT. By the Blind Negro Tom.

MADISON-SQUARE HALL,
No. 954 Broadway.
PANORAMA OF THE WAR. Explained by Miss Sallie B. Goodrich.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH LECTURE ROOM.
Orange-st., Brooklyn.
READINGS FROM SHAKESPEARE. "Midsummer Night's Dream." By Prof. Robert R. Raymond.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN,
Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.
EXHIBITION OF PICTURES and SCULPTURES.

ART GALLERY.
No. 845 Broadway.
THE GREAT NATIONAL PAINTING OF THE "NEW REPUBLIC." By Ferd. Pauwels.

FIFTH-AVENUE ART GALLERY.
5th-av., corner 14th-st.
EXHIBITION OF CELEBRATED PAINTINGS.

Terms of the New-York Times.

MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The DAILY TIMES, per annum	$10
The DAILY TIMES (Sunday Edition included)	$12
The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, one year	$3
The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, two copies, one year	$5
The WEEKLY TIMES, one year	$2
Five copies	$8
Ten copies	$15

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in Checks or Post-office Money Orders if possible. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
TIMES Office, New-York.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

IMPEACHMENT.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, for the purpose of deliberating upon the orders submitted relative to the manner of voting on the Articles of Impeachment. The Chief Justice announced that the session would be held with closed doors, in accordance with previous orders. Mr. SHERMAN submitted an order reciting that there would doubtless be considerable excitement among the spectators to-day, and directing the Sergeant-at-Arms to cause the arrest, without further orders, of any person giving expression to approbation or dissent. After some debate, a suggestion was agreed to, requesting the Chief Justice, before the calling of the roll to-day, to admonish the spectators, which, it was thought, would be sufficient to ensure good order. The doors were then closed and the secret session began. At 4 o'clock a recess was taken until evening. What occurred during the session is mostly a matter of speculation, and those speculations will be found in our regular reports from Washington.

CONGRESS.

The Senate was deliberating on impeachment matters in secret session yesterday, and transacted no legislative business.

Under the call of States in the House for bills and joint resolutions, a number of each were presented and referred to appropriate committees. A concurrent resolution proposing a recess of Congress from Friday next to the 26th inst., to enable the officers of the two Houses to take up the carpets, was, after debate, laid on the table—the vote being a tie, was decided by the Speaker. A resolution was adopted requesting Gen. GRANT to furnish a statement of the number of votes cast for and against the Constitutions of such Southern States as have concluded their elections. A resolution was adopted directing the Committee on Ways and Means in preparing a bill for the equalization of duties on imports, to take into consideration the amount imported as well as the amount exported. A resolution directing an inquiry to be made into the treatment of rebel prisoners in Northern prisons was laid on the table. The House then agreed to a proposition to take a recess, the Senate concurring, from Saturday the 16th instant to Monday the 25th. The bill extending the charter of the City of Washington was, after debate, passed under the operation of the previous question. The bill appropriating $87,000 to cover a deficiency in the appropriation for Reconstruction expenses in the Third Military District was called up, and after debate was passed. Mr. STEVENS, from the Reconstruction Committee, reported a bill providing for the admission of North and South Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia, and Alabama, which was made the special order for Wednesday next, when debate will be allowed. Mr. FARNSWORTH reported from the same committee a bill removing the political disabilities from about two hundred residents of North Carolina. After debate the bill was passed—yeas 89, nays 23. The Speaker announced that the House, not having been notified to attend the Senate to-day, would meet for the transaction of legislative business. He also stated that possibly the order adopted by the Senate, directing the final vote on impeachment to be taken at 12 o'clock to-day, may be rescinded. The House thereupon adjourned.

EUROPE.

A serious anti-popery riot occurred at Ashton under Lyne, yesterday. Several persons were shot.

The Emperor and Empress were at Orleans on Saturday. In response to the Mayor's address of welcome, the Emperor made a pacific speech. The Bishop of Orleans subsequently spoke.

The Customs treaty of the North German Confederation with Austria has been adopted by the Zollverein Diet.

The steamship *City of Antwerp*, from Liverpool April 29 and Queenstown April 30, arrived at this port yesterday.

GENERAL.

A memorial is being extensively circulated in the Lake Superior region, asking Congress to make an appropriation for enlarging the Sault Canal. The depth of water that can now be relied on at all times does not exceed 10½ feet, while to allow the passage of the largest class of lake vessels requires 14 feet of water.

Norfolk papers promise a liberal supply of early vegetables and fruits to the Northern markets.

Capt. JEROME BONAPARTE, of the Guard Imperial, French army, son of JEROME N. BONAPARTE, Esq., of Baltimore, and grandson of Mme. BONAPARTE (Mrs. ELIZABETH PATTERSON,) has returned to his former home in that city.

The second trial of JOHN H. SURRATT, at Washington, is set down for to-day, before Judge CARTTER, of the Supreme Court of the District.

Dr. O. F. MANSON, of North Carolina, has been appointed Professor of General Pathology and Pathological Anatomy of the Medical College of Virginia.

A Georgia paper reports that Gen. MEADE has at last obtained information which will lead to the identification of the murderers of Col. ASHBURN.

DANIEL KINGSBURY, of Jamaica, Vt., has been arrested on the charge of murdering an illegitimate infant. He confesses the deed, and says he was hired to do it by the father of the child, who is also to be arrested.

Three persons convicted in St. Louis of affixing false brands on tobacco, have been sentenced each to six months imprisonment in the County Jail and to pay a fine of $2,000. Their tobacco factory and the fraudulently branded tobacco were confiscated.

JAMES D. MARTIN and ALEXANDER C. FELTON were yesterday arraigned, in Boston, charged with conspiring to defraud the Hide and Leather Bank of that city. MARTIN, who was cashier of the bank, was held to answer in $50,000 and FELTON in $100,000.

Owners of vessels refuse to carry freight on the Western lakes at the present low rates. Eighteen vessels, recently arrived at Buffalo, have discharged their crews and laid up in consequence of the low prices, and others on arriving will do the same.

A fire occurred in a cotton and woolen mill at Norristown, Penn., yesterday afternoon, in consequence of a box of matches having been run through one of the pickers. Damage to the amount of $15,000 was the result.

An incendiary fire occurred in New-Orleans on Sunday night, whereby a warehouse filled with corn and hay were destroyed. Loss $100,000.

THOS. FITZGERALD, who murdered ELLEN HICKS, in Westchester, in August, 1866, was yesterday sentenced, at Poughkeepsie, to be hung on the 26th of June.

The trial of R. C. ENRIGHT and JOHN S. ALLEN, for uttering fraudulent bonds, was continued yesterday, in the United States Circuit Court, Eastern District, before Judge BENEDICT. The case for the prosecution was closed, and the further hearing was adjourned until this morning.

In the Board of Aldermen, yesterday, a resolution was introduced regulating the driving of cattle in the public streets. It was referred to a committee. A resolution to rescind all resolutions to lay the Belgian pavement in any of the public streets was concurred in. A resolution was adopted to repair and repaint the Chamber of the Board of Councilmen.

The Board of Councilmen, yesterday, adopted resolutions to lay the Brown & Miller pavement in Howard and Warren streets, and the McGonegal pavement in portions of Fifty-seventh and Forty-sixth streets. A resolution was adopted rescinding all resolutions relating to the laying of Belgian pavement.

The investigation into the case of the United States *vs.* SAML. R. VAN CAMPEN, for embezzlement, was resumed yesterday, and after the examination of one witness the matter was further adjourned.

The bribery suit, growing out of the FERNANDO WOOD leases, came to an abrupt termination yesterday, in the Supreme Court Circuit, the Mayor and Common Council, who are the plaintiffs, refusing to appear and prosecute. By direction of the Court a jury was empanneled, and the case formally decided in favor of the defendant, Mr. FERNANDO WOOD.

Yesterday a large number of contracts were awarded by the Croton Department for constructing sewers and laying stone block pavements. These are the first contracts awarded by the Department this season.

The American Seamen's Friend Society celebrated its fortieth anniversary at the Fourth-avenue Presbyterian Church last evening. The annual report was read, showing the gratifying success of the Society, and addresses were made by Rev. Dr. STORRS, of Brooklyn, and Rev. Dr. C. F. DEEMS, of this City.

A trotting match for $1,000 took place yesterday on the Fashion Course, L. I., between DAN. MACE's bay mare and DAN. PFIFER's black horse *James M. Sweeny*, the latter winning in three straight heats. Time—2:45, 2:43¼, 2:45.

In the Erie Railway injunction cases, which have been on argument in the Supreme Court, before Judge SUTHERLAND, for several days past, Mr. BURRILL yesterday concluded his address.

Cotton declined a fraction yesterday, on moderate sales. Flour and Corn were lower and inactive. Wheat, Oats and Rye were dearer and in good request. Provisions attracted more attention; Pork was higher, Lard cheaper. Groceries were in fair demand. Freights quiet but firm.

Transactions, yesterday, at the National Drove Yards, were lively, with improved prices and quick sales. The top of the market was 19c. ℔ lb., net weight, although it was affirmed that a small number of animals brought 19¼c. ℔ lb. There was a satisfactory supply of thrifty, smooth, marketable steers three years old, most of which were taken at 16c.@18c. ℔ lb. Cattle were sold at every intermediate price between 19c. and 11c. ℔ lb. Cattle brokers generally agreed in the conclusion that the prices were at least ½c. higher, ℔ lb., than they were last week. There was more inquiry for milch cows, with firmer prices. Superior milkers with young calves at their sides, were held at $100@$120 each. The sheep market on Saturday, was firm at 7c.@8c. ℔ lb., live weight, for common to fair sheep; fair to good, 8c.@9c. ℔ lb.; prime to extra, 9c.@9½c. ℔ lb. There has been no material change since in the prices of this quality of sheep. Swine are moderate at 10c.@10½c. ℔ lb., live weight, for heavy prime, corn-fed animals; common, light and rough, 8½c.@9½c. ℔ lb., with a supply equal to the requirements of the trade.

The Extremists and the Chicago Convention.

Mr. FORNEY communicates to the Philadelphia *Press*, as an understood thing, "that no Republican who opposes the conviction of ANDREW JOHNSON will be allowed a seat in the Republican Convention at Chicago." In other words, the Republican who doubts the expediency of impeachment, or denies the sufficiency of the testimony adduced as the groundwork of Mr. JOHNSON's removal, is to be read out of the party.

We have had signs on this subject before. The unblushing avowal that conviction is a party necessity, whether warranted by law and evidence or not, and the persistent endeavor to bully Senators into conviction by holding up "infamy" as the penalty of acquittal, have clearly revealed the recklessness and tyranny which aspire to the control of the Republican Party. The disposition has been growing some time. Formerly, it was enough that men subscribed to the declared policy of the party and worked according to the best of their judgment for the attainment of its ends. More recently, other tests of fealty have been invented. Adhesion to regularly authorized platforms has been declared insufficient, and a man's republicanism has been suspected and denied unless he hurrahed for every measure which Radical members of the party introduced into Congress. It has become necessary to swear by STEVENS, and pin one's faith to the sleeve of BOUTWELL or BUTLER to escape excommunication as a heretic and traitor.

In pursuance of the same intolerant plan, it is intended, Mr. FORNEY declares, to exalt impeachment into the party test of orthodoxy. Before obtaining admission to the Chicago Convention, delegates must hold up their right hands and vow that they favored JOHNSON's official decapitation, with evidence or without it, in conformity with law or in spite of it. We are not prepared to believe that so impudent a pretension will be tolerated for an instant. But the fact that it is talked of in certain circles at Washington indicates the readiness of extremists to employ extraordinary means to obtain control of the Convention.

They are not alone in the work. WENDELL PHILLIPS has given notice that the Convention will be required to engraft negro suffrage upon the platform of the party; and the German Radicals make no secret of their purpose to press their views upon the Convention. Both the Phillips faction and the Missouri Germans proclaim an intention not to accept the nomination of GRANT apart from a thoroughly radical platform; and both will go to Chicago prepared to coalesce with other extremists for the promotion of the common object. The aim in all the cases is to reconstruct the Republican Party after the Radical model, and to shape the tactics of the campaign with a view to Radical supremacy. The work will not be easy; it is more likely to fail than to succeed; but it should not therefore be despised.

Impeachment—Yesterday and To-day.

To-day, we suppose, we shall see the close of the great struggle which has raged for three long years. On Thursday last the Senate resolved to take the final vote upon impeachment at noon of this day.

Speaker COLFAX stated to the House yesterday afternoon that he had had an intimation of the possibility of the Senate's rescinding its order to vote to-day, in which case the decision would be indefinitely postponed. We surmise, however, that this intimation may have been given for the purpose of diverting the excitement that prevails at Washington; and we shall be disappointed if judgment is not rendered precisely as ordered.

The only object of postponement could be to allow Senators to utter their opinions. A large number did so yesterday; and as a night session was held to allow the others to do so, it is most likely that in any event, the intimation given to Speaker COLFAX will now prove inaccurate.

If there be any postponement, it is to be hoped it will be as brief as possible. The country wants the thing ended, and all the public interests are damaged by every day's delay. Anything would be better than needless suspense.

But the talk of postponement indicates a greater diversity of opinion than had been anticipated. In fact, the developments of yesterday show a diversity that must be astounding to people who have got all their information from those newspapers which draw their facts from their desires.

We were originally assured of a solid Republican vote of *guilty* on all the articles. In time, we heard of one Republican defection. Subsequently, we heard of another. Then the list of *doubtfuls* swelled to a sound dozen. Then there began to be suspicions about all the members, excepting about half a dozen. Then this or that Senator appeared to have a divided mind, favoring acquittal on some articles and conviction on others—believing the first to be untenable, the second and third to be tenable, the fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh to be disproven, and the remaining four to be more or less doubtful. And so the speculations have gone on, until the compact and solid Republican force which was to vote JOHNSON guilty on everything, has been made to appear as a disorganized mass, finding it hard to agree upon anything, or make an effective charge upon any single point of the enemy's lines.

We received from Washington yesterday and last night innumerable dispatches as to the position of different Senators, and the statements they had made in secret session. A few of these will be found in our telegraphic columns.

It seems at least certain that quite a number of prominent Republican members took ground against conviction on the *first* of the articles of impeachment, which charges ANDREW JOHNSON with having, in violation of the Tenure of Office act and the Constitution, attempted to remove Mr. STANTON from the office of Secretary of War. There is the greatest degree of unanimity upon the 2d and 3d articles. The 2d charges that the President, without authority of law, issued a letter of authority to LORENZO THOMAS to act as Secretary of War *ad interim*, the Senate being in session, in violation of the Tenure of Office act, and with intent to violate it and the Constitution, there being no vacancy in the office of Secretary of War; and the 3d alleges the same act as done without authority of law, and alleges an intent to violate the Constitution. The next four articles, charging the President with conspiracy, will probably only receive the affirmative votes of such Radical members as are determined to hold him guilty upon every count in the indictment. The 8th article, charging the President with a purpose of obtaining illegal control of the public funds, is said to be sustained by several members, in connection with the 2d and 3d. We can hardly believe that the 9th article, charging the attempted seduction of Gen. EMORY, will get a single vote. The 10th (BUTLER's article), charging the President with exciting odium against Congress by his speeches, and the 11th (THAD. STEVENS's article), charging him with denying the validity of the legislation of Congress, and preventing the execution of the Reconstruction act, will probably receive little beyond the straight Radical vote. An Associated Press dispatch says that Senator HENDERSON is against conviction on any of the articles excepting the 11th, or last.

There seems to be no doubt that the President will be convicted if those Senators who favor impeachment on different grounds can be *united in the vote* on any one article. And if such a union is made, there is every reason to believe it will be on the second and third articles, charging violation of the Tenure of Office law. These articles are unquestionably the strongest in themselves, though THAD. STEVENS said in the House they were absolutely worthless. It was against them that the President's counsel directed their best efforts, and made their closest legal arguments.

Conviction on any one article by two-thirds of the Senators present is sufficient to secure the removal of the President, according to the fourth section of the second article of the Constitution. The correspondent of the Worcester *Spy* (ordinarily a reliable reporter) says he is justified in stating that "Mr. WADE will not vote unless his doing so is necessary for conviction, when, after recording his vote, he will doubtless resign the position he now fills, and thus turn the White House reversion over to Colfax."

We give the following estimates of the votes, which are probably nearly correct:

"There are twenty-three Radical Senators who do not hesitate to say openly they are for conviction. There are twelve Democratic and Conservative Senators who are for acquittal. Of the remaining nineteen Senators, all Republicans, five, it is admitted, will vote for conviction, and fourteen have kept becomingly reticent, or in other words have refused to commit themselves in advance for or against the removal of the President. Out of these fourteen last referred to must come the votes, including the twelve Democrats and Conservatives, that are to acquit Mr. JOHNSON, if he be acquitted. Those who expect and urge the removal of the President claim that there will be thirty-six to thirty-nine votes for conviction. Those who oppose impeachment claim that there will be twenty-two, and possibly twenty-six, votes for acquittal on each of the articles. If a full Senate be present, thirty-six votes will be required to convict, and nineteen negative votes will acquit."

Chief Justice CHASE made some remarks to the Senate yesterday upon the mode of taking the final vote. He will direct the Secretary to read the several articles successively, and after the reading of each, will put the question: "Senator, how say you, is the respondent, ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, guilty or not guilty, of a high misdemeanor [or crime] as charged in this article?" After which, each Senator shall rise in his place and answer, "guilty" or "not guilty!"

It seems that Mr. JOHNSON is as sure of acquittal as ever. He has had another interview with a newspaper correspondent, who found him in good spirits, quite confident of justice, and ready to bow to Constitutional authority as exercised by the Senate. "I have endeavored," he said, "to the best of my ability, to protect, defend and preserve that great chart of our liberties, and I am more than willing to surrender my official responsibilities whenever called upon so to do according to the forms and requirements of that instrument."

Legislative Appropriations for Sectarian Schools.

A good deal of feeling was excited—and very properly—at the number and amount of the donations for sectarian institutions and particularly schools, proposed in the Legislature. An examination of the City tax levy, as passed, shows that the Senate, by its action, removed substantially all cause for this feeling and that the donations finally passed are much less in amount and less objectionable in form, not only than was feared, but than was passed last year and the year before. We are told that the same is true of the State Charity bill, but have not the means before us of showing this.

The aggregate of donations contained in the City levy, as it passed the Assembly, was, including the dispensaries, $444,918 39, or, without the dispensaries, $399,418 39. This amount was cut down in the Senate to $145,010 58, if the dispensaries are included, or $126,010 58, omitting the dispensaries. Enough was added by the Conference Committee to make the aggregate amount, as finally passed, to $181,010 58, including the dispensaries, and $162,010 58, without them, against the Assembly amounts of $449,918 39 with the dispensaries, and $399,418 39 without them.

A comparison of the details presents interesting results. The Assembly bill gave $179,050 58 to hospitals, asylums, &c., or, including the dispensaries, $224,510 58; the Senate gave $71,010 58, or, including dispensaries, $90,010 58, to this class of institutions. Through the Conference Committee this amount was raised to $96,010 58, or, with the dispensaries, $115,010 58. The Assembly bill gave $9,907 81 to churches to pay assessments on their property. The Senate struck all this out, and kept it out. The Assembly gave $121,000 to schools, mostly to those attached to churches. The Senate reduced this amount to $21,000, and kept it there. The Assembly gave $64,500 to charitable associations; the Senate reduced this amount to $9,000, but it was increased in Conference Committee to $20,000. Both bills give $25,000 to the Commissioners of Charities and Correction, for the blind.

The results, in a sectarian point of view, are as follows: The Assembly gave to Catholic institutions, counting as such those under the management of members of that Church, $242,736 82, and to Protestant ones $131,480 99. The Senate gave to Catholic institutions $52,010 58, and to Protestant ones $49,000, but in Conference Committee the amounts were changed so that the amount as finally passed for Catholic institutions was $77,010 58, and for Protestant ones $54,000. About $31,000 of the aggregate donations, besides those of the Dispensaries, are given in such way that no sectarian influences can be connected with them. The Assembly gave $126,010 28 to Catholic asylums, hospitals, &c.; the Senate gave $38,000, raised in Conference Committee to $63,000. The Assembly gave to Protestant asylums, hospitals, &c., $55,000, while the Senate gave only $32,000. The Assembly gave to Catholic churches $5,726 08, to Protestant $3,980 90, and to a Jewish church $200. The Senate struck all these out. The Assembly gave to Catholic schools $113,000; the Senate cut this down to $13,000. The Assembly gave to Protestant schools $8,000, and the Senate retained all of this. The Assembly gave to associations $64,500, all of them being Protestant but one, which is necessarily unsectarian, and which got $6,000 of the amount. The Senate gave to these associations $9,000, but in Conference Committee it was increased to $20,000.

These figures are very suggestive to those who study them, but the most striking and satisfactory fact which they show is that the enormous gifts proposed by the Assembly to sectarian schools were, with four or five exceptions, struck out, and those exceptions were cases where the schools were held to come strictly under the name of ragged schools. The aggregate donations made in the City levy of 1866, were $166,786 05; in 1867, $224,000, and in 1868, as already stated, $162,010 38. In 1866 and 1867, $10,000 were given in gross to be distributed by the Commissioners of Charities and Correction. In 1866, $16,500 were given to the blind, in 1867 $20,000, and in 1868 $25,000. In 1866, $26,007 21 were given to asylums, hospitals, &c.; in 1867, $75,000, and in 1868, $71,010 58. In 1866 there were given to various associations $49,800; in 1867, $74,000, and in 1868, $20,000. In 1866, there was given to schools $10,000; in 1867, $45,000, and in 1868, $21,000.

The donations in 1866, so far as any sectarian influences can be supposed to be involved were, to Protestants, $75,817 21; to Catholics, $10,000. In 1867, to Protestants, $104,000; to Catholics, $90,000; in 1868, to Protestants, $54,000; to Catholics, $77,010 58.

It may be well to call attention in this connection to the arguments by which the Assembly justifies the insertion of the items for schools. They say that these church schools contain about twenty-five thousand scholars, for which the public is asked to pay only about $125,000, while the public schools take about $2,800,000 for a little over one hundred thousand scholars. They say, moreover, that there is not room in the public schools for these twenty-five thousand, and that even if there were, the children are necessarily so ragged and dirty that they would not be admitted to the public schools. We do not know how much of truth there is in these statements, but we presume it is true that the school accommodations are deficient, and that these outside schools receive pupils in a condition in which the public schools will not receive them. But admitting the full force of these facts, the remedy is in the increase of public school accommodations and in the establishment of ragged schools under the Board of Education, not in the fostering of sectarian schools, which is wholly contrary to the spirit of our republican institutions.

The Effect Upon the Country.

The peculiar relation of Mr. JOHNSON to the two great parties has deprived impeachment of effect as a disturbing element in political and commercial affairs. Discarded by both parties, his trial has produced comparatively moderate excitement, and none of the turmoil that would have attended the arraignment of a recognized leader. Outside of Washington, the proceedings have been watched quietly, and with a singular absence of passion. The business of the country has gone on as though nothing more than an ordinary political struggle were impending; and all attempts to foster speculation or panic, predicated upon the possible result of the proceeding, have failed conspicuously. The public have steadily refused to believe that any serious derangement of the material interests of the country will grow out of the trial, however it end.

This coolness and confidence had been impossible were Mr. JOHNSON supported by a powerful political organization. A President with adherents as numerous and ardent as those of Gen. JACKSON could not have been brought to trial without shaking the Republic to its centre. The moral strain upon our institutions might not have been greater than now, but the sources and chances of difficulty would have been infinitely more formidable. The possibility of resistance to an adverse verdict would have given rise to continual uncertainty and fear. The probabilities of collision between the Senate and the army, or between the party responsible for the impeachment and the party opposed to it, would necessarily have entered largely into the calculation and contributed to general disquietude. This condition of things has no existence now, because the position of Mr. JOHNSON, personally and politically, is the opposite of that of JACKSON. The former stands alone, not entirely deprived of sympathy, but utterly lacking the support which only a powerful party can confer. The Democrats are not, indeed, indifferent to his fate, but whatever feeling they cherish proceeds from a desire to witness the discomfiture of the Radical impeachers rather than from fellowship with the man, or identification with his policy. Hence no apprehension is entertained as to trouble following the trial. The idea of resistance to a verdict entailing removal is, in the circumstances, so manifestly absurd that it has never been allowed to affect the popular judgment. The allusions to that contingency by imaginative correspondents have served only to remind the public of Mr. JOHNSON's helplessness as against the law, and of the absence of influences likely to impede a pacific solution of the difficulty.

The considerations which have prevented excitement during the trial, furnish a guarantee against speculative movements as a consequence of the verdict. Whatever it be, we are persuaded that it will involve nothing that should put gold up or down, or in the slightest degree interfere with business transactions. We think that acquittal would produce more feeling, momentarily, than removal, because the latter has, from the start, been deemed a foregone conclusion. But it would be a feeling referring exclusively to the political future, and the relative gain or loss of one party or the other accruing from the event. On the other hand, a verdict of guilty, followed by removal, will be merely the fulfillment of a general expectation, every bearing of which has already been discounted. Newspapers will print much wise and much foolish comment, and politicians will magnify or depreciate the remote consequences of the event after the approved manner of partisanship. But the country will neither rush into ecstacies nor sink into despair. It has outgrown excitement, and become almost insensible to surprise. And it will watch a change in the tenancy of the White House with unshaken confidence in the strength of the republican system, and in the power of the people to vindicate the right in their own time and in their own way.

The Condition of the Streets and the Coming Hot Weather.

We are now upon the threshold of the summer, when we may look for the annual visitations of the diseases engendered by the heat and the uncleanness of streets and dwelling houses. It therefore behooves every good citizen not only to do his duty in cleansing his own habitation thoroughly—be it a brown-stone pile on Murray Hill or a garret room in the First Ward—but also to remonstrate and advise whenever he sees the sanitary laws violated, whether by his immediate neighbor, or by the tenant of a house he is passing by, or by a street contractor. For, after all, however valuable a Board of Health may be, however vigilant its auxiliaries—the police—they can only do a fraction of that work of purification which can be done by citizens themselves, if they will only be alive to the importance of their duty.

The severe Winter which has just taken leave of us has greatly interfered with certain sanitary labors which are best accomplished in the cold weather. Barrels of ashes and refuse lie in back-yards, accumulated during the storms and only partially removed; sinks have not been cleansed; the wholesome scrubbing in-doors, owing to the severity of the season, has been pretermitted by the poor where it is so much needed; and the snow which lay upon the streets for many months, received and covered up filth of every kind, and in such quantity that the labor of its removal seems to be beyond the ability of Mr. WHITING, the contractor, although it is said that he has an extraordinary number of hands employed. Indeed, it would be somewhat difficult to convince a simple stranger, who is unaccustomed to our ways, and has just arrived by steamboat, passing through West-street or Greenwich, that we are paying at the rate of $500,000 a year to have clean streets. In this region, and in many other parts of the City, it would rather seem that we paid to keep them dirty. They certainly are in a vile condition, and as a result of their uncleanness we must expect sickness and mortality.

In the First Ward, where the neglect of the Street Contractor is grossly apparent, the statistics show that the death-rate in its crowded population is 41½ per thousand, while the average of the entire City is 27½. "The population of this Ward," says the last annual report of the Board of Health, "die of diarrhœal disorders and other diseases which riot in filth"—filth in the sewers, filth in the domiciles, and filth in the streets—and yet, in spite of this, there is not another Ward in the City in which the brooms and shovels and carts of Mr. WHITING so infrequently appear.

Look in whatever direction we may, we shall discover that there is much to do to keep away zymotic diseases of the dangerous types from our homes during the Summer. We trust that the Board of Health, cognizant as they are of the facts, will be more than usually vigilant; that they will see to it at once that the streets are cleared of the decomposing matter, which, if left much longer, become pestilential under the influence of the heat, and that all their energies will be devoted in the direction of such sanitary measures, preventive and curative, as shall best insure us against the diseases which our filthy City invites.

There is one matter to which we especially call the attention of the President of the Board. He has it in his power, as a member of the Street Cleaning Commission, to refuse his consent to the payment of Mr. WHITING's fortnightly account. Let him exercise his privilege and protest against the payment of these bills, unless there shall be at once a thorough cleaning of the First, Fourth and Sixth Wards, which are now little better than hotbeds of disease, disseminating their unhealthiness throughout the City.

MINOR TOPICS.

We judge that some members of Congress would feel utterly dispirited if the Senate should throw doubt on the fact that our glorious country has produced the "*greatest criminal of this or any other age*," as Mr. LOGAN styles an individual who was once Mayor of the town of Greenville, who subsequently became Governor of Tennessee, then United States Senator, and finally reached a still more elevated position. As our happy country has already the tallest mountains, the longest rivers, the biggest jackasses, the loudest ranters and the highest waterfalls, it is but proper that we should possess the greatest criminal. It would round off things nicely, and would make a fine point for orators in their 4th of July orations. STEVENS showed that our great American criminal was far worse than Judas Iscariot—but the language he used was so shocking that we are unable to quote it. BOUTWELL showed that he was worse than the monster CAIUS VERRES; LOGAN showed he was worse than CALIGULA or NERO; and other members showed him to be worse than HENRY VIII., CHARLES I., or JAMES II. As these names comprise about the entire list of "great criminals" known to ordinary Congressmen, and as our great American criminal is worse than any of them—worse even than all of them rolled into one unspeakable human monstrosity—it follows that the great Republic is now ahead of the world in this particular as it formerly was in all others. Happy country! which so easily surpasses all rivals. Happy country! which is never lacking in great and learned orators to remind us of the pride-inspiring fact!

The meeting to-day of free-traders, or, as they designate themselves in the advertisement, "of those in favor of abandoning the protective policy by adopting the principle of taxation for revenue only," is under very distinguished auspices. The call is signed by President BARNARD, of Columbia College; Rev. Drs. WOOLSEY, BACON, FISHER and PORTER, of Yale College; President RAYMOND, of Vassar College; Professors PERRY and BASCOM, of Williams College; Dr. FRANCIS LIEBER, WILLIAM C. BRYANT, JACKSON S. SCHULTZ, GEORGE OPDYKE, of New-York, and many other of the most prominent American scholars and citizens. The speakers promised are Dr. LIEBER, EDWARD ATKINSON, of Boston; Rev. Drs. PRIME, STORRS, and others.

Mr. NELSON, of the President's counsel, has written a long letter in defence of his introducing the Alta Vela guano business into his impeachment speech. He says that the Managers themselves had previously alluded to the withdrawal of Judge BLACK in their arguments before the Senate; and that if his reply to their allegations had been improper, the Court, or some member of the Court would have objected to his proceeding. There is no doubt in anybody's mind that the course of the Managers justified Mr. NELSON's guano revelations.

The Dramatic Fund Association took an unaccountable step yesterday at the annual meeting. An amendment was made to the Constitution by which the widow of any member marrying after the age of fifty is shut out from the benefits of the Society—annuity or allowance. We don't see why a dramatic bachelor of fifty, who resolves to change his foolish condition by marriage, should be treated in this way. Fifty is just about the age at which some actors get weary of the ways of sin, and it is just such women as become their wives who ought to be shielded from the untoward incidents to which they are particularly liable. This constitutional amendment ought to be repealed at once, and one of an opposite kind adopted that would encourage bachelors to marry at any age.

Seven Alabamians, residents of Eutaw, have just been sent to the Dry Tortugas by the sentence of the Court-martial recently convened at Selma—four of the number for two years at hard labor, and three for one year at hard labor. Their offence was assaulting a citizen, threatening to ride him on a rail, and ordering him to leave town. From the facts we have heard, we consider the severe sentence to be just. We dislike the existence of military government in any part of our country, but it is better than the rule of ruffianism, and in sternly repressing the old Southern style of mob law, it is doing an immense benefit to the Southern States.

What does such a strong Republican paper as the Chicago *Tribune* mean by permitting to appear in its columns the following question and answer: "Who were the people at the Baltimore Convention who inflicted his insupportable mediocrity (JOHNSON's) upon the Executive office? If rumor be not telling lies, they are those most forward to-day to give the country Mr. JOHNSON's twin Dromio, and tie around the neck of Gen. GRANT a burden heavier than even a soldier cares to carry." Pray who does the *Tribune* refer to as "JOHNSON's twin Dromio?" The connection makes him appear as though GRANT was meant, but as that would be perfectly absurd—is it WADE?

There is no doubt whatever that a great part of the uproar we had a short time ago about the Kuklux Klan, was without cause. The order had a queer name, was secret, mysterious and horrible, and looked to the assertion of "Southern rights" by agencies that were closely concealed. No sooner had one or two outrages been brought to their door than myriads of outrages were imputed to their mystic deviltry. The leading Southern papers are now strongly opposing the order, firstly, because secret orders are bad in themselves, and secondly, because this one has given rise to so much nonsense, and has created such bitter feelings against the South. A Charleston paper says: "We do not hesitate to say that no honorable and patriotic Southern man, who has the welfare of this people at heart, ought to sympathize with or countenance in any way this stupendous folly. Doubtless the numbers as well as the pranks of the Kuklux Klan have been grossly exaggerated; and in South Carolina, we are glad to say, the organization has had no real existence outside the fancy of a few hair-brained youths; but the injury it has already indirectly wrought, in prejudicing the cause of the Southern people in the eyes of the North, is serious enough, and, we trust, palpable enough, to cause the Klan, with all its attendant *diablerie*, speedily to sink back into the obscurity from which it emerged."

Some of the Washington correspondents of the Western papers are very vivid in their descriptions of the appearance, manners and dress of the impeachment Congressmen who have recently been figuring so prominently. The latest of these our eye has fallen upon is a sketch of Mr. BINGHAM, and the clothes he wore at the time of his speech. "Judge BINGHAM," we are told, "discarded his historic brown coat, and transferred the black velvet collar thereof to a long black cloth coat, which, buttoned before, enwrapped him from the breastbone to below the knees. This was the second appearance of the black coat, the first having been on the occasion of the Managers going to the photographers. A pair of square-toed boots, well blackened, a standing collar and a stock and black breeches completed Mr. BINGHAM's exterior." Now, imagine the honorable gentleman's head and face surmounting this picturesque costume, and you will have a precise idea of his appearance.

AMUSEMENTS.

Musical.

RICHINGS ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY.

Miss CAROLINE RICHINGS, whose, energy and enterprise—often in the face of disaster—deserve every sort of encouragement, commenced a season of unstated length at the French Theatre last evening. The attendance, we are glad to state, was good, both in numbers and in quality—the best musical audience that we have seen for some time. This augurs well. There is no reason, indeed, why English opera should not be a permanent institution in New-York. We are persuaded that were it once firmly established, a vast amount of local talent would speedily gravitate toward it. We are certainly plentifully gifted with female voices, and one of the wants of the present company could be readily supplied. The performance last night was a fair one. The opera was FLOTOW's favorite work, "Martha," the story of which being English, and some of the music also, takes naturally to translation. The distribution of characters was precisely the same as last season. Miss RICHINGS was the *Lady Henrietta*; Mrs. E. SEGUIN the *Nancy*; Mr. WM. CASTLE the *Lionel*; Mr. S. C. CAMPBELL the *Plunket*; Mr. EDWIN SEGUIN the *Tristam*, and Mr. J. G. PEAKES the *Sheriff*. It would be difficult to find a better cast certainly not from any similar material now before the public. The various artists are thoroughly accustomed to sing together, and enjoy all the facility which freedom and familiarity brings with "the swift course of time." Miss RICHINGS has provided a sufficiently powerful orchestra, under the direction of Mr. BEHRENS, and a chorus which is thoroughly equal to all that is required of it. There was a tendency last evening on the part of every one to sing and play too loud, but this can be accounted for on the ground that the *troupe* has but just arrived in the City, and that possibly the rehearsals have been limited—perhaps, to none. Miss RICHINGS was received with favor, and had to repeat the "Last Rose of Summer," which, by the way, she sang with taste and expression. Mrs. SEGUIN's charming mezzo-soprano voice has improved in quantity and quality. The same may safely be said of Messrs. CASTLE and CAMPBELL. Mr. SEGUIN and Mr. PEAKES were ample in the parts entrusted to their care. Both are excellent actors. This evening WALLACE's opera of "Maritana" will be given. There will be no performance here on Wednesday evening, the company appearing at the Brooklyn Academy of Music in the opera of the "Crown Diamonds."

Theatrical.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

After illustrating the poetry of motion for the New-York public during a period of twenty months, Mlle. BONFANTI has retired from Niblo's Garden, and departed on Saturday evening for the far West, and is this week capering for the entertainment of the iron melters and coal miners of the Alleghany region in Pittsburg. Her position in the "White Fawn" ballet was assumed last evening by Mlle. ROSA. Quite a large audience witnessed the *debut* of the new-comer, and gave her a liberal welcome. Mlle. ROSA has a girlish face and Southern features; she appears to be as unsubstantial as down, and traverses the stage as a feather does the air. Her gymnastics are quite equal to those of her predecessor—although there is less originality in the figures of her dance. Her motions are altogether easy, however, and are as graceful as the modern method of stage dancing permits. Her powers of endurance upon a single toe are quite extraordinary. Another new dancer—Mlle. WESTMAYER—also made her first appearance in the metropolis last evening. She sustained the retired BONFANTI's place in the sailor ballet—the "Farragut Matelot," with a great deal of animation. She is a pleasant blonde, and dances with all the spirit peculiar to her temperament. Both debutants were recalled after their dances to receive those floral offerings now incidental to the nightly performances at Niblo's. Miss LUCY EGERTON's illness necessitated the substitution of Mrs. MARK SMITH in the part of *Prince Leander*. The new dancers will appear every evening.

Shakespeare Reading at Plymouth Church, Brooklyn.

Prof. ROBERT R. RAYMOND, one of our most distinguished Shakesperian scholars and readers, will read "Midsummer Night's Dream" this evening in the eastern room of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, for the Plymouth Young People's Association. The audience will find the entertainment a rare intellectual enjoyment. The Plymouth Association has met with the most encouraging success in its efforts to provide this high order of entertainment at the ante-war price of admission.

Wendell Phillips at the Academy of Music.

This evening Mr. WENDELL PHILLIPS, at the request of many citizens in this City, will deliver at the Academy of Music his celebrated oration on DANIEL O'CONNELL. The oration, which has never been delivered here, is said to be a splendid effort, and those who hear it will doubtless enjoy a rare intellectual treat.

REFORM IN TAXATION.—This morning a meeting will be held in the hall of the New-York Historical Association, Second-avenue, corner of Eleventh-street, of the friends of reform in taxation—those who, without distinction of sect or party, are in favor of abandoning the principle of protection by tariff, and of imposing taxes for revenue only. The meeting will be addressed by eminent speakers, among them probably Professors of the leading collegiate institutions of the country, and by well-known political economists. The chair will be taken at 10 A. M.

TELEGRAMS.

ANTI-POPERY RIOTS IN ENGLAND.

Pacific Speech of Napoleon at Orleans.

The Cacos in Possession of the North of Hayti.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Anti-Popery Riot at Ashton-Under-Lyne.

LONDON, Monday, May 11.

Considerable excitement was occasioned to-day on the receipt of telegrams from Ashton-Under-Lyne, announcing the breaking out of a serious Anti-Popery riot in that city. The mob paraded the streets, sacking houses and outraging people. Several persons were shot. At the last accounts the riot had been suppressed and the city was quiet.

FRANCE.

The Emperor and Empress at Orleans—Pacific Speech of Napoleon.

PARIS, Monday, May 11.

The Emperor and Empress were at Orleans on Saturday, from which city they returned to-day. Upon their arrival there they were received by the Mayor, on the part of the people, in an address of welcome. The Emperor replied briefly. After expressing his thanks, he said he was happy to be in a city made sacred by glorious religious and political memories and devoted to active industry. He was sure that such labors were safe in the general assurance of peace.

The Bishop of Orleans spoke in reply, and concluded by invoking blessings on the Emperor and Empress.

GERMANY.

Proceedings of the Zollverein Diet.

BERLIN, Monday, May 11.

The Zollverein Diet of the North German Confederation has adopted the Customs Treaty recently negotiated with Austria.

HAYTI.

The Geffrard Movement—Victories of the Cacos—American Aid for the Revolutionists.

HAVANA, Monday, May 11.

Advices from Hayti state that Gens. NISAGE and SAGET have taken Fort Diamond and the town of St. Marc, and proclaimed GEFFRARD President of the Republic.

The northern part of Hayti is in possession of the Cacos. President SALNAVE is limited to the town of Gonaives, which is surrounded by adversaries, and will soon fall.

A deputation had been sent to Kingston to request GEFFRARD to return to Hayti.

It is reported that the American Minister furnished money to instigate the revolution, and it is stated positively that Americans are in command of the troops among the Cacos, who are well provided with funds. It was also said that Hayti would be proclaimed a portion of the Territory of the United States.

ST. DOMINGO.

New States—Annexation Party.

HAVANA, Monday, May 11.

Advices from St. Domingo are that two new States had been formed. There was a strong party in favor of annexation to the United States.

Capt.-Gen. Lersundi at Havana.

HAVANA, Monday, May 11.

Capt.-Gen. LERSUNDI has returned from the interior.

The Massachusetts Constabulary—Gov. Bullock's Veto.

BOSTON, Monday, May 11.

Governor BULLOCK has sent a message to the House of Representatives this afternoon with his reasons for not signing the "Bill for the Better Enforcement of the Laws," and returning the bill. The bill provides for the abolition of the State Constabulary and the appointment of not less than two Deputy-Sheriffs in each county, to attend specially to the enforcement of the laws; and it gives the Governor special control over the police of the different municipalities in case of emergency.

The Governor, in his veto message, says that he deems the proposed force entirely inadequate to perform the work, while they would be simply local officers, lacking the advantages derived from mutual assistance and communication through a central bureau so efficient at present. He further objects to the proposed force as being virtually elective, and that thus the laws will not be uniformly enforced throughout the State. In the matter of giving him control over the municipal Police, he is somewhat indignant, saying that it will be indeed an emergency when the Chief Magistrate of the Commonwealth shall be compelled to assume in person the duties of a chief of local police. He says he is satisfied that the majority of the people of the Commonwealth wish no change, and that if any were made, it would be injurious.

The House will vote on the bill to-morrow afternoon, and will undoubtedly pass it over the veto, but it will scarcely get a two-thirds vote in the Senate.

Conviction for Revenue Frauds in St. Louis—The Laclede Races.

ST. LOUIS, Monday, May 11.

GARF GLAZER, FRED. LUCHOW and JAMES COLE, who were convicted of affixing false brands on tobacco, have been sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the County Jail, and to pay a fine of $2,000. The tobacco fraudulently branded, and the factory have been confiscated.

The Spring meeting of the Laclede Racing Association begins on Monday. It promises to be of unusual interest. A large number of horses are here, representing Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio, Kansas and Missouri, and others are expected. Also, a large number for the trotting season, which begins June 1. The latter will be unusually brilliant and worthy of note.

Four Murderers Sentenced in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Md., Monday, May 11.

In the Criminal Court, WM. H. FOSTER, (colored,) convicted of the murder of EMELINE PARKS, also colored, has been sentenced to be hanged. JOHN W. DIXON, (colored,) convicted of the murder of MARY ELLEN WATERS, (colored,) has been sentenced to eighteen years in the Penitentiary; ANDREW WEIS, convicted of the murder of FERDINAND SEIBERT, to fifteen years, and JOHN MCCARTY, convicted of manslaughter of RUTH LANTFORD, to three years in the same institution.

The Bank Delinquents in Boston—Fatal Accident.

BOSTON, Monday, May 11.

JAMES D. MARTIN, Cashier of the Hide and Leather Bank, and ALEXANDER C. FELTON were arranged before United States Commissioner HALLETT, this morning, for preliminary examination, on charges of conspiracy to defraud said bank. At the examination it was testified by the President and JOHN B. ALLEY, one of the directors, that both the accused had admitted to them that the defalcation would amount to $180,000, but would not exceed $200,000. The real figures cannot be arrived at for some days. FELTON was the receiver of the abstracted money. The examination resulted in holding MARTIN and FELTON for trial. The former in bail of $50,000, and the latter at $100,000.

GEORGE H. JOLIFF, a fireman, was run over and killed by a Hook and Ladder Company, at an alarm of fire this morning.

Partial Destruction of a Factory in Pennsylvania.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Monday, May 11.

The fire in Messrs. LEE & SON's cotton and woollen mill, which was reported to have been burned this afternoon, was confined to the northeast portion of the mill. The main building was saved. The fire originated from a box of matches going through a picker, and setting fire to the waste in the picking room. The mill hands endeavored to put it out, but the cotton burned so rapidly that the fire was soon beyond their control, and the picker room, dye-house, and engine house, with all the goods and machinery they contained, were totally destroyed. The loss is estimated at between $15,000 and $20,000. It was insured to the full amount of the loss.

Suspension of Tax Collections on Overflowed Lands in Louisiana—Warehouse Burned.

NEW-ORLEANS, Monday, May 11.

Gen. BUCHANAN has suspended the collection of taxes for 1865 and 1866 on lands overflowed last year until the 1st of January, 1869, upon a recommendation of Gov. BAKER, on account of the distress the collection at the present year would cause in the overflowed districts.

A section of the Montgomery Warehouse front, on Levee and Fulton streets, filled with corn and baled hay, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss, $100,090. It was the work of an incendiary. The large warehouse, filled with quartermasters' stores, adjoining, was saved with difficulty, owing to the scarcity of water.

Chicago Methodist Episcopal Conference.

CHICAGO, Monday, May 11.

The Conference assembled at the usual hour. The order of business, the presentation of memorials and petitions, was taken up. Dr. MCCLINTOCK, of New-York, presented a memorial for the union of the Methodist Episcopal Church with the Protestant Episcopal Church, signed by ministers of the latter denomination, which was referred.

Rev. A. WHEELER, of North Ohio, presented numerous petitions for a lay delegation. As the roll was called most every delegate presented petitions, more or less numerously signed, in favor of the same.

At 10 o'clock the special order was taken up, being the reception of delegates of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Canada. The Secretary read the credentials of the delegation, and afterward the address of the body which they represented.

Rev. Mr. PERRETT, of the delegates, was then introduced to the Conference, and presented an address giving an interesting sketch of the origin, progress and prospects of Methodism in Canada.

At 11 o'clock the Conference resumed the consideration of the question of the admission of Southern delegates. Rev. Dr. FOOTE said that being Chairman of the Special Committee, he desired to harmonize the views of the Committee; to constitute the conferences *de facto*, and thus admit them to the right of representation; that the Annual Conference has the right of representation, of which they cannot be deprived by this body; but in the opinion of the speaker these Southern Conferences were not annual conferences according to the original law of the Church. He referred to the action of the last General Conference, and endeavored to show that the enabling act under which these bodies were organized did not contemplate their formation without certain disabilities. He contended that although the General Conference could not deprive the existing annual Conference of the right of representation, it could deny that right to the Conferences to be organized. He said that the claimants at the door of this body were not delegates, but that in the act under which Southern conferences were organized there was nothing to prevent them from electing delegates and sending them here, and that the General Conference has power to erect them into annual conferences and admit their delegates to seats.

Rev. Dr. HARRIS offered the following:

Resolved, That all action of the General Conference of 1864 restricting or purporting to restrict the rights and privileges of the Annual Conferences which the Bishops were authorized by said General Conference to form within the United States and Territories, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Resolved, That the following Conferences, viz.: Alabama, Delaware, Georgia, Holliston, Massachusetts, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, North Carolina and Washington, are hereby declared to be Annual Conferences of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and vested with all the rights, privileges and immunities usual to Annual Conferences of said Church.

Resolved, That provisional delegates to this body, elected by said Conferences severally, are hereby admitted to membership in this General Conference, and are entitled to exercise the same rights as delegates from other annual Conferences; provided always, that they shall be found otherwise qualified according to the law of the Church.

Resolved, That a committee of seven be appointed, to which shall be referred the credentials of said provisional delegates, together with so much of the Journals of said Conferences as relates to their election, and that the committee report at the earliest practicable moment.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Conference assembled at 2:30.

Mr. JESSE T. PECK, D. D., obtained the floor and spoke fifteen minutes in favor of the admission of the claimants.

Dr. HENRY SLICER next addressed the Conference, and vindicated his section from the charge that Liberia was made a Mission Conference without representation through the influence of the South, and then proceeded to show that, according to his view of the law in the case, it would be impossible to admit Southern representatives.

Rev. Dr. MCCLINTOCK, of New-York, replied to Dr. FOSTER. At the close of his speech, Dr. PATTERSON, of Philadelphia, moved to lay the report of the Special Committee and the substitute of Dr. REDDY's on the table, with the view to adopt the resolutions of Dr. HARRIS. Adopted.

Dr. HARRIS' resolutions being now before the Conference, it was agreed that they be voted on *seriatim*, subject to amendment, without debate. All of the resolutions were adopted, and the result greeted with great cheering.

The Conference adjourned to meet to-morrow.

Impeachment Rumors in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Monday, May 11.

The publication of special dispatches from Washington, regarding impeachment, in the afternoon papers, created an intense excitement, and scarcely anything else has been talked of since. The dispatches, which foreshadowed the acquittal of the President, seemed to be generally believed, and produced a great deal of depression among Radicals, and corresponding exultation among Democrats and Conservatives. The eagerness to learn more is by no means lessened to-night, and everybody is on the *qui vive* for the latest dispatches.

Loss of the Captain and Two of the Crew of the Schooner Walton.

SAVANNAH, Geo., Monday, May 11.

The schooner *Walton*, from Portland, Me., arrived here to-day in charge of the mate, who reports the loss overboard of Capt. J. J. MCCALL, on the 1st of May, when off Hatteras, and two of the crew, who went in a boat to search for the captain. The schooner came into port with only the mate, one sailor and the cook on board.

Confederate Memorial Ceremonies in Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., Monday, May 11.

The Confederate Memorial Day in this place was celebrated on Sunday last. From 2 to 6 o'clock P. M. the avenue leading to the Cemetery was filled with an immense throng. The ceremonies were very imposing, and the scene beggars description. Ten thousand persons were present. Gen. MEADE was among the spectators.

Lake Navigation—Vessels Refusing to Carry Freight at Present Rates.

BUFFALO, Monday, May 11.

Eighteen vessels now in port have discharged their crews and laid up, rather than run at present low rates of freight. Other vessels arriving will do likewise.

Seizure of a Tobacco Factory in Richmond—The Mayor of Winchester.

RICHMOND, Va., Monday, May 11.

The large tobacco factory of D. L. MACE & Co. was seized to-day for an alleged violation of the Internal Revenue laws.

Gen. SCHOFIELD has appointed G. W. GUNN Mayor of Winchester.

Fire in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Monday, May 11.

At 6:30 o'clock this evening a fire broke out in the store of JOSEPH & BROTHER, wholesale clothiers, No. 35 West Pearl-street. It destroyed the stock and injured the interior of the building to the amount of $15,000. The stock in the adjoining store of EICKBERY & SACK, composed of notions, was damaged, mostly by water, to the amount of $8,000. The stock of hosiery in the store of E. BROWN & Co. was damaged to the amount of $4,000. All losses are fully insured. The origin of the fire is unknown.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Hot Weather—Railroad Project in Sonora—The Sunday Law in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Monday, May 11.

Extraordinary heat is prevailing here.

The voters of Sonora County have decided to give $5,000 per mile in aid of a railroad 78 miles long from Clovendale to Sancilito, opposite San Francisco, and the work on the road has already commenced.

The trial of California crude petroleum as fuel on the steamer *Amelia* is pronounced a decided success.

Judge PROVINES, of this city, sustains the law allowing theatres to open on Sunday, on grounds of its constitutionality, but questions its policy.

Arrived, yesterday, steamship *Golden Age*, from Panama.

The Lexington, Ky., Races.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Monday, May 11.

The Spring meeting, over the Lexington Association Course, commenced on Saturday, the 9th inst.

FIRST RACE—Was a Sweepstake for three-year-olds that had never won a race; $20 entrances, play or pay, mile and repeat; $500 added; fourteen nominations. The race was won by J. V. GREGSLEY's *Minnie Milton*. Time, 1:50 and 1:54¼.

SECOND RACE.—Railroad Purse; $200; mile and repeat, for all ages, was won by *Lucy Gray*, after four hotly contested heats. Time: 1:51¾; 1:52¼; 1:53¾ and 1:56.

SECOND DAY.

FIRST RACE—The Phoenix Stakes; mile heats, for three years old colts and fillies, $250 added, 12 entries, was won by Gen. BUFORD's br. c. *Crossland*, after three heats were run. Time, 1:54¾, 1:54¾ and 1:54¾.

SECOND RACE—Mile heats for all ages, purse $150, was won by Mr. H. P. MCGRATH's ch. g. *Erin*, who won two out of three heats. Time: 1.52¾, 1.52½ and 1.55¾.

This race was very exciting on account of FORD's rider falling off when making the first turn; but the filly kept on around the track, and passed the stand thirty yards ahead of the winning horse.

New-York State Fenian Convention.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Monday, May 11.

A State Fenian Convention is now in session here. One hundred and fifty-seven delegates are in attendance.

The following address has been delivered:

To the Irish Nationality of New-York:

BROTHERS:—We, the representatives of the Fenian Brotherhood of the State of New-York, in Convention assembled, having carefully examined the strength and resources of the organization, and the plan of operations submitted by Gen. JOHN O'NEIL, declare that the organization is stronger at the present than at any time hitherto, and that said plan of operations is entirely practicable. We have pledged ourselves to meet the enemy soon upon the battle-field, and we earnestly call upon you to exercise your utmost energies to furnish the necessary means to equip and arm the many thousands of willing hands and brave hearts impatiently waiting the order to march.

[Signed on behalf of the Convention.]

PATRICK DAILY, New-York,
Chairman Committee on Address.
THOS. H. O'BRIEN, Troy, Secretary of Committee.

Mississippi Democratic Convention.

JACKSON, Miss., Monday, May 11.

The Democrats of Mississippi meet again in Convention to-morrow. Delegates are arriving in large numbers. Candidates for State offices will be nominated, and the policy to be pursued in the coming campaign, which will be a vigorous one, will be established.

The State Convention is still in session. Their work is of little importance.

European Passports.

OTTAWA, Canada, Monday, May 11.

The *Canada Gazette* contains a copy of a dispatch from the Duke of Buckingham to Lord MONCK, stating that passports will not be granted naturalized citizens traveling in Europe, unless they come to the British Foreign Office provided with certificates of identity.

Celebration of the Queen's Birthday in Canada.

OTTAWA, Canada, Monday, May 11.

The Queen's birthday falling on Sunday this year, the military authorities have issued orders that the usual review shall take place on the preceding Saturday.

Break in the Erie Canal at Tonawanda.

BUFFALO, Monday, May 11.

A break in the canal at the Tonawanda culvert occurred to-day, and the water was drawn out for thirty-six hours to repair damages.

Arrival of the Steamship St. George at Father Point.

FATHER POINT, Monday, May 11.

The steamship *St. George* passed inward at 9 o'clock last night.

Progress of the Union Pacific Railroad.

OMAHA, Monday, May 11.

The Union Pacific Railroad is now open to Fort Saunders, 580 miles west of Omaha. Ten thousand men are at work, and it is expected that not less than 300 miles of track will be laid this year.

The Majority for the Georgia Constitution.

ATLANTA, Ga., Monday, May 11.

Gen. MEADE has issued an order declaring the Constitution ratified by 17,699 majority.

The Georgia Legislature.

ATLANTA, Ga., Monday, May 11.

It is not yet determined whether the Georgia Legislature is Democratic or Radical.

Release of Ryland Randolph in Alabama.

SELMA, Ala., Monday, May 11.

RYLAND RANDOLPH, who was tried before a military commission for assaulting a negro, was released from confinement this evening.

Mass Meeting of Cabinet-makers—Threatened Strike for Increased Wages.

A large meeting of cabinet-makers, chiefly German, was held yesterday afternoon in the Germania Assembly Rooms, Bowery. The object of the meeting was to pass such resolutions as would call for united action of the Society in an effort to obtain increased wages. It appears that the wages of this trade have been reduced since the Spring of last year from 10 to 30 per cent. Then they averaged about $17 50 per week; now the average is but $15. The wages now asked by the men are those of last year.

During the early part of yesterday, a Committee of the Cabinet-makers Society was in attendance at No. 281 Grand-street, to hear reports of delegates from the different shops in the City. These delegates reported that twenty-five shops had agreed to an advance of from 8 to 10 per cent., but refused to pay the old wages in full. There was but little work done among the workmen yesterday, owing to the agitation, and consequently, as before stated, the meeting was a large one. Prior to the adoption of any resolutions, addresses, in German, were delivered by Messrs. ZEISING, WAGNER, J. SIMON, DREHER, LETTERBORN, ROLL, and others, whose appeals fitly prepared the men for the reception of a resolution—that they should all of them this morning, at their several shops, demand the restoration of the rate of wages of 1867, and failing to secure this, lay down their tools, leave the workshops, and report at No. 281 Grand-street, to the Standing Committee. This resolution was passed without a dissenting voice, and the meeting shortly after adjourned.

Removal of Postmaster Roberts.

An event transpired in Brooklyn yesterday which appeared to afford considerable gratification to a large circle of politicians. It was the removal of the Postmaster, Gen. SAMUEL H. ROBERTS. At an early hour in the morning Mr. JAMES GAILER, the well-known special agent of the Post Office Department, paid a visit to the Post Office in Washington-street and gave Gen. ROBERTS the order from the Postmaster-General suspending him from duty. The order sets forth that the suspension results from the failure on the part of the Postmaster to meet a draft of the Department upon him for the sum of $2,000, an amount due as per the last quarterly account of Gen. ROBERTS. The order also provides for the conduct of business by Mr. JOHN SIMONSON, who has been Assistant Postmaster for about twenty-seven years. It is understood that a number of influential politicians are in Washington, ready to advance the claims of favorites for the succession.

WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Monday, May 11.

THE CAMPAIGN IN VIRGINIA.

Messrs. L. E. DUDLEY, H. G. BOND, A. WASHBURNE and SAMUELS, a sub-committee of the Republican Executive Committee of the State of Virginia, arrived in the city to-day for the purpose of making arrangements for the coming campaign in that State.

THE LOUISIANA CONSTITUTION.

J. R. G. PITKIN and NATHANIEL PAIGE, delegated by Judge TALIAFERRO, President of the Louisiana Reconstruction Convention, to present the new Constitution of that State to the President, performed that duty to-day. They were admitted to President JOHNSON's presence without delay, and cordially received by him. The presentation occurred without formality, and after a brief conversation on general topics Messrs. PITKIN and PAIGE withdrew.

POLITICAL DISABILITIES.

The House to-day passed the North Carolina disability bill without serious opposition. It embraces the names of about two hundred reconstructed citizens of that State, including Gov. HOLDEN and Messrs. DOCKERY and BOYDEN, Congressmen elect.

THE ADMISSION OF SOUTHERN STATES.

The House to-day postponed the consideration of the bill providing for the admission of the Southern States which had adopted Constitutions under the reconstruction acts until Wednesday, when it comes up as the special order after the morning hour.

THE WHISKY TAX.

The Ways and Means Committee to-day, after an exciting session, finally resolved to adhere to the $2 tax on whisky, voting down the proposition to reconsider for the purpose of fixing the tax at seventy-five cents. Mr. LOGAN talked in his usual muscular manner against the proposition, and was supported by Gen. SCHENCK. The vote, I understand, was the same as before. The bill, owing to this discussion and other matters, was not quite ready to report to-day, but will unquestionably be admitted to the House to-morrow. If a recess is had the bill will come up immediately on the reassembling, and at once pushed through to completion.

SENATOR WADE'S ILLNESS.

Senator WADE's condition to-night is decidedly hopeful. He has been under the constant care of Dr. D. W. BLISS all day, and to-night it is expected that he will be able to resume his seat to-morrow.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Monday, May 11.

PUBLICATION OF THE IMPEACHMENT VERDICT.

The Western Union Telegraph Company has arranged to transmit direct from its office in the Senate gallery to all points in the United States and Canada reached by its lines, and through the Atlantic and Cuba Cables to Europe and the West Indies, the verdict of the Senate on the articles of impeachment simultaneously with its announcement in the Senate Chamber. These dispatches are to be bulletined at their offices, and furnished the Press free of charge.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT VESSELS.

The Secretary of the Navy has replied to a resolution of the House, showing that over three hundred vessels have been sold since the close of the war. In some cases, where the captured vessels were small and would not pay the expense of adjudication, or where unseaworthy and could not be sent within the jurisdiction of a prize court, they were taken into service and used without compensation to the captors. The United States acquire no title to captured vessels except by purchase from the courts, and payment in the same way as if the vessels were bought of private individuals. The payment of prize money is made from the proceeds of sales of captured vessels and other prize property, whether sold to the United States or to individuals after condemnation, and is the avails of captured money appropriated or paid by the United States.

WORK ON THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The President of the Union Pacific Railroad has submitted an affidavit to the Secretary of the Interior, showing the completion of an additional section of twenty miles of that road, from the 560th to the 580th mile post, and the Government Commissioners have been intrusted to examine into and report upon said section.

THE COMMITTEE OF WAYS AND MEANS.

The Committee on Ways and Means will probably report the amended or consolidated Tax bill. It proposes to create the Internal Revenue Bureau into a Department. The whisky tax is retained at $2. The tax on cigars will be raised to $10 a thousand. Brewers have failed to get wasteage allowed to the extent they desired. The bill will be acted upon by the House immediately after the Chicago Convention.

THE TRIAL OF SURRATT.

To-morrow has been set for the trial of JOHN H. SURRATT, under an indictment for murder, and conspiracy to murder ABRAHAM LINCOLN, and the prosecution are ready, having summoned their witnesses. As yet it is not certain that the case will be tried, as the defence may show good reasons for a continuance.

NORTH CAROLINA AND LOUISIANA.

The President, in transmitting the Constitutions of the North Carolina and Louisiana to-day, accompanied the act with the following message:—

To the Senate and House of Representatives, I transmit to Congress the accompanying documents which embrace all the papers that have been submitted to me relating to the proceedings to which they refer, and the State of North Carolina and Louisiana.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

WASHINGTON, May 11, 1868.

UNITED STATES TREASURY NOTICE.

WASHINGTON, Monday, May 11.

Notice is hereby given that all compound interest notes intended for conversion into three per cent. temporary loan certificates, must either be presented to the Assistant Treasurer at New-York, who has the full charge and control of the issue of such certificates, or to the Treasurer of the United States at Washington, who will issue certificates which, on presentation at the office of the Assistant Treasurer at New-York, will entitle the holder to receive such certificates in exchange. Compound interest notes intended for redemption in lawful money must be forwarded to the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, for that purpose.

H. MCCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

AMERICAN SHIPPING.

Consul MORSE, in a letter to the State Department, shows that while the number of arrivals of vessels from American ports at London in 1861, was two hundred and eight, the number in 1866 was forty-nine, thus showing the decline of American shipping occasioned by Confederate privateers and kindred causes.

OBITUARY.

Col. George H. Thompson.

The announcement is made of the death, on the 2d inst., on board the steamer *Santiago de Cuba*, near Panama, of Col. GEORGE H. THOMPSON, of Concord, N. H. Col. THOMPSON was one of the youngest and most meritorious of the New-Hampshire officers who served in the late war. At the commencement of the rebellion he was temporarily residing in New-York, studying law, but when the call for men came from Washington he was among the first to respond, and immediately joined the Second New-York Volunteers and served as a private in that organization during its nine months' existence. He afterward returned to his home in Concord and was very active in raising the New-Hampshire Battalion of the First New-England Cavalry, in which regiment he was commissioned a Second Lieutenant. He continued with the battalion after it was increased to a full regiment, and was promoted Captain Dec. 17, 1864. During Gen. POPE's campaign in front of Washington, in March, 1863, he was severely wounded, and never entirely recovered from his injuries. During the Gettysburg campaign he became attached to the staff of Major-Gen. PLEASONTON, as Aid-de-Camp, and in that position displayed a degree of bravery, energy, capability and intelligence that commanded the respect and esteem of all with whom he came in contact. He accompanied Gen. PLEASONTON to the West, and took an active part in the last campaign against PRICE, the rebel invader, and also in putting down the guerrilla warfare which characterized the struggle in the Border States. While there he was appointed Major of a regiment recruited from among the rebel prisoners in Northern prisons, for service against the Indians. In May, 1866, he was commissioned a Lieutenant in the Regular Army, but approaching disease compelled him to decline the position. Hoping to improve his health, he afterward accepted the appointment of Lieutenant in the United States Marine Corps, which commission he held at his death, having been assigned to duty with the South Atlantic Squadron. His disease was consumption, and he died while on his way home to Concord. He was only 26 years of age, and for one so young his experience of army life was unusually great. He was greatly beloved by his brother officers, as well for his social qualities as for his military abilities.

The American Dramatic Fund Association.

The Dramatic Fund Association met yesterday, at their rooms, No. 842 Broadway, to hear the annual report and to amend the Constitution of the Association. The attendance was not large. Mr. W. DAVIDGE presided. Rule 8, which stipulates the terms of admission to membership and the amounts payable as dues, was amended so as to add $15 to the admission fee and a like sum to the annual dues. This increase of rate, which now makes the admission fee, as the annual dues, range from $25 to $45, while heretofore they ranged but from $10 to $30, is called for as a matter of simple justice to long-time members. They claim that, now that the Society is securely established, and has a goodly fund in its possession, its benefits, present and prospective, are worth the increased rate of assessment to new members.

Rule 19 was amended so as to preclude the widows of members who marry when over 50 years of age from any annuity or other allowance. This is hard upon the bachelors, who might otherwise be disposed to become virtuous in their old age, and exceedingly heavy on the fair aspirants to conjugal partnership with the semi-centenarians.

Rule 23 was amended so that claimants are in future exempt from the payment of dues unless in cases where they are recipients of allowance on account of temporary illness. Hitherto claimants had to pay from the amount paid them the annual dues as if they were active members. This was at all times a heavy tax, but would now be heavier if unrepealed, owing to the increase in assessments.

The Secretary then read the Twentieth Annual Report, which shows the financial working of the Association since its inauguration:

TWENTY YEARS' RECEIPTS.

Subscriptions from 1847 to 1867	$51,779 18
Fines	1,103 70
Benefits	16,886 24
Initiation	3,668 75
Interest	28,031 87
Certificates	263 50
Donations	10,129 61
Dinner Fund	4,298 51
Ball	931 70
Total	$117,093 06

EXPENDITURES.

Cypress Hill's Cemetery account	$713 50
Treasurer's account	1,272 28
Stock	40,036 01
Premium on stock	59 62
New-York Bay Cemetery	100 00
Expense account	7,138 93
Widows' allowance	6,778 98
Funerals	1,250 00
Salaries	10,857 49
Sick alimentary	16,218 21
Annuity account	32,668 19
Total	$117,093 06

For the last fiscal year, ending March 31, the receipts were $5,123 39, and the expenditures, $4,796 54. The Treasurer reports a cash balance on hand of $1,272 28. The Society was, therefore, worth this last amount on hand in cash, and its forty odd thousand dollars in stock, on the first day of the current fiscal year.

During the year three members died—Messrs. WM. F. BROUGH, JNO. PONES and JNO. BRIDGMAN. There are now on the roll, in all, 189 members, of whom 45 are now recipients of the benefits of the Association.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

LAW INSTITUTE ELECTION.—The annual election of officers of the New York Law Institute took place yesterday, and the following gentlemen were chosen for the ensuing year:—President, James T. Brady; First Vice-President, James W. Gerard; Second Vice-President, Charles Tracy; Third Vice-President, Henry A. Cram; Treasurer, Charles O'Conor; Recording Secretary, Joseph S. Bosworth; Corresponding Secretary, Benjamin D. Silliman; Librarian, Aaron J. Vanderpoel; Library Committee, Christopher C. Langdell, Robert D. Holmes, William Fullerton, Edmund Terry, Asher B. Morgan, Lewis S. Thomas, Stephen P. Nash, Hooper C. Van Vorst; Committee on Jurisprudence, William M. Evarts, Benjamin V. Abbott, Edwin W. Stoughton, David Dudley Field, Charles F. Stone, Enoch L. Fancher, Benjamin W. Bonney; Committee on Censorship, Erastus C. Benedict, Charles F. Southmayd, John McKeon, John W. Edmonds, Benjamin T. Kissam, Henry D. Sedgwick, Thomas M. North, Everett P. Wheeler, James C. Carter.

BURGLARY IN FOURTEENTH-STREET.—STEPHEN CAULFIELD, a boy of 17 years, was brought before Justice DODGE yesterday, by Officer MCCAFFERTY, of the Sixteenth Precinct, on a charge of burglary. It was stated in the complaint that during the night of the 25th ult. CAULFIELD was seen by the night watchman to effect an entrance through a second floor window of the factory of the New-York Varnish Company, No. 320 West Fourteenth-street, having raised himself to the window by means of a barrel and box. The watchman going into the building, CAULFIELD took the alarm and jumped from a front second-story window to the street and escaped, and was not found until Saturday last. He was committed for trial at the General Sessions.

BURGLARY IN TWENTY-SECOND-STREET.—Sometime during Saturday night, the store of HENRY EGGERS, No. 318 East Twenty-second-street, was entered by burglars, who broke out one of the panels of the rear door, and a navy revolver and a few trifling articles were stolen. The missing articles were subsequently found by Officers YOUNG and HIBBARD, of the Eighteenth Precinct, in the possession of WILLIAM FRAME and JAMES MCKEE, and they were arrested. Yesterday the prisoners were taken before Justice DODGE, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, and were committed, in default of $1,000 bail each, for trial at the General Sessions, on a charge of burglary.

THE FAMINE IN ALGERIA.—There are now in our City two French missionaries, Revs. A. HILLOT and G. GOY, sent out by the Archbishop of Algiers, to collect some money for the Mussulman Arabs of his archdiocese, who are perishing by thousands for want of food. They have also quite recently been visited by cholera, so that pestilence and famine seem to have combined for their destruction. Although these poor people are not of his own flock, the good Archbishop is filled with compassion for their sufferings, and after exhausting all his own means for their relief, has sent some of his friends to Europe—especially France, his own country—and some to America to make an appeal in their behalf

EXCISE VIOLATIONS.—MICHAEL EAGAN, whose place of business is at the corner of Water and Whitehall streets; HENRY MULLER, No. 462 Pearl-street; JOHN BORMAN, No. 155 Chatham-street; GEO. SMITH, No. 181 Elizabeth-street; WM. STRUBEL, No. 157 Chatham-street, and CASPER IMBLEY, No. 462 Pearl-street, were arraigned before Justice DOWLING, at the Tombs Police Court, yesterday, charged with sundry violations of the Excise law. They were all required to give bail in the sum of $100 each for their appearance at the Court of General Sessions. Exactly how many thousand cases yet untried is not known, though so far there has not been one taken up by the District-Attorney.

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' DELEGATES.—The Soldiers' and Sailors' delegates to the Chicago Convention met at Masonic Hall, in Thirteenth-street, last evening, in private session. It was understood that the only business transacted was to perfect their organization and make the necessary arrangements for proceeding to Chicago.

AT THE MORGUE.—There was brought to the Morgue yesterday, from Fulton Ferry, the body of an unknown man, aged about 25 years, 5 feet 6 inches high, with brown hair. He had on a light gray suit, a fancy woolen shirt, cotton drawers, white cotton socks and elastic gaiters. The body was too much decomposed to be placed on the Morgue.

THE NATIONAL DROVE YARDS.—Hereafter the principal market days at the National Drove Yards, One Hundredth-street and Third-avenue, will be Wednesday and Thursday of each week. The change of time will be more satisfactory to drovers, as they will not be required to drive their cattle from place to place on the Sabbath.

MINOR ITEMS.—An attempt was made on Sunday night to set fire to the dwellings of Messrs. SIMPSON and WILKES, on the Kingsbridge road, near One Hundred and Eighty-fifth-street, by building fires in the outhouses. The flames were promptly extinguished.... RAPHAEL ROSANA, mate of the bark *Novo Maude*, at Pier No. 54 East River, had his thumb and forefinger blown off by the premature discharge of a musket he was handling.... An unknown woman left an infant on Friday with MARGARET REYNOLDS, residing at the foot of Fifty-eighth-street, North River, and has not since appeared. As the child was found to be in a dying condition he was taken to Bellevue Hospital.... A colored infant was found in the hallway of No. 137 Bleecker-street, and handed over to the Police.... Mrs. HOWE, while temporarily deranged, leaped from the second story of No. 22 Madison-street, yesterday, sustaining severe injuries.... RUDOLPH W. BUCK, aged six years, fell overboard yesterday at the foot of Grand-street, East River, being rescued by the bystanders.

WILL CONTESTED.—The will of Mrs. THOMAS POWELL, of Newburgh, New-York, for whom the steamer *Mary Powell* was named, is being contested by the heirs. Her property for the last ten years has been managed by her son-in-law, HOMER RAMSDELL, Esq. Mrs. POWELL was among the first settlers of Newburgh, and her husband, THOMAS POWELL, contributed greatly to make Newburgh what it now is. She had previously deeded away her homestead, which deed will also be contested.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE JERSEY CITY SABBATH SCHOOLS.—The thirteenth annual celebration of the Sabbath schools of Jersey City was held yesterday afternoon. Over 2,000 children assembled in several churches, where they were addressed by clergymen in a manner suitable to the occasion. The proceedings consisted of addresses, singing, &c. At the close the children formed in procession and marched with banners through several of the streets. When the procession broke up the various schools returned to their churches, where the children were supplied with paper bags filled with confectionery, cakes and fruit, and were then dismissed.

Tell us, good reader, why does PHALON's "FLOR DE MAYO," the new perfume for the handkerchief, resemble the conundrums of PHALON? Answer by the reader: Because every lady is tickled with it. Sold by all druggists.—*Advt.*

H. T. Helmbold,

Druggist, No. 594 Broadway, New-York, next the Metropolitan Hotel. Store open at all hours, and the originator of keeping open

ALL NIGHT.

Why is it that H. T. HELMBOLD does the largest drug and prescription business in the City, if not the United States? Answer: Because his business is conducted on purely independent principles.

This is in all probability the only store in the United States where physicians and the customers are charged alike for all they desire.

My course in this particular has received the unqualified indorsement of the most distinguished of the medical faculty. My customers are not to be taken away from me! I have the best of drugs; the best of talent (and pay the best price for it;) have the best store; the best assortment;—always open and ready to accommodate, and perfectly responsible.

Never make any mistakes in compounding prescriptions day or night. Wide awake at all times, conducting business on the cash principle, asking or granting credit to none. I am perfectly responsible, and my customers and neighbors know it; and while the approbation of all the faculty would be agreeable to me, *prima facie* evidence, like this, is not to be overcome.

My store is kept open for no cliques; it is for the public benefit, and the patronage of all is respectfully solicited.—*Advertisement.*

One Ounce of Gold

Will be given for every ounce of adulteration found in "B. T. BABBITT's LION COFFEE." This Coffee is roasted, ground and sealed "*hermetically*," under letters patent from the "United States" Government. All the "Aroma" is saved, and the Coffee presents a rich, glossy appearance. Every family should use it, as it is fifteen to twenty per cent. stronger than other pure "Coffee." One can in every twenty contains a ONE DOLLAR GREENBACK. For sale everywhere. If your grocer does not keep this coffee, and will not get it for you, send your orders direct to the factory.

B. T. BABBITT.

Nos. 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 72 and 74 Washington-st., New-York.—*Advertisement.*

See WHEELER & WILSON's Button-Hole Attachment making one hundred button-holes an hour. The desideratum for families, dressmakers and manufacturers. No. 625 Broadway.—*Advt.*

NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office in wrappers ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS. In addition to the latest general intelligence by telegraph up to the moment of going to press, there will be found in the current number the fullest Washington news. European news, with graphic letters from our correspondents in London and Paris, giving the tone of public feeling abroad, is made a special and permanent feature. In addition to Editorials on all the current topics of the day, the SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES has a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agricultural and domestic interest, specially prepared for the TIMES by a practical agriculturist; and marriages and deaths of the week.

The "SEMI-WEEKLY RECORD," or news summary—being a careful synopsis and digest of the news of the day, is alone worth double the subscription price to the paper, as it preserves in a condensed and conveniently classified form all news of interest, and must prove valuable as a record to all time.

TERMS.—THREE DOLLARS per annum. Two copies, one year, $5.

Lyon's Magnetic Insect Powder.—It Kills Instantly.—Cockroaches, fleas, bugs, and every kind of insect varmin killed at once by this remarkable powder. It is not poisonous but certain to do its work. A single 25 cent flask has often

KILLED A PECK OF COCKROACHES.

This powder is also the very best thing in the world to put away Furs, Carpets, and Winter Clothing, &c., in. It is sure to drive away Moths. Be sure you get Lyon's. It is the original and only true Insect Destroying Powder. Beware of Imitations. See the signature of E. Lyon on the flask. Depot, No. 21 Park-row, New-York.

White, Whitman & Co.,
NOS. 234 AND 235 BROADWAY,
INVITE ATTENTION TO THEIR SPLENDID
STOCK OF
READY-MADE SCOTCH MIXTURES
AND CHIVOT SUITS,
FROM $18 TO $28.

Chickering & Sons, Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Piano-fortes, were awarded at the Paris Exposition the First Grand Prize, the Legion of Honor and a Grand Gold Medal, making 63 first premiums during the past 45 years. Warerooms, No. 652 Broadway.

Removal.

WIRE STANDS AND FRAMES.

The business located at the corner of Broadway and Canal-st., which has been bought by me to constitute a new branch of industry, and which has existed for the last sixteen years as the largest in the United States for the manufacture of wire stands and brass fixtures to show goods in stores, has been removed to the large marble building Nos. 466 and 468 Broome-st., corner of Greene-st., two blocks west of Broadway.

I also tender my sincere thanks to my customers for their patronage.

J. R. PARMENBERG,
Manufacturer of all kinds of Wire Stands and Brass Fixtures, 466 and 468 Broome-st., corner of Greene-st.

Self-Lighting Gas-Burner.

One of the most ingenious, simple, useful and economical inventions of the day.

P. S. SANDERSON, Agent, 661 Broadway, op. Bond-st.

Surbrug's Peculiar Smoking Tobacco.

The best article in the market. Try it.

SURBRUG & CO., No. 151 Fulton-st., Nos. 189, 840, 1,145 Broadway, 4th-av. and 14th-st., and No. 54 Wall-st.

Hair Dye, Hair Dye, Hair Dye.—The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye is the best in the world—the only perfect dye—harmless, reliable, instantaneous, black or brown. Sold everywhere, and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, 16 Bond, N. Y.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Everdell's, No. 302 Broadway.—Wedding cards and note paper, the most elegant in the City. Established 1840.

Terhune & Brett, No. 29 Barclay-st.
WINDOW SHADES AND VENITIAN BLINDS.

Hoff's Malt Extract Depot Removed to No. 2½ Murray-st., near Broadway.

MARRIED.

GILLET—IVES.—At Chicago, on Thursday, May 7, at the residence of Mr. Henry C. Van Schaick, JAMES GILLET, of New-York City, to Miss ALICE H. IVES, of Lansingburg, N. Y. No cards.

MALLABY—SMITH.—At Washington, D. C., on Thursday, May 7, at the Church of the Epiphany, by Rev. Charles H. Hall, D. D., Rev. THOMAS MALLABY to Mrs. JANE C. SMITH, of Washington, D. C.

DIED.

CAULDWELL.—On Wednesday evening, May 11, ELIZABETH CAULDWELL, in the 73d year of her age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

CLOCK.—On Saturday afternoon, May 9, after a lingering illness, ADOLPHUS E. CLOCK, aged 30 years, only son of Alfred and Ann Maria Clock.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 50 South 9th-st., Brooklyn, E. D., on Wednesday afternoon, the 13th inst., at 2 o'clock.

ELLIOTT.—On Monday, May 11, at Yonkers, on the Hudson, HENRY ELLIOTT, in the 50th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral at the First Presbyterian Church on Wednesday, May 13, at 2 o'clock.

☞ Bridgeport and Litchfield, Conn., papers please copy.

GLOVER.—At her residence, corner of Franklin and De Kalb avs., Brooklyn, on Saturday morning, May 9, SUSAN GLOVER, widow of Frederick Glover, in her 68th year.

LUDLAM.—On Sunday, May 10, after a lingering illness, WILLIAM C., son of Silas Ludlam, Esq., of Brooklyn, in the 34th year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at the residence of his parents, No. 132 Remsen-st., on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

MONROE.—On Monday, May 11, of consumption, Miss MARY EMMA MONROE, daughter of the late James Monroe.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday at 11 A. M., from No. 340 West 51st-st.

MCINTYRE.—On Sabbath afternoon, May 10, ARCHIBALD, son of Ewen and Emily A. McIntyre, aged 5 years, 6 months and 7 days, (twin brother of Andrew, who died on the 3d inst.)

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services on Tuesday afternoon, 12th inst., at 5 o'clock, at the residence of his parents, No. 34 West 18th-st.

MORTIMER.—On Sunday morning, May 10, after a short illness, GEORGE MORTIMER, for many years Canceling Clerk in the Register's Office, New-York.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral at his late residence, No. 144 West 47th-st., New-York, on Tuesday, the 12th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

RICH.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, May 11, after a long and painful illness, Mrs. JULIA A. RICH, aged 46 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her brother, T. V. Gendar, No. 37 Ryerson-st., this day, (Tuesday,) the 12th inst., at 2 P. M.

REYNOLDS.—At her residence, near Whitlock's Point, Westchester County, on Monday, May 11, KATHERINE M., daughter of the late Stephen Keeler, and wife of J. C. C. Reynolds.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral at the Reformed Church in Mott Haven, on Wednesday, the 13th inst., at 11 A. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Mott Haven Depot on arrival of the Harlem Railroad train which leaves 26th-st. at 10 A. M.

ROWLEY.—On Saturday, May 9, Hon. JOHN ROWLEY, aged 64 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, in Claverack, Columbia County, on Wednesday next, at 3 o'clock P. M.

SWANWICK.—On Monday, May 11, JAMES BISSETT SWANWICK, of Leamington, England, aged 45 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 70 Ryerson-st., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, the 13th inst., at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends will please attend the funeral without further notice.

☞ Liverpool papers please copy.

STORY.—On Saturday, May 9, CARRIE I., youngest child of Jacob and Louisa J. Story, Jr., aged 10 months and 1 day.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of the parents, No. 32 East 12th-st., on Tuesday afternoon, the 12th inst., at 1 o'clock, without further invitation.

TAYLOR.—On Monday, May 11, of disease of the brain, JOHN LOW TAYLOR, aged 50 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 66 West 13th-st., on Thursday, May 14 at 1 P. M.

WESTERVELT.—On Monday, May 11, MARIA JANE, only daughter of James E. and Sarah Westervelt, aged 14 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday morning at 10½ o'clock, at No. 56 Gansevoort-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC and MANDRAKE PILLS for the cure of CONSUMPTION, LIVER COMPLAINT and DYSPEPSIA. In consequence of engagements at home, Dr. Schenck will hereafter visit New-York professionally only every other Tuesday. His next professional visit to this City will be on TUESDAY, May 19, at his rooms, No. 32 Bond-st., from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. His patients and the public wishing to consult him on his specialty will please make a note of this change. All advice free; but for a thorough examination of the lungs with his Respirometer, his price is $5. His medicines may be obtained at his rooms at all times.

HIRAM YOUNG & REED,
MANUFACTURERS OF SILVER-PLATED WARE,
No. 8 Maiden-lane.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Europe will be dispatched from this office on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, closing at 12 o'clock M., and at Stations A and B, 11:45; C, O and D, 11:25; E and F, 11:10, and G at 11 o'clock A. M. Also, on WEDNESDAY notice of the hour of closing, which will be posted at the general office, and the stations on TUESDAY, P. M.

JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

GENTLEMEN—DON'T FORGET THE IMPORTER'S sale of first quality MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, at retail, AT VAIL'S HAT STORE, NO. 143 FULTON-ST. Best "New-York Mills" shirts, $2 65; all other goods on same basis. OR, if customers prefer, goods will be invoiced at the lowest prices anywhere—then one-fourth deducted from the bill. There will be no half-way work.

CHEAPEST RELIABLE SEWING MACHINES are Bartlett's Reversible Machines.—The style sold at $25 can be used by hand or foot; will do all the family sewing; warranted and kept in order. Examine the different styles at the depot, 569 B'dway, N. Y.

WRAPPING-PAPER FOR SALE.—OLD copies of the *New-York Times* can be had at the counter of the *New-York Times*. Price, $1 per hundred. Also, old exchange papers. Price, 50 cents per hundred.

GO TO MACFARLAND'S BOOK-STORE, cor. of 23d-st. and Broadway, and get a box of beautiful French Note Paper. Five quires for $1, stamped.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

JUST PUBLISHED:
A NEW STORY BY A NEW WRITER.
MARGARET:
A STORY OF LIFE IN A PRAIRIE HOME.
By "LYNDON."
1 vol., 12mo, nearly 400 pages. Price $1 50.

MARGARET is an exceedingly fresh and charming story of American life. The plot is very skillfully constructed and admirably managed; the characters are strongly individualized, and several of them will secure a place in the memory of all readers by their marked and amusing originality. While there is nothing exaggerated or sensational in the story, its exquisite tenderness, thorough naturalness and graphic power combined, must secure for it wide popularity.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

"One of the sprightliest, purest and best contributions to the literature of fiction that we have had the pleasure of reading for a long time. * * * It is the furthest removed from mawkishness or sentimentality; and the same element makes it a charming family-book. It is like a mountain spring—clear, sparkling, pure and exceedingly refreshing to one who has wandered in the hot road or tangled thickets of modern novel-writing."—*New-York Times.*

"The novel is calculated to interest by its truthfulness to nature and by its adherence to the ordinary routine of quiet domestic life. The people described are real people, and the events are those of real life as it can be found to-day."—*Evening Post.*

"In graphic delineations, in clearly conceived and finely contrasted character, in delicacy and tenderness of sentiment, in purity and elevation of tone and in the unaffected ease with which the story is wrought together, it will immediately take a high place in the literature of romance. It finds its way to the hearts of its readers with the utmost readiness and holds them beneath the spell of its gentle fascinations."—*Wm. Gammell, L.L.D., of Providence, R. I., in the New-York Examiner.*

"The whole story is simple, unstrained, earnest and high-toned. There is nothing splashy or flashy, tawdry or maudry about it, and it cannot but interest all who like a taking tale takingly told."—*Chicago Journal.*

"It is the story of a pure and a noble life, unselfish, brave, self-sacrificing; and it is told in a style of unusual simplicity and beauty, without any sensational tricks of plot or incident."—*New-York Citizen.*

ALSO JUST PUBLISHED:

NORWOOD: OR VILLAGE LIFE IN NEW-ENGLAND. BY HENRY WARD BEECHER. *From the New-York Ledger.* Thirty-fifth thousand. 1 vol., large 12mo, nearly 600 pages. $1 50.

KATHRINA: HER LIFE AND MINE, IN A POEM. FORTY-FIFTH THOUSAND. BY J. G. HOLLAND, (TIMOTHY TITCOMB.) 1 vol., 12mo. Price $1 50.

THE DIVINE TEACHER: BEING THE RECORDED SAYINGS OF OUR LORD JESUS CHRIST DURING HIS MINISTRY ON EARTH. 1 vol. square 16mo. cloth, beveled edges, $1 50.

THE GREATEST BIBLICAL WORK OF THE AGE.

TWO NEW VOLUMES NOW READY OF
LANGE'S COMMENTARY.
I.
GENESIS.
By Prof. TAYLER LEWIS, LL. D., and A. GOSMAN, D. D.
II.
THE EPISTLES TO
THESSALONIANS, TIMOTHY, TITUS, PHILEMON AND HEBREWS.

By the Rev. Drs. E. HARWOOD, H. B. HACKETT, E. A. WASHBURNE, GEORGE B. DAY, A. C. KENDRICK, and the late JOHN LILLIE.

The four volumes previously published are:

MATTHEW. 1 vol. By PHILIP SCHAFF, D. D.
MARK AND LUKE. 1 vol. By Drs. SHEDD, SCHAFF, STARBUCK.
ACTS. 1 vol. By Dr. C. F. SCHAFFER.
JAMES, PETER, JOHN AND JUDE. 1 vol. By Dr. J. ISIDOR MOMBERT.

Price per vol., sheep, $6 50; cloth, $5.

*** *Each volume of LANGE'S COMMENTARY is complete in itself, and can be purchased separately.*

*** *The above works for sale by all booksellers or sent by mail, post-paid, by the Publishers upon the receipt of the price.*

CHARLES SCRIBNER & CO.,
No. 654 Broadway, New-York.

TO RAILWAY TRAVELERS.
The second edition for May of
APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE
Will be ready THIS DAY, at 10 A. M.
CONTENTS OF MAY GUIDE:
I. Important Instructions to Railway Travelers.
II. Nearly One Hundred Railway Maps.
III. Monthly Account of Railways and their Progress.
IV. Anecdotes and Incidents of Travel.
V. New Time-Tables to date, &c., &c.

☞ Be particular and get APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE. For sale everywhere.

D. APPLETON & CO, Publishers,
Nos. 90, 92 and 94 Grand, corner of Greene-st.

MAHAN'S CIVIL ENGINEERING.
NEW EDITION.
JOHN WILEY & SON,
No. 2 Clinton Hall, Astor-place,
have now ready
A NEW AND IMPROVED EDITION OF
AN ELEMENTARY COURSE OF CIVIL ENGINEERING.
By Prof. D. H. MAHAN, of West Point Military Academy.
1 vol., 8vo, with numerous wood engravings.........$4 00
*** Mailed and prepaid on receipt of the price.

AHEAD OF ALL THE DAILIES.

THE IMPEACHMENT VERDICT COMICALLY ILLUSTRATED IN THE NEW NUMBER OF "YANKEE NOTIONS."

With 40 other screaming pictures, now ready at [illegible] newsdealers. 15 cents a copy.

FINANCIAL.

Fisk & Hatch

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

No. 5 Nassau-street,

BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES, ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF UNITED STATES SECURITIES, and give especial attention to the conversion of SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES INTO THE NEW FIVE-TWENTY BONDS OF 1865 AND 1867.

Holders of the Sixes of 1881, and Five-twenty Bonds of 1862, and May 1, 1865, may now realize a liberal difference by exchanging them for the new 5-20s of 1865-7. We are prepared to make these exchanges upon the most favorable terms.

Deposits received and collections made.

FISK & HATCH. No. 5 Nassau-st.

HEDDEN, WINCHESTER & CO.,

No. 69 Broadway, New-York,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

☞ STOCKS, BONDS, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, AND GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD on commission. Interest allowed on balances.

RODMAN, FISK & CO.,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. NO. 18 NASSAU-ST., New-York.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.

Issue letters of credit, for travelers' use, on the Messrs. ROTHSCHILD, in Paris, London, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Vienna, and their correspondents in all the principal cities of Europe.

ALSO, MAKE TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFER OF MONEY ON CALIFORNIA, EUROPE AND HAVANA.

WILLIAMS & GUION,

NO. 71 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Issue circular Letters of Credit through ALEXR. S. PETRIE & CO., LONDON, AVAILABLE FOR TRAVELERS IN ALL PARTS OF EUROPE, &C.

Sterling Exchange at sight and sixty days.

Orders for Stocks, Bonds and Merchandise executed in London, by Cable or mail.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 7 Rue Scribe, Paris,
and
No. 8 Wall-st., New-York.

Issue circular letters of credit to travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c.

Also, commercial credits.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,

ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

ST. LOUIS AND IRON MOUNTAIN RAILROAD COMPANY'S SEVEN PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS. FEBRUARY AND AUGUST COUPONS.

The title of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad having been confirmed by act of the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, and the bonds declared valid, the work of extending the same to a connection with the Southern system of roads at Columbus, Ky., is now going rapidly forward. Ninety-one miles being in profitable operation, forty-five miles of new work graded, with rails enough on hand for forty-seven miles, it is expected that the whole line, from St. Louis to Belmont, 183 miles, will be opened for business early next year, so that there will be a continuous line from St. Louis to Mobile, New-Orleans and other Southern cities. A very large traffic is anticipated.

The old part of the road (91 miles) already earns enough to secure all the interest on the whole mortgage debt, and the extension completed, will vastly increase the earnings. The proceeds of these bonds going into the extension of the road adds to the security, and a projected branch, southwestwardly from Pilot Knob, for which a cash subsidy of $15,000 per mile is granted by the State, as a free gift to the Company, will add very much to the value of their property.

THOS. ALLEN, President, St. Louis, Mo.

We, the undersigned, cordially recommend these seven per cent. mortgage bonds of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad as a good security. The revenue of the road will be large, and the administration of the affairs of the Company is in capable and experienced hands, and is entitled to the greatest confidence of the public.

JAMES S. THOMAS, Mayor of St. Louis.
JOHN J. ROE, Pres. Union Merchants' Exchange, St. Louis. (Chamber of Commerce.)
R. W. FOX, Pres. St. Louis Board of Trade.
BARTON BATES, Pres. North Missouri Railroad.
J. H. BRITTON, Pres. Nat. Bank of the State of Mo., in St. Louis.
WM. L. EWING, Pres. of the Mer. N. B. of St. Louis.
GEO. H. REA, Pres. Second National Bank, St. Louis.
JAS. B. EADS, Chief-Engineer St. Louis and Illinois Bridge Company.
GEO. R. TAYLOR, Pres. Pacific Railroad, (of Missouri.)
WM. TAUSSIG, Pres. Traders' Bank, St. Louis.
JOHN R. LIONBERGER, Pres. Third National Bank of St. Louis, Mo.
ADOLPHUS MEIER, Vice-Pres. Union Pacific Railway, (E. D.)
ROBERT BARTH, Pres. German Savings Institution.
ALLEN, COPP & NISBET, Bankers, St Louis.

NEW-YORK REFERENCES.

E. D. MORGAN & CO., S. GANDY,
J. H. SWIFT, W. T. BLODGETT,
ISAAC N. PHELPS, A. R. ENO.
W. V. BRADY.

Bonds for sale, and pamphlets with details can be had at the New-York Agency.

H. G. MARQUAND, Vice President, No. 43 Wall-st.

AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY,
No. 142 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, May 6, 1868.

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF THIS Company, held this day, the following gentlemen were elected Trustees for the ensuing year, viz:

JOHN E. GAVIT, TRACY R. EDSON,
NEZIAH WRIGHT, O. D. F. GRANT,
J. DORSEY BALD, C. L. VAN ZANDT,
ALBERT G. GOODALL, WM. M. SMILLIE,
GEO. H. STAYNER.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Trustees the following officers were reëlected:

JOHN E. GAVIT, President.
ALBERT G. GOODALL, Vice-President.
C. L. VAN ZANDT, Secretary.
NEZIAH WRIGHT, Treasurer.

C. L. VAN ZANDT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 18, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stock and Bondholders of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company for the election of a Board of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them, will be held at the office of the Company, in the city of Chicago, on Thursday, the 4th day of June next, at 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of Saturday, the 2d of May, and reopened on the morning of Monday, the 8th of June.

JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 270 WEST 30TH-ST.,
NEW-YORK, May 9, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Hudson River Railroad Company, for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 270 West 30th-st., New-York City, on MONDAY, June 8, 1868. Polls will be open from 12 M. until 2 P. M., and as much longer, not beyond the setting of the sun on the same day, as the Inspectors may find necessary to receive the votes of electors presenting themselves. The transfer books will be closed from 4 o'clock P. M. on the 19th day of May, until 9 o'clock A. M. on the 9th day of June.

AUGUSTUS SCHELL, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO.,
NEW-YORK, April 7, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company, for the election of Managers, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at their office, No. 7 Nassau-st., on TUESDAY, the 12th day of May next, at 12 o'clock, noon.

The transfer book will be closed from the morning of the 4th until the morning of the 13th day of May next.

By order of the Board.

ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK OF CINCINNATI,
CINCINNATI, April 25, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Commercial National Bank of Cincinnati, by vote of the shareholders, on the 8th day of April, 1868, and taking effect this day, is closing up its affairs.

The holders of notes, and other creditors of said bank, are requested to present such notes or other claims to the Commercial Bank of Cincinnati, organized under the Free Banking Law of Ohio.

CHAS. B. FOOTE, President.
HUGH COLVILLE, Cashier.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF CINCINNATI,
CINCINNATI, April 25, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Commercial Bank of Cincinnati, organized under the Free Banking Law of Ohio, has this day purchased all the assets and business of the Commercial National Bank of Cincinnati, now closing its affairs, and under the same management will continue business as heretofore.

Notes and claims against the Commercial National Bank will be paid by this Bank on demand.

CHAS. B. FOOTE, President.
HUGH COLVILLE, Cashier.

KNOWLTON MINING CO., NO. 44 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
NEW-YORK, May 4, 1868.

THE SHARES OF THE KNOWLTON MINING COMPANY, heretofore advertised, on which the assessment of $1 per share, due Dec. 2, 1867, shall remain unpaid on the 15th day of May, 1868, will be sold at auction on that day at 12 o'clock, at No. 44 Exchange-place, and all delinquent shareholders are hereby notified. By order, F. W. CAPEN, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY—NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The annual election for thirteen Directors of this Company for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, corner of 4th-av. and 26th-st., on TUESDAY, the 19th day of May next. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon until 2 o'clock P. M. of that day. The transfer-books will be closed from 4 o'clock P. M. of the 12th day of May next until 9 o'clock A. M. of the 20th day of May next.

R. J. NIVEN, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, April 28, 1868.

OFFICE OF "THE LOWER CALIFORNIA COMPANY," No. 19 William-st., New-York, May 5, 1868.—All holders of interests, (original or subdivisions,) in the Lower California Company are hereby requested to hand in at the Company's office vouchers for same on or before the 20th of May, with a view to the allotment of stock. WM. R. TRAVERS, Treasurer.

THE DEFERRED ANNUAL MEETING of shareholders in the Knowlton Mining Company for the choice of Directors and the transaction of any other legal business, will be held at No. 44 Exchange-place, on SATURDAY, May 30, 1868, at 2 o'clock. By order. F. W. CAPEN, Secretary.

A MEMBER OF THE REGULAR BOARD of Brokers would like to connect himself, as partner or clerk, with some gentleman or firm doing a strictly investment business. A favorable arrangement could be made for any business entirely free from the element of speculation. Address INVESTMENT, Norwalk, Conn.

FINANCIAL.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
NO. 336 BROADWAY.

CAPITAL,
ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

CHARTERED BY THE STATE.

DARIUS R. MANGAM, President.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

RECEIVES DEPOSITS AND ALLOWS
FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST
ON DAILY BALANCES,
SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.

SPECIAL DEPOSITS for Six Months, or more, may be made at five per cent.

The Capital of ONE MILLION DOLLARS is divided among over 500 Shareholders, comprising many gentlemen of large wealth and financial experience, who are also personally liable to depositors for all obligations of the Company to double the amount of their capital stock. As THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY receives deposits in large or small amounts, and permits them to be drawn as a whole or in part by CHECK AT SIGHT and WITHOUT NOTICE, allowing interest on ALL DAILY BALANCES, parties can keep accounts in this Institution with special advantages of security, convenience and profit.

BANKING HOUSE OF

JAY COOKE & CO.

NO. 20 WALL-ST.,
CORNER OF NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

We buy and sell at the most liberal current prices, and keep on hand a full supply of

GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ALL ISSUES,
SEVEN-THIRTIES
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,

and execute orders for purchase and sale of

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

We have added to our office a Retail Department for the accommodation of the public demand for investment in and exchanges of Government Securities, the purchase of GOLD and INTEREST COUPONS, and the sale of INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS.

SEVEN-THIRTIES CONVERTED INTO FIVE-TWENTIES AT THE MOST FAVORABLE RATES.

JAY COOKE & CO.

VERMILYE & CO.,

NO. 44 WALL-ST.

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO
FUNDING 7.30 TREASURY LOANS.

All series taken in exchange for 5-20 BONDS. Returns made to correspondents without delay, and on favorable terms.

CLOSING PRICES.

NEW-YORK, May 11, 1868—3 P. M.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Registered '81	113⅞	114	5-20 Coupon, '67	109⅝	109¾
Coupon, 1881	113⅞	114	10-40 Registered	103⅝	103¾
5-20 Regist'd '62	106⅝	106⅞	10-40 Coupon	103⅝	103¾
5-20 Coupon, '62	109	109⅛	Gold	139⅝	140
5-20 Coupon, '64	107	107⅛	June 7.30	107⅝	107¾
5-20 Coupon, '65	107⅝	107¾	July 7.30	107⅝	107¾
5-20C.'65, Jan.July	109⅜	109½			

ALL CLASSES OF UNITED STATES FUNDS

Credited or Remitted for on Receipt, at Market Rates, FREE OF ALL COMMISSION CHARGES.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICES No. 135 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, and
No. 151 MONTAGUE-ST., BROOKLYN.

CASH CAPITAL, - - - $2,000,000 00
ASSETS JAN. 1, 1868, - - $3,623,896 87
LIABILITIES. - - - $107,490 55

DESIRING TO DEAL DIRECTLY WITH ITS CUSTOMERS, THIS COMPANY WILL HEREAFTER MAKE A REBATE FROM THE PREMIUM, ON RISKS IN THE CITY, EQUAL TO THE COMMISSION HERETOFORE PAID AS BROKERAGE.

CHAS. J. MARTIN, Pres.
A. F. WILLMARTH, V.-Pres.
D. A. HEALD, 2d V.-Pres.
J. H. WASHBURN, Sec.
GEO. M. LYON, Ass't Sec.
T. B. GREENE, 2d Ass't Sec.

RACINE,
WATERTOWN, WISCONSIN;
and KENOSHA, MUSCATINE CITY,
and COUNTY, IOWA.

WESTERN SECURITIES, COUNTY, CITY and TOWN BONDS negotiated and purchased at best market rates. GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 7 Wall-st.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE BONDS and coupons of the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad Company, secured by the mortgage executed by said Company, dated May 8, 1857, and conveying to THOMAS E. WALKER and CURTIS RAYMOND, as trustees, the division of said Company's railroad, known as the second division, extending westwardly from Iowa City, and all the rolling stock and other property appurtenant thereto, together with all the interest of said Company in the lands granted by the United States to the State of Iowa, and by said State to said Company in aid of the construction of said railroad, by the several acts of Congress and of the General Assembly of Iowa, set forth or referred to in said mortgage. Notice is hereby given to present their bonds and coupons at the office of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company, in the City of New-York, within two years from the 9th day of July, 1866, for payment of the amount to be paid thereon by the undersigned, present trustees of said mortgage, in pursuance of the decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Iowa, made May 11, 1866, by which decree said mortgage was foreclosed, and in obedience to which decree the said mortgaged property has been sold, and certain moneys being proceeds thereof have been paid to the undersigned as such trustee for the benefit of the holders of said bonds and coupons entitled to share therein; and if any of said bonds and coupons are not so presented within the time aforesaid, the holders of such bonds and coupons not so presented will be debarred by the said decree from all right to have any portion of the proceeds of the sale of said mortgaged property applied in payment thereof.

THOMAS E. WALKER, F. HAVEN, } Trustees.

NEW-YORK, May 4, 1868.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE BONDS and coupons of the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad Company, secured by the mortgage executed by said Company to EDWARD W. DUNHAM, the undersigned, as trustee, dated July 1, 1855, and conveying the eastern division of said Company's railroad, extending from the eastern line of the State of Iowa, at Davenport, to Iowa City and Muscatine, with the rolling stock and property appurtenant thereto, notice is hereby given to present their bonds and coupons at the office of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company, in the City of New-York, within two years from the 9th day of July, 1866, for payment of the amount to be paid thereon by the undersigned Trustee of said mortgage, in pursuance of the decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Iowa, made May 11, 1866, by which decree said mortgage was foreclosed, and in obedience to which decree the said mortgaged property has been sold, and certain moneys, being proceeds thereof, have been paid to the undersigned, as such Trustee, for the benefit of the holders of said bonds and coupons entitled to share therein, and if any of said bonds and coupons are not so presented within the time aforesaid, the holders of such bonds and coupons not so presented will be debarred by the said decree from all right to have any portion of the proceeds of the sale of said mortgaged property applied in payment thereof.

F. H. TOWS, Trustee.

NEW-YORK, May 4, 1868.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE BONDS and coupons of the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad Company, secured by the mortgage, executed by said Company to EDWARD W. DUNHAM, the undersigned, as Trustee, dated July 1, 1856, and conveying that division of said Company's railroad, known as the Oskaloosa Division, extending west from the City of Muscatine, and the rolling stock and property appurtenant thereto—Notice is hereby given to present their bonds and coupons at the office of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company in the City of New-York, within two years from the 9th day of July, 1866, for payment of the amount to be paid thereon by the undersigned Trustee of said mortgage, in pursuance of the decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Iowa, made May 11, 1866, by which decree said mortgage was foreclosed, and in obedience to which decree the said mortgaged property has been sold, and certain moneys, being proceeds thereof, have been paid to the undersigned as such Trustee for the benefit of the holders of said bonds and coupons entitled to share therein; and if any of said bonds and coupons are not so presented within the time aforesaid, the holders of such bonds and coupons not so presented will be debarred by the said decree from all right to have any portion of the proceeds of the sale of said mortgaged property applied in payment thereof.

NEW-YORK, May 4, 1868. F. H. TOWS, Trustee.

OFFICE OF THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R. CO.,
NEW-YORK, May 7, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE shareholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Chicago, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of May, instant, at 3 o'clock P. M. The transfer books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on the 15th instant, and re-opened on the 1st day of June next.

L. A. CATLIN, Secretary.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD CO.,
CORNER 4TH-AV. AND 27TH-ST.,
PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, April 24, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this Company will be held at the Merchants' Exchange, in the City of New-Haven, on THURSDAY, May 21, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 7th to the 21st day of May, inclusive.

WM. D. BISHOP, President.

FINANCIAL

HATCH, FOOTE & Co

BANKERS
AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, STOCKS, &c.

Buy and Sell all issues of
U. S. BONDS
at MARKET RATES, and EXCHANGE
7-30 Notes, May 11, 1868, as follows:
For JUNE NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and pay $7 44 DIFFERENCE.
For JULY NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and pay $1 24 DIFFERENCE
ON EACH $1,000.
No. 12 Wall-st., New-York.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,

BANKERS,

27 Pine-st., New-York,

ISSUE LETTERS OF CREDIT for Traveler's use available in all parts of the world.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES bought and sold at the Stock Exchange on usual commission.

Interest allowed on deposits.

OFFICE OF THE NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INS. CO.,
No. 114 Broadway, NEW-YORK, May 11, 1868.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of the North American Fire Insurance Company will be held at the office of the Company on MONDAY, the 25th day of May inst.

The polls will be open at 12 o'clock, and will close at 1 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS in the Evergreen Bluff Mining Company, (deferred from March 18,) will be held at No. 44 Exchange-place, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, May 13, at 2 o'clock. By order:

F. W. CAPEN, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 12 Wall-st., New-York, May 1, 1868.

A dividend of SEVEN Per Cent. on the preferred stock of this Company, less the government tax, has been this day declared, according to the provisions of the trust deed, payable in cash on the 15th day of May instant, at the office of the Company, No. 12 Wall-st.

The transfer books of the preferred stock will be open from the 5th to the 11th instant, inclusive.

CHARLES BUTLER, President.

DIVIDEND.

The "National Patent Wood Preserving Company" have declared a dividend of six per cent., payable in cash, on and after May 19, by

EUGENE KELLY, Treasurer,
No. 24 Nassau-st.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1868.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER cent., free of all taxes, has been declared payable on the 9th inst. Transfer books closed until that date.

JNO. R. KEARNEY, Cashier.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

NO. 96 WARREN-ST.

Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on all sums entitled thereto, free of Government tax. Open daily from 10 to 3 P. M.

WALTER W. CONKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,

Corner of 3d-av., and 26th-st.

Six per cent. interest paid, free from Government tax, on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
WM. B. BIBBINS, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner of Laight. Open daily from 10 to 3. SIX PER CENT interest on $5 to $5,000. Assets, $4,711,998 98.

DRY GOODS

STRANG & ADRIANCE,

No. 355 BROADWAY, BETWEEN FRANKLIN AND LEONARD STS.,

Will offer at retail, on Monday, great novelties in
RICH DRESS GOODS,
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,
IRISH AND FRENCH POPLINS,
PONGEES, WASH POPLINS,
in great variety, for SUITS and WALKING DRESSES. from auction, at great bargains. Also,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS
at much less than former prices; PILLOW LINENS from auction, at the price of Cotton, in all widths; DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS and NAPKINS, QUILTS, &c., in great variety. Also, 500 PIECES WHITE PIQUES, from 25c. up to the finest imported.

GREAT BARGAINS FROM AUCTION.

STRANG & ADRIANCE,

No. 355 BROADWAY, will offer at Retail, on Monday, the largest assortment of

LUPIN'S BLACK AND COLORED IRON FRAME GRENADINES, ALL WIDTHS,

from last week's auction sales, ever exhibited. Also,

REAL FRENCH POPLIN MOHAIRS,

a new and very desirable article for SUITS and DRESSES, far superior to English in colors and for wear.

500 BLACK ALPACAS, from auction, from 35c. up to the finest imported; greatest bargains ever offered by us.

STRANG & ADRIANCE.

No. 355 BROADWAY, will offer at Retail, on Monday,
PARIS CAMELS' HAIR SHAWLS,
in SQUARE and LONG. Also, PAISLEY and all other styles of Shawls, with BLACK and WHITE GRENADINE BAREGES.
From last week's auction.
Also,
the largest assortment of
REAL LLAMA LACE POINTS,
in BLACK and WHITE, from $10 up to the finest imported. GREAT BARGAINS.
Also,
500 DOZEN KID GLOVES, best ever sold for $1 per pair, all colors. Also,
ORGANDIES, JACONETS, PERCALES. ROBES and PRINTS in great variety.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

LINES OF BONNET RIBBONS,
At 15, 20, 25, 30, 40 cts. per yard and upward.

Plain Ribbons every shade and width. Cheap.
Dotted, Frosted, Beaded, and Crystallized Laces and Crapes, every Color and Width.
Full Lines of Real Laces and Vails.
Our Ladies' Kid Gloves commence at 30 cts. per pair.

TRY OUR DOLLAR KID GLOVES.

Over One Hundred New Styles in Lisle Thread Gloves.
LINES OF EMBROIDERIES, LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, COLLARS AND CUFFS FROM AUCTION—BARGAINS.

HOSIERY CHEAP.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS, GIMPS AND VELVET RIBBONS. ENDLESS VARIETY.

SILK TRIMMINGS, every width and color.
Orders executed at six hours' notice.

IMPORTED FRENCH FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.

YANKEE NOTIONS.

Corsets at 50c., 75c., $1, $1 25, and upward, (whalebone.)

Cheapest line of Parasols and Sunshades in this City, at 62½c., 75c., $1, and upward.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

Over one hundred and fifty new styles in bonnets, hats and seasides for ladies, misses and infants; from 5 cents to $5; undoubtedly the largest and cheapest stock in this City to select from.

NEW STRAW GOODS EVERY DAY.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.

NEW JOBBING ROOM NOW OPEN.

CHEAP STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS.

LENGTHS CUT CHEAPER THAN DOWN-TOWN JOBBERS SELL PIECES. CALL.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT W. JACKSON'S, NO. 551 BROADWAY,

MOURNING GOODS FROM AUCTION.
FINE TAMISE CLOTHS, $7 50 PER DRESS, WORTH $12.
FINE HENRIETTA, $7 50 PER DRESS, WORTH $12.
FINE PARISIENNE CLOTH, $10 PER DRESS, WORTH $15.
FINE CRAPE CLOTH, $6 PER DRESS, WORTH $9.
FINE SCOTCH GINGHAMS, 31c. PER YARD, WORTH 50c.
BALMORAL SKIRTINGS, 50c. PER YARD, WORTH 75c.
PURE MOHAIR AND POPLIN ALPACAS AT 62½c., 75c. AND 87½c.—JUST ONE-THIRD BELOW THEIR REAL VALUE.
BUSHIRE CRAPES AND TAMARTINES, 37½c., WORTH 62½c. PER YARD.
RICH BLACK SILKS, IN ALL THE MOST POPULAR MAKES, ¾ WIDE, $2, $2 25, $2 50, $2 75 AND $3, REAL BARGAINS.
CANVAS AND IRON GRENADINES FROM ¾ TO 2 YARDS WIDE.
TRAVELING DRESS GOODS, IN GREAT VARIETY, AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.
ALSO A LARGE AND DESIRABLE STOCK OF ELEGANT MOURNING BONNETS OF THE MOST APPROVED STYLES, AT LOW PRICES.
W. JACKSON, NO. 551 BROADWAY.

KID GLOVES—GREAT REDUCTION.—WE have reduced the price of the best quality 20 cents; seconds, 25 cents. Ladies' and Misses' dog-skin, doeskin, silk and thread, in great variety; Hosiery and underwear; Misses' kids, all sizes, $1; Swedes, 50 cents, at ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st.

DRY GOODS

SUGDEN & BRADBURY

Have opened the New and Elegant Stores,
Nos. 312 and 314 BOWERY,
(near Bleecker-st.,)
as a first-class.
ONE PRICE RETAIL DRY-GOODS HOUSE.

Their long experience in the house of Messrs. LORD & TAYLOR, (Mr. Sugden as Superintendent, and Mr. Bradbury as Buyer,) will enable them to offer the most desirable goods at

VERY POPULAR PRICES,

and respectfully call your attention to their

NOVELTIES IN DRESS GOODS,
SHAWLS, CLOTHS, TRIMMINGS, LACES,
EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY, &c.,
AT UNPRECEDENTEDLY LOW PRICES,
to which we invite special attention
ALSO,
LINENS, WHITE GOODS, FLANNELS,
DOMESTICS, &c., &c., &c.

NOVELTIES IN DRESS GOODS,

FULL ASSORTMENT FROM AUCTION
and per steamer,
AT RETAIL,
AT REDUCED PRICES.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

SILKS AT REDUCED PRICES.

RICH PARIS DRESS SILKS.

Fancy colored and Black Silks, Magnificent Embroidered Robes, &c., &c., including every novelty of the season.

ALSO,

A full line of Plaid, Check, Striped and Chene Silks—very low.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

FASHIONABLE SACQUES,

SHAWLS, MANTILLAS, &c.,
including the latest Paris Novelties,
and also those of our own manufacture,
AT RETAIL, AT REDUCED PRICES.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS,

IN ALL THE NEW STYLES AND COLORS,
RICH LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
SUPERIOR PARIS KID GLOVES
AT ONE DOLLAR PER PAIR.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

COTTON AND LINEN SHEETINGS,
Napkins, Towels, Doylies, Quilts, Counterpanes,
Blankets, Piano and Table Covers, Window
Shades, Damasks, Curtain Materials,
Lace Curtains, Nottingham
Goods, Draperies, Cornices,
and Fixtures of
every kind.
GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO PURCHASERS
OFFERED BY
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.

NEW CARPETINGS, &C.

AT THE GRAND-STREET STORE ONLY,

Axminsters, Wiltons, Brussels, Three-ply, Two-ply, and Stair Carpetings, Oil-cloths, Matting, Rugs, Mats, Stair Rods, &c.

ALSO,

Feather Beds and Pillows, Curled Hair and Moss Mattresses, Paillasses and Bedding of every description, of their own manufacture.

N.B.—These goods will be offered at the lowest market rates, and parties about refurnishing will do well to call and examine our stock.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST., corner CHRISTIE-ST.

R. H. MACY.

WHITE GOODS
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

LACES,

EMBROIDERIES,
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
FRENCH CORSETS,
RIBBONS,
STRAW GOODS,
PARASOLS,
SUN UMBRELLAS,
SMALL WARES,
FANCY GOODS,
GLOVES AND HOSIERY,
TOILET GOODS, &C.,
At Popular Prices.

The Finest Assortment of Colored Laces and Lace Fringes in the City,
At Popular Prices.

A Fine Assortment of Dress Trimmings and Fringes,
At Popular Prices.

One of the best assortments of Real Laces in New-York,
At Popular Prices.

2,500 Pongee and Silk Ruffled Parasols,
At Popular Prices.

10,000 doz. Ladies', Gents', and Children's Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs,
In every quality and style.
At Popular Prices.

R. H. MACY,
14th-st. and 6th-av.

LADIES

Visiting the City will find all the
SPRING STYLES OF BOOTS AND SHOES
at S. CANTRELL'S, No. 813 Broadway,
Between 11th and 12th-sts.

BARGAINS IN TABLE LINENS, BLANKETS, quilts, sheetings, towelings, handkerchiefs, and all kinds of linens at retail.

GRAHAM'S Linen Warehouse, Clinton Hall, near Broadway.

SHIRTS TO ORDER.—MME. A. PIVOT, HAVING removed to No. 31 East 14th-st., corner Union-square, begs to inform her friends and customers that she is now prepared to receive their orders.

MILLINERY.

MRS. HOWELL, MILLINERY, NO. 243 6th-av., between 15th and 16th sts., New-York. Ladies' own materials made up.

LESSONS GIVEN IN THE ART OF cutting and fitting ladies' dresses, &c.; terms $5 to $10. Call at No. 295 Mott-st.

CARPETS.

CARPETS AND OIL-CLOTHS,

RICH DESIGNS.
SPRING SALES, 1868.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

VELVETS, TAPESTRY, BRUSSELS, three-ply and ingrain, from the best foreign and domestic manufactories, suitable to every style of furnishing.

SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
NO. 456 BROADWAY, NEAR GRAND.

FURNITURE.

DEGRAAF & TAYLOR,

NOS. 87 AND 89 BOWERY,

Have the largest assorted stock of FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND SPRING BEDS, of any house in the City, and owing to the general decline in material and repeal of tax, we will, until FURTHER NOTICE, TO REDUCE THE PRICE 30 PER CENT.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE.
AT G. W. SNEDEN & CAMPBELL'S,
No 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston-sts.

We manufacture and sell all kinds of furniture, in suites or single pieces,

RETAIL AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

Also, Mattresses, Bedding, Looking-Glasses, &c.

Goods warranted and delivered free. Self-Rocking and other Cradles. Furniture made to order. Goods boxed for shipping. Note the number.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE—AT LARGELY reduced prices. BRAUNSDORF & METZ, manufacturers, Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., between Norfolk and Essex sts., offer their large and well assorted stock of first-class furniture, consisting of sitting-room, parlor, library, bedroom and dining-room suites of the latest styles, to the public at wholesale prices. N. B.—All goods warranted.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 3d day of May, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of MOSES SPOHBORG, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Isaiah T. Williams, Register, on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal, as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

MAY 12, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of LANGFORD R. BROWN, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in this Court by Langford R. Brown, in said district, who has been duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress approved March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 3d day of June, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Mr. John W. Little, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 9 Law Building, in the City of Newburgh, in said district, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

Dated New-York, May 9, 1868.

my12-law3wTu GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SOLOMON SINSHEIMER and ISIDOR KAUFMAN, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors of said bankrupts and other persons interested, that on the 9th day of May, 1868, a petition was duly filed in said court by said bankrupts, for an order of reference to take proofs in order to supercede and discharge the proceedings in bankruptcy herein, and that on the same day an order was made directing that a hearing of the matter stated in said petition be had before John Fitch, Esq., the Register in charge of these proceedings, at his office, No. 39 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 25th day of May, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M. of that day, at which time and place all creditors and other persons interested are required to appear and show cause, if any there be, why an order should not be passed by the Court upon said petition, authorizing all proceedings herein to be superceded and discharged.—Dated New-York, May 11, 1868.

GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

my12-law3wTu*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SAMUEL LITTLE, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in this Court, by Samuel Little, in said district, who has been duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 3d day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Mr. John W. Little, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 9 Law Building, in the City of Newburg, in said district, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, May 9, 1868.

my12-law3wTu* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of EPHRAIM BULLIS, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in this Court, by Ephraim Bullis, in said district, who has been duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress approved March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 3d day of June, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Mr. John W. Little, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 9 Law Building, in the City of Newburgh, in said district, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

Dated New-York, May 9, 1868.

my12-law3wTu GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. FIELD, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by William H. Field, in said district duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 8th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, on the 11th day of May, 1868.

may12-law3wTu GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CHARLES S. LITTLE, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—At the city of New-York, in said district, on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1868.—To the creditors of Charles S. Little: Take notice, that a petition has been filed in said court by Charles S. Little, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 5th day of June, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at No. 39 Pine-street, in the City of New-York, in said district, before Mr. John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where you may attend and show cause, if any you have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk of the District Court.

GEORGE F. SEYMOUR, Attorney for Bankrupt, No. 229 Broadway, New-York. my12-law3wTu

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. BELCHER, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William H. Belcher, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York the 11th day of May, 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my12-law3wTu* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of BENJAMIN J. SCHOONMAKER, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Esq., Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Benjamin J. Schoonmaker, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by said District Court in said District.—Dated at New-York the 6th day of May, A. D. 1868.

DAVID JACOBS, Assignee,
No. 335 West 28th-st., New-York City.

C. J. WHITE Solicitor for petitioner, No. 119 Nassau-st., New-York. my12-law3wTu*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York. In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABNER S. HAIGHT, bankrupt.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Abner S. Haight, of the City of New-York, in the County and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 8th day of May, A. D. 1868.

I. M. ANDRUSS, Assignee,
my12-law3wTu* No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSHUA B. HYDE bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Joshua B. Hyde, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was on the 6th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the said Southern District of New-York.—Dated at the City of New-York, the 11th day of May, A. D. 1868.

BENJAMIN P. TODD, Assignee,
my12-law3wTu No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States.—For the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ISAAC CARPENTER, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Isaac Carpenter, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was on the sixteenth day of March, A. D., 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of New-York. Dated at the City of New-York, the 11th day of May, A. D., 1868.

JOHN TODD, Assignee,
my12-law3wTu No. 202 Broadway New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of AMZI S. DODD, a bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern:—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Amzi S. Dodd, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was, on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States, for the said Southern District of New-York.—Dated at the City of New-York, the 11th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN TODD, Assignee,
my12-law3wTu* No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ALBERT M. PALMER, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Albert M. Palmer, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of the United States, for the said Southern District of New-York.

Dated at the City of New-York, the 11th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN TODD, Assignee,
my12-law3wTu No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THEOPHILUS BELDEN, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Theophilus Belden, of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who was, to wit, on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged bankrupt, upon the petition of himself, by Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy.

Dated at New-York, the 11th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my12-law3wTu No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of MATTHIAS H. BARRETT, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 5th day of May, A. D. 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Matthias H. Barrett, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

GROSVENOR S. HUBBARD, Assignee,
my5-law3wTu* No. 64 Wall-st., New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WALTER D. STEWART, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—Southern District of New-York, ss.: At the City of New-York, the 5th day of May, A. D., 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Walter D. Stewart, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

GROSVENOR S. HUBBARD, Assignee,
my5-law3wTu* No. 64 Wall-st., New-York.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—DISTRICT OF NEW-JERSEY, ss.:—At Newark, the 9th day of May A. D. 1868.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of MOSES STRAUS, of the City of Newark, in the County of Essex, and State of New-Jersey, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

E. N. MILLER, Assignee, &c.,
my12-law3wTu* No. 291 Broad-st.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 18th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JACOB FRIEDMAN and HENRY FRIEDMAN, of the City of New-York in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 20th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal, as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

MAY 12, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM THORNAL, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by William Thornal, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 22d day of May, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, on the 27th day of April, 1868.

ap28-law3wTu* GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of EDMUND COFFIN, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Edmund Coffin, doing business in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 26th day of May, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., before said Court, sitting in Chambers, at the office of Mr. James F. Dwight, a Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., (corner Nassau,) in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, on the 25th day of April, 1868.

GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

THORNDIKE SAUNDERS, Attorney. ap28-law3wTu*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM B. JONES, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by William B. Jones, doing business in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 26th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M., before the said Court, sitting in Chambers, at the office of Mr. James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., (corner Nassau,) in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York on the 25th day of April, 1868.

GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

THORNDIKE SAUNDERS, Attorney.
ap28-law3wTu*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of THOMAS W. BROWN bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Thomas W. Brown, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 26th day of May, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 1st day of May, 1868. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

SACKETT, WEBSTER & SACKETT, Attorneys,
my5-law3wTu* No. 162 Broadway, New-York.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SUMNER W. BENNETT, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Sumner W. Bennett, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 26th day of May, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, on the 27th day of April, 1868.

ap28-law3wTu* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BURRITT R. ELLIOTT, a bankrupt.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 23d day of June, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.

Dated New-York, 27th day of April, A. D. 1868.

ap28-law3wTu* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY C. ELLIS, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Henry C. Ellis, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district; who was, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of the United States, for the said Southern District of New-York.

Dated at the City of New-York, the 11th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN TODD, Assignee,
my12-law3wTu No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES H. JOHNSON, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Charles H. Johnson, of Union, in the County of Union, in the State of New-Jersey, formerly a member of the firm of Bird & Johnson, in the City, County and State of New-York, and who was, to wit, on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1868, adjudged bankrupt upon the petition of himself by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York City, the 17th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap28-law3wTu* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 999.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSIAH W. THOMPSON, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Josiah W. Thompson, of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 17th day of April, A. D., 1868.

JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap28-law-3wTu* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York. In the matter of EDWARD J. KILBOURNE.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Edward J. Kilbourne, of the City and County of New-York, in said district, and who was on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1868—adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at the City of New-York the 8th day of April, A. D. 1868.

D. W. KILBOURNE, Assignee,
ap28-law-3wTu No. 26 Exchange-place, New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM D. SALISBURY, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William D. Salisbury, of New-York, in the County and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 17th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap28-law3wTu No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HIRAM W. ROCKWELL, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Hiram W. Rockwell, of the town of Catskill, in the County of Greene and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated April 17, 1868.

RUFUS W. WATSON, Assignee,
ap28-law3wTu Catskill, Greene County, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of RICHARD G. LOW, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Richard G. Low, of the town of Athens, in the County of Greene, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated April 17, 1868.

RUFUS W. WATSON, Assignee,
ap28-law3wTu Catskill, Greene County, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SIMON FISHEL, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Simon Fishel, of New-York City, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who was, to wit, on the 14th day of February, A. D. 1868, adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition in the District Court in said district.

Dated at New-York City, the 25th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap28-law3wTu* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES W. WOODHULL, a bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Charles W. Woodhull, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was, on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated City of New-York, 28th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN TODD, Assignee,
ap28-law3wTu* No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JAMES BECKER, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of James Becker, of the town of Catskill, in the County of Greene, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated April 17, 1868.

RUFUS W. WATSON, Assignee,
ap28-law3wTu Catskill, Greene County, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CHARLES SAGER, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Charles Sager, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 26th day of April, A. D. 1868.

I. M. ANDRUSS,
No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of New-Jersey.—In the matter of THEODORE BOLLENHAGEN, bankrupt. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Theodore Bollenhagen, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated Jersey City, April 29, 1868.

W. MUIRHEID, Assignee,
my5-law3wTu* No. 1 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HUGH C. McCOSH, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Hugh C. McCosh, of said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 4th day of June, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, in said district, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, May 11, 1868.

my12-law3wTu* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of GEORGE W. WOOD, a bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by George W. Wood in said District, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 28th day of May, 1868, at 12 M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, in said district, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated, New-York, May 4, 1868.

my5-law3wTu* GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ALONZO TREADWELL, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Alonzo Treadwell, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 28th day of May, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 30th day of April, 1868.

my5-law3wTu* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of DAVID WOOD, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by David Wood, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 29th day of May, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 39 Pine-street, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, on the 4th day of May, 1868.

my5-law3wTu* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ARNOLD C. HAWES, a bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 28th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.—Dated New-York, 4th day of May, A. D. 1868. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

my5-law3wTu*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN LIVINGSTON WOOLSEY, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts; By order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.

Dated New-York, 11th day of May, A. D. 1868.

my12-law3wTu GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

NO. 897.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN H. AUSTEN, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John H. Austen, of Staten Island, New-York, carrying on business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said District, who was one of the late firm of Austens & Spicer, of New-York City, and who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

Dated at New-York, the 29th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my5-law3wTu* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

ASSIGNEES' OR TRUSTEES' NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.—In the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BENJAMIN F. INGRAHAM, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Benjamin F. Ingraham, of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who was, to wit, on the 28th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York City, the 7th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my12-law3Tu* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM MANSFIELD, a bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the estate of William Mansfield, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was, on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.

Dated City of New-York, the 11th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN TODD, Assignee,
my12-law3wTu No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY W. ANDRESS, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Henry W. Andress, of Morrisania, in the County of Westchester, in said district, who was on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the said Southern District of New-York.

Dated at the City of New-York, the 11th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN TODD, Assignee,
my12-law3wTu No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 1,079.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN DAVIS, Junior, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John Davis, Junior, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 1st day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my5-law3wTu* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 1,067.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of NOEL DAVIS, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern:—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Noel Davis, of the City of New-York in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.—Dated at New-York, the 1st day of May, A. D., 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
m5-law3wTu* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of MERRICK MEYERS, a bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Merrick Meyers, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York in said district, who was, on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated City of New-York, 30th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN TODD, Assignee,
my5-law3wTu* No 202 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE W. CARSON and MELVIN HARD, bankrupts.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of George W. Carson, of the City of New-York, in said district, and Melvin Hard, of West Farms, in the County of Westchester, in said district, and of the estate of each of them, who were, on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged bankrupts, and each of them was adjudged a bankrupt, upon their own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Dated City of New-York, 4th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN TODD, Assignee,
my5-law3wTu* No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ALFRED C. SMITH, JR., bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Alfred C. Smith, Jr., of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York the 30th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my5-law3wTu* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN BANKRUPTCY—SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New-York, ss.—At the city of Poughkeepsie, the 1st day of May, A. D. 1868.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of DAVID W. PIERCE, of the City of Poughkeepsie, in the County of Dutchess, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

ROBERT F. WILKINSON, Assignee,
may5-law3wTu

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of New-Jersey.—In the matter of EDWIN D. EATON, bankrupt.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Edwin D. Eaton who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District. Dated Jersey City, April 22, 1868.

W. MUIRHEID, Assignee,
No. 1 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY KIRSTEIN, a bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Henry Kirstein, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated City of New-York, 4th day of May, 1868.

JOHN TODD, Assignee,
my5-law3wTu* No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EDWARD S. BUTLER, a bankrupt.—To whom is may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Edward S. Butler, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was, on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated City of New-York, 30th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN TODD, Assignee,
my5-law3wTu* No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of New-Jersey.—In the matter of JOSEPH CHAMPION, bankrupt.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Joseph Champion, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated Jersey City, April 22, 1868.

W. MUIRHEID, Assignee,
my5-law3wTu* No. 1 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

CHINA leaves..........WEDNESDAY, May 13
AUSTRALASIAN leaves..........WEDNESDAY, May 20
RUSSIA leaves..........WEDNESDAY, May 27
SCOTIA leaves..........WEDNESDAY, June 3
JAVA leaves..........WEDNESDAY, June 10
CHINA leaves..........WEDNESDAY, June 17
Chief cabin passage..........$130
Second cabin passage..........80
TO PARIS.
Chief cabin passage..........145

Payable in gold.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

PASSENGERS PER R. M. STEAMSHIP CHINA must be on board at the Company's wharf, Jersey City at 10½ o'clock WEDNESDAY MORNING, 13th inst. E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY.

The following FIRST-CLASS IRON STEAMSHIPS, built expressly for the New-York trade, are intended to sail regularly between NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, calling at QUEENSTOWN, viz.:
MANHATTAN, MINNESOTA,
COLORADO, NEBRASKA,
with other first-class steamers building. To sail:
COLORADO..........WEDNESDAY, May 13
NEBRASKA..........WEDNESDAY, May 20
MANHATTAN..........WEDNESDAY, May 27
MINNESOTA..........WEDNESDAY, June 10
From Pier No. 46 North River.

Cabin, (the accommodations being equal to any Atlantic steamer,) $80, gold; return tickets, $160, gold; in steerage, $30, currency.

Tickets to bring out passengers from Europe can be obtained on reasonable terms. For freight or passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 29 Broadway.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:
VILLE DE PARIS. DUCHESNE....SATURDAY, May 16
EUROPE..........LEMARIE....SATURDAY, May 30
ST. LAURENT..........BOCANDE....SATURDAY, June 13
PEREIRE..........DURMONT....SATURDAY, June 27

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,) TO BREST OR HAVRE.
First cabin, $140; second cabin, $85.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board,
First cabin, $145; second cabin, $88.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
Medical attendance free of charge.
American travelers going to or returning from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.
FURTHER REDUCTION IN PASSAGE RATES.

Favorite passenger steamers of the ANCHOR LINE sail every SATURDAY with passengers for LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW AND DERRY.
CALEDONIA..........MACDONALD...SATURDAY, May 16
BRITANNIA..........LAIRD..........SATURDAY, May 23
HIBERNIA..........MUNRO..........SATURDAY, May 30
From Pier No. 20 North River, at noon.
Rates of passage, payable in currency:
Cabin to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $90 and $75, according to location.
Excursion tickets, good for twelve months, $160.
Intermediate to Glasgow or Derry, $35; Steerage, $30.
Prepaid certificates from these ports, $37.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Havre, &c., at very low rates.
For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York.
HENDERSON BROTHERS.
To avoid imposition, passengers will please come direct to the office, as this Company does not employ runners.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN, IRELAND.—The Inman Line, under contract with the United States and British Governments for carrying the Mails, intend dispatching their steamers as follows:
CITY OF ANTWERP..........SATURDAY, May 16
CITY OF WASHINGTON (via Halifax) MONDAY, May 18
CITY OF PARIS..........SATURDAY, May 23
CITY OF LONDON..........SATURDAY, May 30
ETNA (via Halifax)..........MONDAY, June 1
CITY OF BALTIMORE..........SATURDAY, June 6
And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate MONDAY, at 1 P. M., from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
By the mail steamer sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	50

Passage by the Monday steamers, first cabin, $90, gold; steerage, $35, payable in currency.
Rates of passage from New-York to Halifax: First Cabin, $20; steerage, $10—payable in gold.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.
Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

THE STEAMSHIP CITY OF NEW-YORK, of the Inman Line, will sail from Pier No. 45 North River, at noon, on WEDNESDAY, May 13, for Liverpool, calling at Queenstown.
Rates of Passage—First cabin, $80 gold; steerage, $35 currency.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway.

REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE TO THE CONTINENT.

The new iron North German Steamship
SMIDT, Capt. H. RASCHEN,
of 2,400 tons capacity,
WILL SAIL FROM NEW-YORK
ON HER FIRST RETURN TRIP TO
BREMEN
about May 23.

PRICES OF PASSAGE.
First Cabin..........$75 } Payable in
Second Cabin..........36 } Gold.
Steerage Passage..........$25.
An experienced surgeon on board.
For further information, freight and passage, apply to THIELE, SEILER & CO., No. 2 Hanover Buildings, Hanover-square.

CUNARD LINE OF STEAMERS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
FROM NEW-YORK EVERY THURSDAY.
TARIFA..........May 14
PALMYRA..........May 21
RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK:
Cabin..........$80 Gold.
Steerage..........$30 Currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown at lowest rates.
For Freight and Cabin Passage, apply at No. 4 Bowling-green.
For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. E. CUNARD.

NATIONAL LINE.
THE STEAMSHIP ERIN will leave SATURDAY, May 16, at 11 A. M., from Pier No. 47 North River.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $100; Steerage, $30, currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown, $37, currency.
Apply at the Company's office, Nos. 57 and 27 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.
UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, May 23.
MISSISSIPPI, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, June 23.
MERRIMACK, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, July 23.
These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.
NEW-YORK AND MEXICAN MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.
SAILING EVERY TWENTY DAYS.
VIRGO, Capt. JOHN DEAKEN.
NEVADA, Capt. W. MEGILL.
Steamship VIRGO will leave Pier No. 17, East River, on THURSDAY, May 14, at 10 A. M.
For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDER & SONS, No. 44 Beaver-st.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.
UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE BAHAMA GOVERNMENT FOR CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.
THE ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the splendid side-wheel steamer EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, on THURSDAY, May 21, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River. For engagements of freight or passage apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR MOBILE.
FERNANDINA AND THE GULF PORTS.
The Florida Railroad Company will dispatch
The first-class steamship
FLAG, Capt. BAXTER,
for Fernandina, on SATURDAY, May 23, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., connecting at Cedar Keys, via Florida Railroad, with the fine steamship MARY, for MOBILE.
Cargo delivered, without lighterage, at Mobile in one week.
Insurance guaranteed at 1½ per cent.
Bills lading furnished and goods forwarded free of commissions to all points on line of Mobile and Ohio Railroad.
Also, through passage-tickets and bills lading issued in connection with railroads in Florida to all places in the interior, and with steamers to points on the St. John's River.
Insurance to Fernandina, 1 per cent.
Superior passenger accommodations. Apply to L. K. ROBERTS, Agent, No. 174 Chambers-st.
Mobile agents, A. J. INGERSOLL & CO.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP CO.
FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT and RICHMOND.
New and elegant side-wheel steamships
HATTERAS, ALBEMARLE, SARATOGA and NIAGARA.
One of the above first-class ships will be dispatched every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st., for Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, connecting with the Seaboard Inland Air-Line, Virginia and Tennessee Air-Line, South-Side and Petersburg Railroads, and Richmond and Danville and Virginia Central Railroads, taking freight and granting through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest.
Bills of lading signed on the pier up to the hour of sailing. For freight or passage, having elegant stateroom accommodations, apply to N. L. McCREADY, President, No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner Dey-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.—REGULAR LINE—Cabin passage, $15. Measurement goods 10c. per foot, and lower than by any other line. The A 1 fast and reliable steamship SARAGOSSA, CROWELL, Commander, will sail on SATURDAY, May 16, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14 East River, foot of Wall-st. Bills of lading signed for all points in the interior. Agents in Charleston, RAVENEL & CO., forward all goods free of commission.
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.
The MATANZAS will sail on the following Saturday.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.
ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, SAILING REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY, AT 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. ADAMS, May 14.
EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, via Nassau, May 21.
COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE, May 28.
For freight or passage, apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA,

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon,
FOUR TIMES A MONTH,
On 1st, 9th, 16th and 24th,
except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.
MAY 16—OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. F. T. KING, connecting with GOLDEN CITY, Capt. W. T. LAPIDGE.
Steamer leaving May 9 connects closely with steamer GREAT REPUBLIC, leaving San Francisco June 3 for China and Japan.
For passage tickets and all further information apply at the Company's ticket office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st. F. R. BABY, Agent.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY!
THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
Via Panama Railroad.
NEW SAILING ARRANGEMENT.
THE 5TH AND 20TH OF EVERY MONTH, or the day before when these dates fall on Sunday, from Pier No. 46 North River, foot of King-st., at noon, at lower rates than by any other line.
MAY 5—Steamship FULTON, connecting with new steamship NEBRASKA.
MAY 20—Steamship GUIDING STAR, connecting with new steamship NEVADA.
These steamships are expressly fitted for this trade, and are unsurpassed for safety, speed, elegance and comfort, and their rates for passage and freight will ALWAYS BE LOWER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.
For further particulars address the undersigned at Pier No. 46 North River, foot of King-st., New-York.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.
WM. H. WEBB, President.
CHAS. DANA, Vice-President.
No. 54 Exchange-place, New-York.

REDUCTION OF RATES OF FREIGHT.
NINETY CENTS PER CUBIC FOOT, 1½ CENTS PER POUND, TO CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.
The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer OCEAN QUEEN, sails on SATURDAY, May 16, at 12 o'clock noon. For particulars apply at Freight Office, Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
Sole Freight Agents
Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
THE CROMWELL LINE.
Steamships of this line will leave Pier No. 9, North River, at 3 o'clock P. M., as follows:
GEO. WASHINGTON..........GAGER..........May 23.
CORTES..........WHITMAN..........May 30.
GEO. CROMWELL..........VAILL..........June 6.
MARIPOSA..........KEMBLE..........June 13.
Freight taken for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston at through rates.
For passage or freight apply to the agents, H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. States passports indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

BRISTOL LINE.

FOR BOSTON VIA BRISTOL.
For PROVIDENCE, TAUNTON, NEW-BEDFORD, CAPE COD and all points of railway communication East and North.
The new and splendid steamers BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE leave Pier No. 40 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 5 P. M. daily, Sundays excepted.
Connecting with steamboat express at Bristol at 4:30 A. M., arriving at Boston at 6 A. M., in time to connect with all the Eastern and Northern morning trains from that city.
Tickets and staterooms obtained at office on the pier, (40;) and Westcott's Express office, No. 1 Park-place; also, tickets sold and baggage checked through at the offices of Westcott's Express Company in New-York and Brooklyn.
Freights taken at the lowest rates. Freight express train leaves Bristol at 4:30, arriving in Boston at 8:30 A. M. H. O. BRIGGS, General Manager.
G. W. TIERS, Agent.

STONINGTON LINE.
GREAT INSIDE ROUTE
FOR
BOSTON
VIA STONINGTON AND PROVIDENCE.
The new and elegant sea-going steamers
STONINGTON, Capt. WILL M. JONES, } MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.
NARRAGANSETT, Capt. GEO. B. HULL, } TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY;
leaving Pier No. 33 North River, foot of Jay-st., at 5 o'clock P. M., connecting with the Stonington and Providence, and the Boston and Providence Railroads.
NO CHANGE OF CARS.
These splendid steamers are unsurpassed for safety and comfort, and passengers will be landed in Boston in ample time for all the early trains.
For passage, or for freight at the lowest rates, apply at Pier No. 33 North River.
SAMUEL DEVEAU, Agent.
D. S. BABCOCK, President, Stonington Steamboat Company.

FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—FARE $1 50, being $1 75 cheaper than by rail, and 75 cents cheaper than by any other line. The elegant steamers VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT leave Pier No. 44 North River, north of Spring-st., EVERY EVENING, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 o'clock, connecting with New-York Central Railroad for Buffalo and all points West, and with Rensselaer and Saratoga and Lake Champlain steamers for Montreal, Lake George, Saratoga and all stations. Also with rail for North Adams, Burlington and points East. Fare, Sunday, $2. Returning, leave Troy at 6 and Albany at 8 o'clock P. M.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH.—The SEA BIRD, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave pier foot of Chambers-st., North River, as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Saturday, May 9, 9:00 A. M.	Monday, May 11, 8:00 A. M.
Tuesday, May 12, 10:30 A. M.	Wed., May 13, 10:00 A. M.
Thurs., May 14, 8:30 A. M.	Thurs., May 15, 1:00 P. M.
Friday, May 15, 9:30 A. M.	Friday, May 15, 1:30 P. M.
Saturday, May 16, 2:00 P. M.	Monday, May 18, 2:00 P. M.
Tuesday, May 19, 2:00 P. M.	Wed., May 20, 6:30 A. M.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.—STEAMERS ST. JOHN and DREW—One of these magnificent steamers leaves Pier No. 41 North River, near foot of Canal-st., every evening, (Sundays excepted,) at 6 o'clock. Passengers desiring the comforts and luxuries of a first-class hotel can have their wishes gratified on these steamers, and arrive in Albany in ample time for railroad trains North and West. Freight taken at reduced rates.

FOR SAUGERTIES, LANDING AT TIVOLI.—The steamer ANSONIA, Capt. OSTERHOUDT, will leave the pier foot of Franklin-st. every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 5 o'clock. Returning, will leave Saugerties TUESDAY and FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at the same hour.

FOR NEWBURGH, WEST POINT, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and Kingston, landing at Cozzens' Dock, Cornwall, New-Hamburgh and Milton.
THE STEAMER MARY POWELL.
leaves Desbrosses-st. every afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

LLOYD'S DOCK (HUNTINGTON,) OYSTER Bay (E. Norwich,) and Northport. The steamboat D. R. MARTIN, Capt S. E. UNDERHILL, leaves Pier No. 34 East River, (Catharine-st.,) daily, at 4 P. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Seventy-second-street, from the Fourth-avenue to the East River, in the City of New-York.—We, the undersigned Commissioners of estimate and assessment in the above entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner, or owners, occupant, or occupants, of all houses and lots and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit: *First*—That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to JAMES H. COLEMAN, Esq., our Chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, number 82 Nassau-street, (Room No. 42,) in the said City, on or before the eighteenth day of May, 1868, and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within the ten week days, next after the said eighteenth day of May, 1868, and for that purpose will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days at 1 o'clock P. M. *Second*—That the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also all the affidavits, estimates and other documents which were used by us in making our report, have been deposited in the Street Commissioner's office of the City of New-York, there to remain until the 30th day of May, 1868. *Third*—That the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid, are as follows, to wit: All those pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being on Seventy-second-street, in the City of New-York, between the Fifth-avenue and the East River, and extending on either side of said Seventy-second-street, half the distance to the next street thereto; and, *Fourth*—That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a general term thereof, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 2d day of June, 1868, at the opening of the court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.
JAMES H. COLEMAN, }
WILLIAM V. BRADY, } Commissioners.
JAMES B. NICHOLSON, }
Dated NEW-YORK, April 14, 1868.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Commissioners of the Central Park, for and in behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Seventy-fifth-street, from Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, in the City of New-York.—The Board of Commissioners of the Central Park, in the name and in behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York—pursuant to the act of the Legislature of the people of the State of New-York, entitled "An act relative to the powers and duties of the Commissioners of the Central Park," passed April 4, 1866, and of the Act entitled "An Act to alter the map or plan of certain portions of the City of New-York, and for the laying out and improvement of the same," passed April 24, 1867, hereby give notice that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court, at the First Judicial District of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on Saturday, the sixteenth day of May, 1868, at the opening of the Court on that day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, in the above entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the opening of Seventy-fifth-street, from Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, as laid out by Commissioners of the Central Park, in the City of New-York.
RICHARD O'GORMAN,
Counsel to the Corporation.
Dated New-York, April 22, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, ACCORDING to law, to all persons having claims against HARMAN SPEER, late of the County of Richmond, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, Administrators of the goods, chattels and credits of the said deceased, at their residence at Port Richmond, in the Town of Northfield and County of Richmond, on or before the 29th day of June next.—Dated this 23d day of December, 1867.
DAVID J. JONES,
MARY ELLEN JONES,
Administrators.
d24-law6mTu*

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, }
NEW-YORK COUNTY COURT-HOUSE, }
NEW-YORK, May 11, 1868. }

ALL PERSONS HAVING APPLICATIONS before the Board of Supervisors for correction of taxes for the year 1867, are notified that the Committee on Annual Taxes will hear excuses at 10 A. M. TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY of this week.
This will be the last opportunity.
By order of the Committee.
J. B. YOUNG, Clerk of Board.

AUCTION SALES.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MADE TO ORDER, BY MESSRS. POTTIER & STYMUS.
ELEGANT PIER AND MANTEL MIRRORS.
SUPERB ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE.
VERY RICH WILTON AND VELVET CARPETS.
The property of a family now residing in Europe. E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell by auction, on TUESDAY, May 12, 1868, at 11 o'clock, at the private residence No. 108 5th-av., southwest corner 16th-st., the entire contents of the above residence, being the property of a family now in Europe, comprising superb Bois de Rose, silver wood and gilt parlor suites in crimson and green silk reps; superb curtains to match; elegant Bois de Rose and silver wood etageres and cabinets, jardinierres, lolling chairs, marble-top centre and fancy tables to match; most superb pier and mantel mirrors, side mirrors, all of the most elegant design; superb walnut dining room and library furniture, very rich carved rosewood, maple and walnut bedsteads, etageres, dressing bureaus, armoire-a-glace; fine mattresses, bolsters and pillows; elegant Wilton, velvet and Brussels carpets; a fine assortment of china and glass.
Also, a most superb upright piano-forte, in rosewood and ebony case, with bronze and silver wood uprights and marqueterie panels.
The house will be open for inspection on Monday, 11th inst., by permit, which, with catalogue, may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

GREAT SALE OF RICH AND ELEGANT FANCY GOODS.
By LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO. Book Salesrooms and Art Galleries, Clinton Hall, Astor-place.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 13, at 7½ o'clock.
A large invoice of rich China, bronze, Parian and Bohemian glassware just imported, consisting in part of China tea and toilet sets, bronze statuary, groups and figures, busts, vases, &c., marble clocks, Bohemian glass vases, card receivers, mantel sets, wine bottles, &c., &c. Catalogues ready and goods on exhibition.
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, May 15 and 16, commencing at 7½ o'clock, a very choice and elegant collection of books, comprising many finely illustrated works on the Fine Arts, Natural History, Botany, &c.; also, a large number of standard and rare books of travels and voyages, &c., &c., among which may be mentioned Arabian Knights Entertainments, 6 vols., 8vo., full mor.; Audubon's Birds and Quadrupeds, 10 vols., imperial 8vo., full mor., original edition; Brockedon's Passes of the Alps, 2 vols., imperial 4to; Brandon's Gothic Architecture, 2 vols., imperial 8vo.; Canova's Works, 3 vols., imperial 8vo.; half mor.; Cuvier's Animal Kingdom, 8 vols., 8vo., half red mor.; Cunningham's Lives, 8 vols., 8vo., half calf; Donovan's Quadrupeds, 3 vols. roy. 8vo.; Dore's Bible, 2 vols., imperial 4to, cloth; Lane's Thousand and One Nights, 3 vols., 8vo., calf; Locke's Works, 11 vols., 8vo., half mor.; Meyrick's Ancient Armour, 3 vols., imperial 4to; Perkin's Tuscan Sculptors, 2 vols., imperial 8vo.; Strutt's Dresses, 2 vols., 4to; Winkle's Churches, 3 vols., imperial 8vo., &c., &c. Catalogues ready. Books on exhibition Thursday morning.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 13th, 14th and 15th May, 1868, at 7½ o'clock each evening, at the
LEEDS ART GALLERIES,
Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, corner 12th-st.,
CONTRIBUTORS' SALE OF CHOICE OIL-PAINTINGS,
embracing the works of

Wm. Hart,	W. M. Oddie
Wydeveld,	J. G. Brown,
J. F. Cropsey,	Wm. Brown,
Geo. Inness,	Mario,
Blakelock,	Ream,
Otto Sommers,	Sully,

and others.
Also, fine collection of ANCIENT PICTURES by celebrated masters. They are now on exhibition free, as above till sale, and two evenings previous.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.
BY T. R. MINTURN, BROWN & CO.—THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) May 12, at 11 o'clock, within their store, the cargo of Figs, per *Minnie Abbie*, from Smyrna, consisting of
20,000 drums Figs.
100 cases containing two-pound drums.
1,000 boxes Figs, in layers.
1,000 loose bags Figs.
150 frails new crop Bussora Dates.
1,000 boxes Layers, London Layers, &c.
75 cases Preserved Ginger.
100 bags Virginia Peanuts.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO., Auctioneers.
MONDAY, TUESDAY, AND WEDNESDAY, May 11, 12, and 13, at 7 o'clock, P. M., each evening, at Messrs. Goldsmith's & Co.'s music store, No. 367 Fulton-st., under the Park Theatre, and opposite the City Hall, Brooklyn, will sell
RICH AND VALUABLE REAL MARBLE STATUARY,
alabaster ornaments, bronzes, clocks, &c., &c., the direct importation of F. Zannoni & Co., of Florence, Italy. Sale positive.
For particulars see Brooklyn papers, and catalogues at the sale.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.—Saleroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
ROBERT SOMERVILLE WILL SELL by auction, on WEDNESDAY, May 13, at 10 o'clock, at salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., a large and elegant assortment of household furniture, removed for convenience of sale, consisting of velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, rosewood and black-walnut suites, in reps and haircloth; oak and black-walnut chamber suites, extension tables, oak and black-walnut marble top centre tables and sideboards, hair and straw mattresses, sofas, lounges, mirrors, oak and black-walnut desks, &c., &c.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO., Auctioneers.
WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., at No. 125 Dean-st., between Hoyt and Bond sts., Brooklyn: Handsome furniture by T. Brooks & Co., fine rosewood piano, Bacon & Raven; two large pier mirrors and console tables, rosewood parlor suites in brocatel, brocatel marble-top centre tables, secretary bookcase, curtains, window shades, rosewood, walnut and mahogany marble-top chamber sets, mattresses, marble-top hall stand, walnut pillar extension table, chairs, velvet and Brussels carpets, oil-clothes, &c.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.
ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—On WEDNESDAY, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 161 Liberty-st., a large stock of parlor, chamber, library and dining-room furniture, removed for convenience of sale: all made for City trade. Also, clocks, bronzes, plated ware, cutlery, &c. Catalogues at sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the following lands and premises in the City of New-York, will be sold at public auction at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, on the 25th day of May, 1868, at 12 o'clock at noon, by E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer:

All that certain lot of ground situate in the Sixth Ward of the City of New-York, bounded and containing as follows, to wit.: Beginning on the northeasterly side of Franklin-street at the distance of seventy feet, northwesterly from the corner of Franklin and Orange (now Baxter) streets, running thence northeasterly along ground late of George Lorillard deceased, one hundred feet to a point distant sixty-six feet from Orange-street, thence northwesterly and parallel with Franklin-street twenty-two feet, thence southwesterly along ground leased by the said George Lorillard in his lifetime to Dixon and Boyd, one hundred feet to Franklin-street, and thence southeasterly along Franklin-street twenty-three feet to the place of beginning.

Also, all that certain lot, piece or parcel of ground with the building thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Seventh Ward of the City and County of New-York, and now known and designated as No. (16½) sixteen and half Hamilton-street, as the same is now occupied, said lot being bounded as follows: Northerly in front on Hamilton (formerly called Cheapside) street; easterly by ground now or formerly belonging to Daniel Drake and Isaac Bennett; southerly in the rear by ground now or formerly of John Wright, and westerly by ground now or formerly of Thomas Holmes, said lot containing in width in front seventeen feet four inches, in the rear seventeen feet, and in length on each side one hundred and three feet and six inches, be the same more or less; said premises hereby conveyed being now also known and designated on the Seventh Ward assessment map as lot Ward number (1348) thirteen hundred and forty-eight, and being the same property sold and conveyed to William Seaman, deceased, by Jeremiah S. Drake, Master in Chancery, by deed dated 6th July, 1822, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the City and County of New York, in Liber 162 of Conveyances, page 130, on 17th July 1822.

Also, all that certain lot, piece or parcel of ground, situate, lying and being in the Eighteenth Ward of the City of New-York, bounded and containing as follows: that is to say—commencing at a point in the southerly line of Sixteenth-street, distant one hundred feet westwardly from the southwesterly corner of Sixteenth-street and Third-avenue, thence running southwestwardly along a line drawn parallel to the Third-avenue one hundred and three feet and three inches, thence northwestwardly along a line drawn parallel to Sixteenth-street forty feet six inches, thence northwestwardly along a line drawn parallel to the Third-avenue one hundred and three feet three inches to Sixteenth-street, and thence southeastwardly along Sixteenth-street forty feet six inches to the place of beginning, according to the measurement used by the Commissioners for laying out streets and roads in the City of New-York, under the act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed April 3, 1807.

Also, all that certain lot, piece or parcel of ground situate, lying and being in the 18th Ward of the City of New-York, being part of those two certain lots of ground known and designated by the letter "R," and by the numbers 281 and 282, upon a certain map filed in the office of the Register of the City and County of New-York, entitled "A map of the residuary estate of Peter Gerard Stuyvesant, deceased, in the City of New-York, as partitioned by the Commissioners appointed by the Supreme Court of the State of New-York in the suit of Gerard Stuyvesant vs. Hamilton Fish and Rutherford Stuyvesant, dated October 24, 1848," which map is certified by said Commissioners and a copy whereof is annexed to the report of the said Commissioners filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New-York, which said lot is bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the southwesterly side of Sixteenth-street, distant one hundred and forty feet six inches northwestwardly from the southwesterly corner of Third-avenue and Sixteenth-street, and running thence southwestwardly along a line drawn parallel to the Third-avenue one hundred and three feet three inches, thence northwestwardly along a line drawn parallel to Sixteenth-street twenty-five feet, Thence northeastwardly along a line drawn parallel to Third-avenue one hundred and three feet three inches to Sixteenth-street, and thence southeastwardly along the line of Sixteenth-street twenty-five feet to the place of beginning, according to the measurement used by the Commissioners for laying out streets and Wards in the City of New-York, under the act of the Legislature of the State of New-York passed April 3, 1807.

Also, a certain indenture of lease for twenty-one years from May 1, 1856, with privilege of renewals, of all that certain lot of ground situate in the Seventh Ward of the City of New-York, being the northerly half part in length of all that certain lot of land, known and distinguished on a map of the farm late of Hendrick Rutgers, deceased, by lot number five, and bounded northerly in front by Division-street, southerly in the rear by the residue of said lot, westerly by lot number four, and easterly by lot number six, containing in breadth seventy-seven feet, and in length, the exact half part of said lot number five, together with the buildings on all said premises. Dated, April 30, 1868.
WM. H. BROMAN, Trustee.
EMELINE O'CONNOR,
CHARLES H. O'CONNOR,
EUGENE O'CONNOR.

STEAMSHIPS ATLANTIC AND WESTERN METROPOLIS.—Public notice is hereby given that default having been made in the condition of a mortgage on the steamships ATLANTIC, BALTIC, and WESTERN METROPOLIS, executed and delivered to us by the New-York and Bremen Steamship Company, and bearing date the 21st day of March, A. D. 1867, we shall, under and by virtue of the power in us vested by the said mortgage, sell at public auction on the 25th day of May next, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, by Albert H. Nicolay, Auctioneer, the said steamships ATLANTIC and WESTERN METROPOLIS, together with all and singular their respective engines, machinery, boilers, masts, bowsprits, sails, boats, anchors, cables, ship and cabin furniture, plate, and all other necessaries thereunto appertaining and belonging.
Dated NEW-YORK CITY, May 4, 1868.
CHARLES LULING & CO.,
Mortgagees.

ISLE ROYALE MINING CO., }
No. 44 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, March 6, 1868. }
IN ACCORDANCE WITH A RECENT law of Michigan prescribing the method for sales of real estate belonging to mining companies, the Isle Royale Mining Co. will offer for sale, at their business office in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, May 27, 1868, certain parcels of land, with the buildings thereon, lying in the village of Houghton, north and south of Sheldon-st., including dock on Portage Lake. Said property not being needed for the use of the Isle Royale Mining Co., the stockholders of said Company have authorized the directors to make a sale of it, in accordance with law, and all parties disposed to bid for the whole or any part of said property are requested to appear at the time and place above named.
By order of directors,
F. W. CAPEN.
Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

ADJOURNED SALE OF

500 BUILDING LOTS

At Bergen Point, New-Jersey,

AT AUCTION,

under the direction of A. D. Mellick, Esq.
For account of the Central New-Jersey Land Improvement Company.

LEWIS E. WOOD, AUCTIONEER,

WILL SELL,
ON TUESDAY, MAY 12, 1868,
COMMENCING AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

500 BUILDING LOTS,

BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED ON HIGH GROUND, NEAR THE STATION, AT BERGEN POINT; DISTANT 30 MINUTES FROM THE CITY BY THE CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.
For maps and full particulars apply to A. D. MELLICK, at the office of the Central Railroad Company of New-Jersey, or at the office of A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st., New-York.

A. S. RICHARDS & CO., Auctioneers.
SPECIAL AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES.
A. S. RICHARDS & CO. will sell at auction, on
WEDNESDAY, MAY 13,
At 10½ o'clock, at their salesrooms,
No. 7, COLLEGE-PLACE,
Between
MURRAY AND BARCLAY STS.,
A large variety of
SEASONABLE GOODS,
Direct from the manufacturers, comprising almost all
THE LEADING STYLES,
Including
MEN'S, WOMEN'S, MISSES', and CHILDREN'S WEAR.
Auction sales every Wednesday morning during the year, always by catalogue.

JOHN H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.
ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF THE "PLACE SUGAR REFINERY."
J. H. DRAPER & CO. WILL SELL,
on TUESDAY, May 12, 1868,
at 12 o'clock noon,
AT THE EXCHANGE SALESROOMS, NO. 111 BROADWAY, BY ORDER OF FRANCIS SKIDDY, ESQ., ASSIGNEE IN BANKRUPTCY:
The eight-story brick building No. 380 South-st., known as the "PLACE SUGAR REFINERY," 70 feet front, 140 feet deep, extending through to Front-st., with all the machinery and appurtenances of a sugar refinery in complete running order, and capable of turning out 1,500 barrels of sugar a week. Also, dock privileges and storehouse on the north side of Front-st., adjoining the refinery, built on leased ground, with unexpired lease. Also, a complete stock of boneblack, supposed to be about 500,000 pounds. For further information apply on the premises, until day of sale, to A. B. THORBURN.

LEWIS C. WOOD, Auctioneer, office No. 69 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.
WILL SELL ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises, the house and about 22 lots of land on New York Bay, belonging to the estate of Peter Vreeland, deceased, at Salterville, New Jersey, on the Central Railroad of New Jersey. Time, twenty minutes from New York. Persons should bear in mind that this is the last water front on New York Bay that will be offered at auction. The above has a front of 83 feet on the bay. Splendid location; good boating, fishing, &c.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned Trustee, that he will upon the 18th day of May next, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, at the Montana Mills, in the town of Cornwall, County of Orange, and State of New-York, put up and offer for sale and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, all and singular the said
MONTANA MILL,
with the buildings, real estate, machinery, tools, implements, appliances and appurtenances belonging to the same.
Dated APRIL 28, 1868. G. L. BEECKMAN, Trustee.

INSTRUCTION.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE,
No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington-square, GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal, fits pupils of all ages for business or college. Progress rapid and terms reasonable.

IRVINGTON INSTITUTE.
Irvington, on the Hudson, 25 miles from New-York, a French, English and Classical Family Boarding School for Boys. The course of studies embraces all the ordinary English branches and the modern languages, which are taught practically. The French is the language of the school. For circular address
A. BOURSAUD, Principal.

A GENTLEMAN ENGAGED IN TUITION, who is about to make a tour through the principal cities of Europe, would take charge of a few pupils that might wish to avail themselves of the opportunity and at the same time attend to their education; references of the highest description. Address SIGMA, Box No. 176 *Times* Office.

DR. RICHARDS' INSTITUTE FOR 12 boys, Shrub Oak, Westchester County, N. Y., five miles east of Peekskill; the Prussian method of teaching pursued by accomplished instructors; boating, bathing, fishing, gardening, gymnastics on the place. For circulars address the Principal, DR. RICHARDS.

BUSINESS WRITING, BOOK-KEEPING, &c.—Messrs. DOLBEAR, No. 609 Broadway, teach book-keeping practically; they also remove stiffness, cramping or trembling, and give an elegant business style of writing; open day and evening all Summer.

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, AT BEDFORD, Westchester County, N. Y. A. WILLIAMSON, A. M., Principal. Next session will open May 4. For circulars address the Principal.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S CLASSICAL French and English School, No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.

AMENIA SEMINARY, AMENIA, N. Y.—Refitted and reopened Sept. 8.
S. T. FROST, A. M.

EAGLESWOOD MILITARY ACADEMY, Perth Amboy, N. J. E. CLEVELAND, A. M., Principal.

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS, DANBURY, Conn. F. J. JACKSON, A. M., Principal.

TEACHERS.

AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER GRADUATE of a leading college and having the degree of A. M., wishes an engagement for next Fall; is now connected with a first-class institution; is competent in the classics, mathematics and usual English branches; best of references. Address J., Box 137, Burlington, N. J.

A LADY EXPERIENCED IN TEACHING English, French, Latin, Italian and Music, desires an engagement as resident governess, City or country; best references. Address EDUCATION, Box No. 1,504 Post-office, New-York.

A FRENCH PROTESTANT GENTLEMAN, a Parisian by birth, and graduated in the University, wishes a position in a boys' school, or in a family for the Summer; best references in the City. Address E. L., Box No. 3,475, Post Office, New-York.

A FRENCH YOUNG GENTLEMAN, RESIDING up-town, would like to give private lessons at the pupils' or his residence. Address D. T., Box No. 150 *Times* Office.

TEACHERS WANTED.—PROF. BALDWIN and the lady who called Saturday please call immediately at the Institute, No. 737 Broadway.

MARBLE MANTELS.

THE PENRHYN SLATE COMPANY,
Manufacturers of
MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS,
BILLIARD TABLE BEDS,
PLUMBERS' SLABS,
Cisterns, Baths, Sinks and shelving of all kinds.
MARBLEIZED SLABS
for piers, tables, bureaus, what-nots, &c.
Wainscoting and paneling for rooms and halls. Every description of slate work made to order. The trade supplied on favorable terms.
ELEAZER JONES, Manager,
Middle Granville, N. Y.,
Warehouse, No. 40 West 18th-st., New-York.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE in the City to purchase Marble Mantels, of the latest designs, at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., N. Y. Mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

MARBLE MANTELS—IN GREAT VARIETIES, at reduced prices, at S. KLABER'S manufactory, No. 52 1st-av., near 3d-st. Mantels put up in the country.

MARBELIZED SLATE MANTELS— Half the price of marble. Send for a circular. T. B. STEWART, 605 6th-av. bet. 35th and 36th st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ANOTHER REDUCTION IN PRICE.
CARRIAGES. HARNESS. CARRIAGES.
THE IMMENSE STOCK.
GREAT BARGAINS
at warerooms of CALVIN WITTY, No. 638 Broadway.

AN ABDALLAH MARE, 15 1-2 HANDS high, 8 years old, kind in all harness; can trot inside three minutes; also, wagon, harness, blankets, &c., complete; must be sold this week. Apply at Manhattan Stables, Nos. 86 and 88 East Broadway.

BAY HORSE—15½ HANDS, EIGHT YEARS old, sound and kind, having been driven the past season to a phaeton, and now sold for want of use. Inquire at stable, No. 33 East 12th-st., or of the owner, No. 49 East 10th-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUSINESS OPENING—FOR AN ENERGETIC, reliable man, who can command $15,000 to $20,000, to engage in a new business of great importance, now controlled by substantial parties, who want an active associate to take charge of it; undoubted references required. Address RELIABLE, Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE.—A CARRIAGE, BOLT AND AXLE manufactory, doing a good business; satisfactory reasons for selling. For particulars inquire of GEO. E. JARVIS, in the factory, No. 163 Christopher-st., after 10 A. M.

SINGER'S SPRING BED.—BUSINESS IN full operation, with patent right, stock, tools and machinery. For sale or partner taken. Apply at No. 215 Centre-st., second floor.

CLOTHING.

GENTLEMEN HAVING ANY CAST-OFF clothing to dispose of can get a fair price by calling on or addressing JAMES KIRKPATRICK, No. 466 Pearl-st., near Chatham.

IRON WORKS.

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORKS,

14th-st., between Avenues B and C, New-York.
D. D. BADGER, President. N. CHENY, Vice-Pres't.
Fire-proof buildings of every description, and every kind of iron work for building purposes, also for bridges.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
In consequence of the numerous requests which have been addressed to him by the leading Irish and other prominent citizens of New-York,
WENDELL PHILLIPS
will deliver his celebrated Oration,
DANIEL O'CONNELL,
FOR THE FIRST TIME IN THIS CITY, ON
TUESDAY, MAY 12.
The Ticket Office at the Academy of Music will be open on Saturday, May 9, at 9 A. M.
PRICE OF TICKETS, 50 CENTS.
RESERVED SEATS, 25 CTS. EXTRA.
In order to accommodate the many applications made for Tickets, by persons residing outside the City, Tickets will also be sold at Pond's Music Stores, Nos. 547 and 865, and at No. 114 Broadway.

IRVING HALL.
(Irving Place, between 14th and 15th sts., opposite Academy of Music.
BLIND TOM'S CONCERTS.
TUESDAY EVENING, May 12, 1868,
second night of the second series,
BLIND TOM,
THE WONDERFUL NEGRO BOY PIANIST.
All that is claimed for this Great Musical Miracle has been fully indorsed by those who have most thoroughly tested him; among other European musical celebrities may be named Charles Halle, J. Moscheles, (Preceptor of Mendelssohn and Thalberg,) and John Law, by whom he is pronounced unsurpassed by the best professional performers of the day.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday, at 2 o'clock P. M. Tickets for reserved seats may be had at Pond's, Nos. 547 and 865 Broadway; also No. 114 Broadway, and at the box office from 9 to 4 daily.

GRAND MUSICAL FESTIVAL.
STEINWAY HALL.
MONDAY, MAY 18, | THURSDAY, MAY 21.
TUESDAY, MAY 19, | FRIDAY, MAY 22.
WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, | SATURDAY, MAY 23.
MATINEE ON SATURDAY, MAY 23.
Tickets for the entire festival, including reserved seats,
FIVE DOLLARS.
For sale at Steinway Hall and G. Schirmer's music store, No. 701 Broadway. General ticket office, No 114 Broadway.
The sale of the $5 tickets will positively close on Wednesday afternoon, May 13.

PLYMOUTH YOUNG PEOPLE'S ASSOCIATION.
SHAKESPEARE READINGS.
Prof. ROBERT R. RAYMOND will read
MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM
in the Lecture Room of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, (entrance on Cranberry-st.,)
THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, May 12, 1868.
Doors open at 7¼. Reading to commence at 8.
Tickets 50 cents. To be had at the door.

LE PAVILLON, NO. 688 BROADWAY.
TUESDAY, May 12,
GRAND VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT, with the assistance of the celebrated Alpine Singer Society, under the direction of Prof. TURNER. To commence at 7½ P. M. Admittance free.
Respectfully, AUG. STEPHAN.

ANNIVERSARIES.

THIRTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY
of the
AMERICAN ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY,
STEINWAY HALL,
WEDNESDAY, May 13, at 10½ A. M.
Addresses by
WENDELL PHILLIPS, Rev. JOHN T. SARGENT,
MARY GREW, WM. WELLS BROWN,
Col. T. W. HIGGINSON, CHAS. C. BURLEIGH,
and others.

AMERICAN CONGREGATIONAL UNION.
—The fifteenth annual social reunion will take place at the Brooklyn Academy of Music THURSDAY EVENING, May 14.
Hon. HENRY WILSON, United States Senator, will preside, Rev. JOHN HALL, D. D., of New-York; Rev. HENRY M. STORRS, D. D., of Brooklyn; Rev. LEON PILATTE, of the Evangelical Church, France; Rev. CHARLES HOWARD MALCOM, of Newport, R. I., and Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, will speak on this occasion.
The doors of the reception rooms of the Academy will be open from 6½ to 7½ o'clock P. M. for a Levee, at which there will be opportunity for friendly greetings and introduction to Senator WILSON and the speakers. At 7½ o'clock Hon. HENRY WILSON will take the chair in the audience room, and the usual exercises will commence.
Dodworth's Band will be in attendance throughout the evening.
Tickets 50 cents each, may be had at the rooms of the Congregational Union, No. 49 Bible House, at the office of the *Independent*, No. 3 Park-place, and at the office of the *Daily Union*, Brooklyn.
The annual business meeting for the election of officers, presentation of reports, &c., will be held at the Brooklyn Academy of Music THURSDAY AFTERNOON, May 14, promptly at 3½ o'clock.

NOTICE.—THE AMERICAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION will hold its anniversary meeting in Steinway Hall TUESDAY, May 12, at 7½ o'clock P. M. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. Z. EDDY, D. D., of Brooklyn; Rev. LEONARD W. BACON, of Williamsburg, JOHN M. LANGSTON, Esq., of Washington, D. C., an eloquent colored gentleman who is General Inspector of Schools in the South under the Freedman's Bureau, and DAVID MACRAE, Esq., from Scotland.

NATIONAL TEMPERANCE SOCIETY AND PUBLICATION HOUSE.—The third anniversary of this Society will be held in the large hall of Cooper Institute on WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 13, at 7½ o'clock. Hon. WM. E. DODGE will preside. The following have consented to address the meeting: Hon. NEAL DOW, Rev. JOHN HALL, D. D., Rev. T. L. CUYLER, D. D. Admission free. The public are invited.

AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY ANNIVERSARY, 5th-av. Presbyterian Church, corner of 19th-st., WEDNESDAY, May 13, 10 o'clock A. M. Speakers—Rev. Dr. JOHN HALL, Rev. Dr. THOMAS DE WITT TALMAGE, of Philadelphia; Rev. Dr. JESSUP, of Syria, and others. Business meeting for the election of officers and the Executive Committee at 9 o'clock, in the lecture room adjoining the church.

RAILROADS.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.
SPRING ARRANGEMENTS—CHANGE OF TIME.
Leave James-slip:
9 A. M., for Greenport and all way-stations except Willow Tree, connecting at Mineola with trains for Glen Cove and Hempstead.
11 A. M., Northport passenger trains and all way-stations except Willow Tree.
3 P. M. Express train for Riverhead, and for Greenport SATURDAYS only.
4 P. M., Northport passenger train and all way-stations, connecting at Mineola with trains for Hempstead and Glen Cove.
5:30 P. M., North Islip passenger train and all way-stations.
Sunday excursion train leaves Hunter's Point for Northport at 9:30 A. M., arrives at Hunter's Point at 5:05 P. M. To take effect April 25, 1868.
I. D. BARTON, Superintendent.

PEIPHER'S DAILY LINE OF TRANSPORTATION.
On and after Nov. 1, 1867, the Peiphers' Daily Line will receive and transport goods and merchandise to Harrisburg and stations beyond, from the depot of the Morris and Essex Railroad Company, Pier No. 26 North River. All goods received up to 4 o'clock P. M. will be forwarded the same day. Freight taken at lowest rates and forwarded with dispatch.
Mark goods "Via Peipher daily line to Harrisburg, Penn."
J. B. MONTGOMERY,
Proprietor Peipher Line.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:
7:30 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
8:30 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville and intermediate stations.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
3:30 P. M.—Way Train for Middletown and intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M.—Way Express, stopping only at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and stations west of Turner's, (except Oxford,) to Newburgh, Warwick, Montgomery, Unionville and Port Jervis.
5 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
5:30 P. M.—Night Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points South and West.
6 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South. By this train sleeping coaches will run through to Cincinnati without change.
8 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.
Also, Way Trains for Rutherford Park, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M. and 1:45, 4, 6:45 and 11 P. M. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock for Suffern and intermediate stations.
SUNDAY TRAINS.—8:30 A. M. Way Train for Otisville; 12 M. for Paterson; 6:30 P. M. Night Express for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca and all points West and South; 8 P. M. Emigrant and Way Train; 11 P. M. for Paterson and Port Jervis.
Express Trains run through to Salamanca, Dunkirk and Buffalo without change of coaches, and in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.
Perfectly ventilated and luxurious sleeping coaches accompany all Night Trains.
Tickets can be obtained at the Company's offices, No. 241 Broadway; depot foot of Chambers-st., New-York; also, at Long Dock Depot, Jersey City.
An illustrated Guide to the principal suburban places on the line of the Eastern Division of this Railway has been prepared, and can be obtained at the office of the Company, free of charge, by those wishing to personally examine the region referred to, with the view of settlement.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent. H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, May 11, 1868, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:
8 A. M. Express train, via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North. Drawing-room Cars from New-York to Rochester, connecting with Sleeping-cars for West, via either North or South Shore Line.
11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
11:30 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with trains for the West, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
3:45 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.
4:35 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; and at Albany with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.
6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every evening excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection for Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.
11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North. Drawing-room cars attached at Albany.
A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 9 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 3 P. M., arriving in New-York at 6:40.
Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:40 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 4:30 P. M., arriving in New-York at 12 M.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5:30 9:25 A. M., 1:22, 4:22, 5:23 and 6:32 P. M. The 5:30, 1:22 and 4:22 run to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Supt.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager....MR. LESTER WALLACK.
Doors open at 7¼. To commence at 8 o'clock.
TUESDAY EVENING, May 12, 1868,
Will be performed, for the last time, the Standard Comedy, in five acts, by Morton, author of "Speed the Plough," "Cure for the Heartache," "Secrets Worth Knowing," &c., entitled
TOWN AND COUNTRY,
which will be produced with every attention to scenery, appointments, costumes, and a powerful cast.
Mr. J. W. WALLACK, Mr. JOHN GILBERT, Mr. J. H. STODDART, Mr. J. B. POLK, Mr. S. T. RINGGOLD, Mr. A. W. YOUNG, Mr. J. LEONARD, Mr. W. H. POPE, Mr. G. F. BROWNE, Mr. E. MILTON, Mr. T. WARD, Mr. E. CASHIN, Mr. G. WHITE, Mr. B. DURAND, Miss FANNY MORANT, Mrs. CLARA JENNINGS, Mrs. VERNON, Mrs. JOHN SEFTON, Miss CARMAN, Miss MARY SCOTT.
Mr. Wallack begs to announce that, in compliance with many applications at the box office for a repetition of Chas. Reade's exquisite play of
MASKS AND FACES,
It will be given on
WEDNESDAY, May 13th,
Positively for
THE LAST TIME,
As the drama of
THE WHITE COCKADE
Will be produced on
THURSDAY, May 14.
Parties having seats for Wednesday, 13th inst., may, on application at the box office, either exchange them for the following evening (Thursday), or have their money returned. (Those having boxes can either receive their money back or have the same boxes for Monday, May 18.)

PIKE'S OPERA HOUSE,
23d-st., corner 8th-av.
WEDNESDAY, May 13, AND EVERY EVENING.
FRED. G. MAEDER'S
Five-act Sensational Play, from the French, entitled
LOST.
A DRAMATIC PICTURE OF A HEART'S SHADOWS WITH STARTLING SCENIC EFFECTS.
ACT 1.—The Coral Bracelet—Shadow of Love.—"The Garden of the Chateau."
ACT 2.—The Prodigal Brother—Shadow of Danger—The Fresnet on the Island.
ACT 3.—The Royal Notary—Shadow of Misery—"The Notary's Office."
ACT 4.—The Red Chamber—Shadow of Death.
ACT 5.—The Accusation—Shadow of the Future.
NOVEL TRANSFORMATION SCENES BY L. W. SEAVEY.
PRICE OF ADMISSION.
Admission 75 cents; reserved seats 50 cents extra; Family Circle 50 cents. Seats can be secured six days in advance at the office of the Opera House, Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Theatre ticket office, 114 Broadway.
LOST MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY.

FRENCH THEATRE.
ENGLISH OPERA SEASON.
CAROLINE RICHINGS..........Directress.
TUESDAY EVENING, May 12,
Wallace's Grand Opera
MARITANA.
Castle, Campbell, Peakes, Arnold, Miss Richings, and Mrs. E. Seguin in the cast, supported by a
FULL CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA.
TO-MORROW EVENING—In Brooklyn,
CROWN DIAMONDS.
All the Artists in the cast.
SATURDAY—FRA DIAVOLO MATINEE.
One Dollar to all parts of the house.
Seats at the Theatre, and at 701 and 114 Broadway.

FRENCH THEATRE.
CAROLINE RICHINGS..........Directress.
RICHINGS' ENGLISH OPERA NIGHTS.
MONDAY..........MARTHA.
TUESDAY..........MARITANA.
WEDNESDAY (in Brooklyn,)...CROWN DIAMONDS.
THURSDAY (in New-York,)..........SONNAMBULA.
FRIDAY..........CROWN DIAMONDS.
SATURDAY, (Matinee,)..........FRA DIAVOLO.
Seats at the theatre, No. 701 and 114 Broadway.

GREAT NATIONAL PAINTING,
THE NEW REPUBLIC,
Or Emancipation,
A SPLENDID ALLEGORICAL PICTURE,
By the celebrated Artist,
FERDINAND PAUWELS,
Professor of the Academy at Weimer,
On exhibition at the Art Gallery, No. 845 Broadway, from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

MEETINGS.

TAXATION FOR REVENUE ONLY.—A meeting of those in favor of abandoning the protective policy, by adopting the principle of taxation for revenue only, is to be held at the Hall of the New-York Historical Society, 2d-av., corner of 11th-st., near the Bible House, on TUESDAY, May 12, at 10 o'clock A. M. Speakers: Dr. Lieber, Edward Atkinson, of Boston; Rev. Drs. Prime, Storrs, and others. Call signed by President Barnard, of Columbia College; Rev. Drs. Woolsey, Bacon, Fisher, and Porter, of Yale College; President Raymond, of Vassar College; Professors Perry and Bascom, of Williams College; Dr. Francis Lieber, William C. Bryant, Jackson S. Schultz, George Opdyke, of New-York, and many others.

NEW-YORK HOSPITAL.—NOTICE.—AN selection for Twenty-six Governors of "The Society of the New-York Hospital," will be held at the Hospital on TUESDAY, 19th of May.
Poll opens at 12 o'clock M.
D. COLDEN MURRAY, Secretary.

TAX REFORM.—THE MEETING AT THE Historical Society's Hall TO-DAY is to be continued in the evening.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
DR. DE JONGH'S
LIGHT-BROWN
COD LIVER OIL.
In consequence of the immense demand for this celebrated Oil in all parts of the world, the cupidity of unprincipled dealers has been excited. In America, a fraudulent imitation has been audaciously sold for some years. In order to put a final stop to such dishonest proceedings, and to enable the medical profession and the public in America to place full confidence in the genuineness of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD-LIVER OIL, and to realize its unequaled efficacy, every bottle of
DR. DE JONGH'S GENUINE OIL
shipped to the United States by his sole consignees, ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., of London, is now sealed with a new Patent Trade Mark Capsule, (Betts, maker, London,) colored blue opaque, white top, stamped with a blue fish on a red shield, and the label bears the additional signature of the sole accredited agents for the United States and Canada.
EDWARD GREEY & CO.,
No. 34 Vesey-st., New-York.
Sold by all respectable druggists.

LUMBER FOR SALE.
I have at Pier No. 2 East River, 12,000 feet sounding boards, 8,000 inch cherry, 12,000 3-inch spruce, 4,500 2-inch pine. Any party wishing to purchase any part or the whole can do so by addressing W., Room No. 15 Lovejoy's Hotel.

WAR DEPARTMENT, }
SURGEON-GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2, 1868. }
ADVERTISEMENT.—AN ARMY MEDICAL Board, to consist of Surgeon J. B. Brown, Brevet Brig.-Gen., U. S. A.; Surgeon H. R. Wirtz, Brevet Lieut.-Col., U. S. A.; Surgeon John Moore, Brevet Col., U. S. A., and Assistant-Surgeon A. A. Woodhull, Brevet Lieut.-Col., U. S. A., will meet in New-York City, on the 1st of May next, for the examination of Assistant-Surgeons U. S. Army, for promotion, and of candidates for admission into the Medical Staff of the U. S. Army.
Applicants must be between 21 and 30 years of age, physically sound, and graduates of a regular medical college.
Applications for permission to appear before the Board should be addressed to the Surgeon-General U. S. Army, and must state the full name, residence and date and place of birth of the candidate.
Testimonials as to character and qualifications must be furnished. If the applicant has been in the medical service of the army during the late war, the fact should be stated, together with his former rank, and date and place of service, and testimonials from officers with whom he has served should also be forwarded.
No allowance is made for the expenses of person undergoing examination, as it is an indispensable prerequisite to appointment.
The number of vacancies now existing in the Medical Corps of the Army is thirty-nine.
J. K. BARNES, Surgeon-General U. S. A.

TRAVELERS' ARTICLES—WHOLESALE and retail. Sole-leather trunks, ladies' dress trunks for American and European travel, elegant morocco and Russia leather bags, drinking cups, flasks &c. JOHN CATTNACH, manufacturer and importer, corner Broadway and Wall-st., and No. 700 Broadway.

DIVORCES LEGALLY OBTAINED.—Desertion, drunkenness, &c., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained; advice free. M. HOWES, Attorney, &c., No. 78 Nassau-st.

SHOW CASES OLD AND NEW OF ALL descriptions sold at the lowest prices by HOFFMAN & FERSCH, No. 148 Chatham-st.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY bought and money loaned on them by G. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

SODA FOUNTAINS.—ONE, $20; ALSO, SELF-charging St. Louis fount, very low, at DOTY'S Clothes-washer Depot, No. 32 Cortlandt-st.

ASTROLOGY.

MME. ROSS, MEDICAL AND BUSINESS clairvoyant, tells the name and shows the likeness of future husband; brings together those long separated; lucky numbers. No. 144 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

PRINTING.

TO PRINTERS.—USE THE PATENT COMPOSITION for printers' INKING ROLLERS, made by FRANCIS & LOUTREL, No. 45 Maiden-lane, New-York. It is superior to anything in use.

STATIONERY.

ACCOUNT BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—A full supply constantly on hand and made to order. Business men are invited to call at the old stand. Revenue and postage stamps constantly on hand.
HOWE & FERRY, No. 76 Bowery.

REMOVALS.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
The General Office and Money Department of the
AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY
has been removed from No. 124 Broadway to
NO. 115 BROADWAY,
opposite. The freighting business will continue to be transacted at No. 61 Hudson-st., as heretofore.

REMOVAL.
The World Mutual Life Insurance Company have removed into their new office, No. 160 Broadway.

DEFIANCE FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFE Salesroom removed from No. 63 Murray-st. to Safe Works, No. 62 Cannon-st., between Delancey and Rivington. A large assortment of new and second-hand Safes for sale. Orders received at office, second floor, No. 53 Cedar-st.
ROBERT M. PATRICK.

HARDWARE.

HOUSEKEEPERS' HARDWARE,
FINE IVORY AND COMMON TABLE CUTLERY,
Plated Tea and Table Spoons, Tea Trays, Tin-ware,
SAUCEPANS,
Round and Oval Pots, Fish Kettles, &c.
At LITTLE'S HARDWARE STORE,
No. 59 Fulton-st., between Cliff and Gold,
East of Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—TENTH WEEK.
CROWDS TURNED AWAY.
The great hit, G. L. Fox's spectacular pantomime,
HUMPTY DUMPTY.
H. D. Combining Ballet, Spectacle, Pantomime, Burlesque. The brightest, most amusing and most successful production of the season. "STANDING ROOM ONLY" announced every night since its first performance; the merriest and completest hit ever known to New-York. H. D.
G. L. FOX
G. L. FOX as H. DUMPTY CLOWN.
GRAND BALLET AND SKATING CARNIVAL.
MATINEES, 1½ WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.
Opens at 7½; begins at 8. Admission, 75c.; family circle, 50c.; orchestra and balcony chairs, $1 50. At Matinees, balcony chairs, $1; children, 50c., admission

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessee and Manager..........WM. WHEATLEY
Begins, 7¾; concludes, 11 o'clock.
TUESDAY, May 12, 1868, FOR THE 117TH TIME, will be presented the Burlesque Extravaganza entitled
THE
WHITE FAWN.
Introducing Jarrett & Palmer's
celebrated Parisienne
BALLET TROUPE.
Brilliant reception of the European Star Danseuse,
MLLE. DE ROSA.
Premiere Assoluta from La Scala, Milan.
Second appearance in New-York of
MLLE. MARC WESTMAYLER,
Premiere Danseuse of Jarrett & Palmer's
VIENNESE BALLET TROUPE.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AT 1.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

WORRELL SISTERS' NEW-YORK THEATRE.—ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
Undiminished enthusiasm manifested by crowded and delighted audiences to see the
WORRELL SISTERS,
SOPHIE, IRENE, AND JENNIE,
in the highly successful Burlesque of
PARIS AND HELEN,
an adaptation from the French of LA BELLE HELENE, preserving all of Offenbach's exquisite music.
Mr. M. W. LEFFINGWELL,
nightly in his inimitable character of Romeo Jaffer Jenkins, in the laughable Farce of
TOO MUCH FOR GOOD NATURE.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AT 2 O'CLOCK.

BROADWAY THEATRE. Admission 50 cts.
THIS EVENING AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
A SUCCESS UNPRECEDENTED.
THE BEST IRISH DRAMA OF THE DAY.
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS IN
THE CONNIE SOOGAH.
EVERY TABLEAU VIGOROUSLY ENCORED.
EVERY SONG ENTHUSIASTICALLY ENCORED.
EVERY DANCE HEARTILY ENCORED.
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
IN THEIR ORIGINAL CHARACTERS.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Benefit of Mr. JOHN J. JONES, Treasurer.
Mr. G. C. BONIFACE, Mr W. H. WHALLEY.
PAYABLE ON DEMAND; RAG-PICKER OF PARIS;
DICK, THE NEWSBOY.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS,
No. 585 Broadway. The doors surrounded at 7; insurrection begins at 8 o'clock. The great original Humorists and Vocalists of the age, Birch, Wambold and Backus' San Francisco Minstrels, every night.

MAGNIFICENT PANORAMA OF THE WAR,
FROM FORT SUMTER TO ITS CLOSE.
MADISON SQUARE HALL, 954 Broadway and 23d-st.
EVERY EVENING, 8 P. M. Illustrated by
MISS SALLIE BROWNSON GOODRICH.
MATINEES WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, 2 P. M.
TICKETS 50 CENTS; RESERVED SEATS 75 CENTS.

KAULBACH'S GRAND CARTOON.
THE ERA OF THE REFORMATION.
5TH-AV. ART GALLERY, CORNER OF 14TH-ST.
Daily from 9 A. M. to 6½ P. M., and 7½ to 9½ P. M.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.
THE FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF PICTURES AND SCULPTURES,
Day and Evening, corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.

"THE OLD OAKEN BUCKET."
Parlors Fifth-av. Art Gallery,
DAY AND EVENING. Admission free.

LECTURES.

STEINWAY HALL.
WENDELL PHILLIPS and Col. T. W. HIGGINSON will deliver addresses upon NATIONAL AFFAIRS
WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 13.
Mr. SIGISMUND LASAR will preside at the organ. Tickets, including reserved seats, 50 cents. For sale at Pond's music stores, Nos. 547 and 865 Broadway; at No. 114 Broadway; at the office of the *Anti-Slavery Standard*, No. 39 Nassau-st., Room No. 43, and at the box office, Steinway Hall, at 9 A. M. Wednesday.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE LAW SCHOOL.—The ninth annual Commencement of the Law School of Columbia College will be held at the Academy of Music on WEDNESDAY, May 13, at 8 o'clock P. M. The degree of Bachelor of Laws will be conferred on the members of the Graduating Class, and the annual prizes will be awarded. An address will be delivered before the Alumni of the Law School by L. BRADFORD PRINCE, Esq.; a Valedictory Oration by Mr. SAMUEL H. VALENTINE, and an Address before the Graduating Class by CHARLES TRACY, Esq. Members of the Bar and the public generally are respectfully invited to attend.
F. A. P. BARNARD, LL. D.,
President Columbia College.

JOHN B. GOUGH WILL DELIVER HIS LAST Lecture this season at the Cooper Institute on FRIDAY EVENING, May 15, 1868. Subject—*Temperance.* Tickets to be had at J. K. Terry's, No. 409 Broadway and No. 15 Union-square; Foster, Jr., Bible House; Cross Bros., No. 15 3d-av. and No. 130 Nassau-st.; P. W. Derham, No. 15 Nassau-st.

MUSICAL.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE
is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this City and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufactures of this country, eminently the *best Piano in America*, and used by the Conservato of Music and other high music schools altogether, because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., manufacturers of the MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS, fifty styles, $110 to $1,000 each; also, METROPOLITAN ORGANS; also, MASON & HAMLIN PORTABLE ORGANS, $75 to $225 each, offer the best assortment of organs in the country. Organs to rent or for sale, payable by quarter yearly installments. Warerooms No. 596 Broadway, New-York.

HAZELTON BROS.
OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES,
With Full Iron Frame and Agraffe Treble.
Factory and Warerooms, Nos. 147 and 149 Greene-st., corner of Houston-st.

AS PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS JENNYS & SON, No. 233 East 21st-st., between 2d and 3d avs., fairly outstrip all their competitors. For great power, purity and sweetness of tone, elegance of finish and general durability, their instruments are unequaled, while their prices for a first-class instrument are the most reasonable. Parties wanting would do well to examine them before making their selections elsewhere.

A GREAT OFFER.—HORACE WATERS & CO., No. 481 Broadway, will dispose of fifteen new and ten second-hand pianos, melodeons and organs, of five first-class makers, and take from $5 to $15 monthly until paid. This offer will be continued for a few days, owing to the large number of pianos returned the 1st of May. Also, fifty new and second-hand instruments for rent, and rent allowed if purchased, or for sale at bargains for cash.

FOR SALE—A FINE CHICKERING PIANO, IN good order, seven-octave, four round corners, carved legs, mouldings, &c.; would cost new $700; price $350. Call to-day, before 10 o'clock, at No. 119 Waverley-place.

A SOPRANO OF SUPERIOR ABILITY desires a position in a first-class quartet choir; is a good reader; references given. Address Mrs. B. M., *Herald* Office.

100 NEW AND SECOND-HAND PIANO-fortes at great bargains, for cash; also, to let and sold on installments. L. P. CUMMINGS, No. 8 Union-square.

PIANOS.—TWENTY-FIVE SECOND-HAND piano-fortes, of various makers, for sale at low prices by CHICKERING & SONS, No. 652 Broadway. Pianos to rent.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.
PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.
Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine, at one interview.
Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, 129 Liberty-st., N. Y., or sent by mail, free of postage.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR MARRIED ladies, with or without medicine, by Mme. RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery; over 30 years' practice. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, specially prepared, price $5, which can never fail, are safe and healthy. Sold only at her office, No. 1 East 52d-st., first door from 5th-av., and at Druggist's No. 152 Greenwich-st., or sent by mail. Caution—All others are counterfeits. Her Circular to the Married, sent free.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IMMEDIATELY by Dr. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st. A cure in from one to five days of gonorrhoea, gleet, strictures, syphilis, and all venereal diseases, without mercury. Be wise in time. Dr. POWERS' are the only medicines on earth to cure private diseases; all others drive the virus in the blood. Confidential consultation free.

LADIES REQUIRING PRIVATE MEDICAL assistance, should consult Dr. Allen, No. 42 St. Mark's-place. A regular, long-established and successful practitioner; elegant rooms if desired.

LADIES' SURE ASSISTANT IMMEDIATELY— Dr. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st., with or without medicines. Can return same day. Certain at one trial.

YOUTHFUL VIGOR AND MANHOOD REGAINED by using Dr. Powers' Elixir, and unfortunates cured without mercury positively. Office, 191 Stanton-st.

RELIEF TO LADIES IN TROUBLE, BY DR. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st. His medicines act immediately. Confidential circular sent by first post.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST cases of certain diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. No. 3 Division-st. Book of sixty pages and advice free.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROPS—THE ONLY thing on earth that will really cure certain diseases without injury to the constitution; all others dry it in the blood. $1 per vial. No. 3 Division-st., since 1834.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores vigor of youth in one week; gives health and strength to the most debilitated; $5 per bottle. No. 3 Division-st. Book on nervous debility, 60 pages, gratis.

THE VICE-PRESIDENCY.

Operations of Mr. Wade's Friends—The Chances for the Nomination—Filling the Offices—Formidable Array for the Treasury Department.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Monday, May 11, 1868.

The result of impeachment being conceded to be conviction, Mr. WADE's friends are doing what in commercial parlance is denominated "selling short"—that is, they are contracting to deliver offices which are not yet in their possession. How they will manage to settle their differences in case they are not able to deliver, remains to be seen. But their promises are budding faster than the blossoms during this cold Spring weather, and the traffic is all with an eye to the Chicago Convention. The lobby for Mr. WADE, with the great power of patronage really belonging to the next President, will go up to Chicago, hang its banners on the outer walls, and proclaim that whoever is for sale need only fix his price, and the only condition shall be fealty to Vice-President WADE. There is an assumed confidence about the advocates of Mr. WADE which reminds me of the confidence assumed by the friends of the President on the impeachment. They seem to be certain of success, but can't give any plausible reason for the faith that is in them. There is a great deal of talk among them, but there is also a great lack of votes. Beyond Ohio, the only great States that have declared for WADE are Delaware and Nebraska. Pennsylvania is for sale, as she always is, and Mr. WADE will probably get a good share of her delegates, but not all. There is not a vote for WADE in all New-England, nor in New-Jersey, nor in the northeast beyond Nebraska, and yet his advocates pretend he is clear ahead of everybody else. The first ballot at Chicago, if things do not change, will open their eyes to the fact that WADE is *not* the strongest man. The nomination, from indications here, is far more likely to be given to SCHUYLER COLFAX, or if not to him, then to HENRY WILSON.

As regards the filling of the most important office next to the President, viz., that of Secretary of the Treasury, great diversity of opinion exists. The man who has been named most prominently up to this time is E. B. WARD, of Detroit. He is known to have been for years the confidential friend, adviser and money banker of BEN. WADE, and has also great influence with Senators HOWARD and CHANDLER, of Michigan, who are in no small degree indebted to him for their seats in the Senate. He has also the support of HORACE GREELEY, PETER COOPER and the extreme Tariff men of New-York and Philadelphia, who hope to carry out, through his instrumentality, their darling project of raising the present tariff some 15 or 20 per cent. on most articles which enter into competition with our domestic manufactures. Mr. WARD holds, in politics and business, at the West, a position somewhat akin to that occupied by GEORGE LAW at the East. Springing from the lowest position in society, he has succeeded, by hard work, great perseverance and a not over sensitive regard for the rights of the public and his rivals in business, in amassing a large fortune. He is not esteemed a man of elegant accomplishments or literary tastes, and his knowledge of finances confined to the art of making money. He is a believer in expansion, and regards HENRY CAREY and HORACE GREELEY as the two great apostles of the modern Gentiles.

The next name in the list is Hon. FREEMAN CLARKE, former Comptroller of the Currency, who has been in this City for the last two weeks. Mr. CLARKE is strongly recommended by many of the New-York bankers and bank Presidents, Mr. COE, of the American Exchange Bank, heading the recommendations; and also by the leading Albany bankers.

No. 3 is Hon. SAMUEL HOOPER, the member from Boston and a leading member of the Committee of Ways and Means. Mr. HOOPER will probably have the support of a majority of that Committee, and many of the prominent members of the House and Senate, including Mr. SUMNER, and also Mr. STANTON.

No. 4 is Hon. WILLIAM E. CHANDLER, Ex-Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, who has also many strong friends and supporters.

No. 5 is Gen. F. E. SPINNER, Treasurer of the United States, who, although not pressing his own case, and perhaps not even desiring the office, is nevertheless regarded as a very desirable man for the *ad interim* appointment.

No. 6 is Mr. STANTON, who is pressed for substantially the same reasons which have led many to desire the appointment of Gen. SPINNER. He will probably not accept.

No. 7 is Hon. E. G. SPALDING, of Buffalo, a bank President, who is probably the equal of any of the above-named in point of financial qualifications.

No. 8 is Gov. FENTON, later in the field, but perhaps not least, who, if he can convey the New-York delegation to Chicago over to Mr. WADE, will have a strong claim.

No. 9 is Secretary MCCULLOCH himself, whose retention will be strongly urged by not a few of the leading members of the Republican Party, who look with alarm, both in its bearings upon politics and finance, upon any immediate change in the direction and policy of the Treasury Department.

CYMON.

MUSICAL.

The Boston Festival—Friday and Saturday's Concert.

From Our Own Correspondent.

BOSTON, Saturday, May 9, 1868.

The concert began with the brilliant overture of WAGNER's "Tannhäuser." The orchestra did justice to this work, and the audience received it with great applause. Mme. PAREPA-ROSA sang lately at one of the New-York Philharmonic concerts the well-known grand scena from WEBER's "Oberon,"—"Ocean, thou mighty monster." This she repeated here, producing great effect. She sang it with unusual care, and received the well-earned plaudits of the audience. This song was followed by the two movements from SCHUBERT's unfinished symphony in B minor (posthumous). THEO. THOMAS gave this at one of his symphonie *soirées* this Winter, and it was then very much relished. The movements are delicious, and were given by the great orchestra here with telling effect. It has been, perhaps, the best orchestral performance. The second part of this concert consisted of BEETHOVEN's Choral Symphony No. 9, in D minor. The first three movements, letter A, were well given; in fact, taking into consideration the difficulties of the work, and also that these 115 musicians had not undergone the really indispensable rehearsals, it was rendered finely. The tempis of Mr. ZERRAHN were, in our judgment, right; they were neither too slow nor too fast. But whatever imperfections there might have been in the first three movements, the performances of the *Finale*, with quartet of soli and chorus, was magnificent. Mme. ROSA is the only singer in this country, at the present time, who could do justice to the really difficult part; also Miss ADELAIDE PHILLIPPS, as the alto, both of whom sang the very arduous parts with wonderful results. Mr. SIMPSON and Mr. J. F. RUDOLPHSON aided also very materially to make this quartet a memorable one. And what shall we say of the precision of the great chorus? It has been heretofore held, at least to a great extent in America, that it is impossible to sing the vocal parts of this symphony. To Boston belongs, rightfully, the honor in having solved this problem. It was demonstrated to a very large audience, on Friday, the 8th inst., that it can be done, and that, too, *well* done. It was an occasion of the most intense interest, and the scene one that will long be remembered by your correspondent. He has seen and heard much music in his lifetime; but never before has he had such an experience of really hallowed pleasure! When shall we have such a performance in New-York? The words from SCHILLER's "Hymn to Joy," sung by such a chorus, had then a real significance—"O! embrace now, all ye millions! Here's a kiss to all the world." Whether the audience were impressed like ourselves or not, we do not pretend to divine, but the people received it apparently quite cold, while we sat, listened and wept. Shall we ever hear this work again in our lifetime? We thank the soloists, the chorus and the orchestra for this rendering of the Ninth Symphony, and cannot leave this subject without renewedly thanking Mr. CARL ZERRAHN, the successful Conductor, for his enterprise and ability, so signally rewarded, and of which as an artist he has every reason to be proud, in directing the only wholly successful performance of BEETHOVEN's Choral Symphony.

SATURDAY, MAY 9.

We accompanied his Honor the Mayor of Boston, together with Dr. UPHAM, the Chairman of the Committee on Music in the Boston schools, Mr. PHILBRICK, the Superintendent of Schools, and others, mostly representing the New-York Press, at about 8 o'clock this morning, to a visit of some of the Boston schools, for the purpose of viewing the method of musical instruction now pursued in the public schools of Boston, and out of which the Handel and Hayden Society derive their material. We were greatly interested in these visits. The smallest children, some not older than 5 or 6 years, are taught to sing, if not more than three tones. As they advance in years and intelligence, they pass through all the different grades of instruction, until they sing songs in three parts quite successfully. This applies, of course, to both sexes. We heard by a class of not more than thirty boys, the third part of one of Meyerbeer's choruses sung very finely, and that, too, independent of the other parts. Later in the morning we arrived at the normal school for girls, where we found Mme. ROSA and friends, who, after the singing by the girls of a song in three parts, entertained the audience with one of her songs, calling forth quite a storm of applause. The great organ of the Music Hall, which is played every Wednesday and Saturday, was played this morning by Mr. B. J. LANG to quite a large audience, who seemed to be both pleased with the organ and the skillfull playing of Mr. LANG.

A very large audience gathered at 3 P. M. for the last orchestral and vocal concert of the festival. The grand feature of this concert was the "Reformation"—symphony, by MENDELSSOHN—one of his posthumous works, and which was on this occasion performed for the first time in this country. The movements are indicated thus: 1. Andante and Allegro con fuoco. 2. Allegro Vivace. 3. Andante. 4. Andante and Allegro Maestoso. It is a matter of sincere regret that we must confess our disappointment of this composition. The first movement is a weak, unmeaning composition, and we can hardly think it possible that the great composer ever wrote a note of it. The second movement, which is a pastoral scherzo, is quite pretty, but entirely out of place. The audience received it, however, warmly, and was encored. Any one of MENDELSSOHN's songs without words arranged for an orchestra would be really of more interest than the Andante No. 3. It is weak. No. 4 is a fine movement. The flute announces the theme at the beginning, which is the well-known first line of the German choral, "Ein feste Burg." The choral is worked up very finely, much stronger than in NICOLAI's great Festival Overture, and it is the only movement of the symphony in which one feels he is listening to the MENDELSSOHN who wrote the grand oratorios. Boston is strongly attached to MENDELSSOHN's music, and that undoubtedly is the cause why the work was received so kindly. We hope to hear it soon at the festival in New-York, and if we should change our views of this work, we shall be glad to acknowledge it. The orchestra followed this by a fine rendering of SPOHR's overture, "Jessonda." The second part of this concert gave us the concerto for piano-forte, (E flat major,) by LISZT, and, played on this occasion by Miss ALIDE TOPP. The audience was quite breathless, and were greatly intent in listening. Miss TOPP had the most unusual advantage in rehearsing this composition with the orchestra a number of times at two different rehearsals. She played it yesterday (Friday) three times, to say nothing of repetitions of certain passages.

This morning she rehearsed it again at a special rehearsal arranged for that purpose. She is unfortunate in not playing such a work at least evenly, that is, in such a manner by which a conductor and his orchestra can be sure in their accompaniments. Miss TOPP is a lady possessing rare ability. Her power of retention is a perfect wonder. Call it mere *technique* or what you please. For one to play such compositions, the most difficult which can be written, from memory, is an astonishment. She has in this one respect hardly an equal. She plays also with great ease, and is nearly always correct in her *technique*. She must remember, however, that when she plays with an orchestra she must be strictly obedient to the text—not in one respect, but in every. Miss TOPP has it in her power to become a complete artist. Her friends—and we are one of the number—must be judicious in their praises. It is hardly necessary to say that she was greatly applauded at the close of the concerts. On being recalled she played CHOPIN's delicious cradle song. This was followed by Miss ADELAIDE PHILLIPPS' singing of MOZART's *Voi Che Sapete*. She sang as usual. Nothing more can be said of a conscientious artist. The concert closed with ROSSINI's overture to "William Tell," played by the orchestra superbly.

HAYDN's oratorio, "The Creation," is to be given tonight, and HANDEL's "Messiah" to-morrow (Sunday) evening, with an increased number in the chorus (800.) We regret we are not able to hear both these oratorios, but from the experience of this week we are quite sure the performances will be equal to the reputation already gained by the Handel and Haydn Society.

ANNIVERSARIES.

Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers.

The sixth anniversary of this enterprising institution was celebrated last evening at Pike's Opera House. An immense audience was present, crowding the building to its utmost capacity, and many hundreds were obliged to go away without being able even to gain admission to the vestibule. A number of prominent citizens were present, including, among others, Mayor HOFFMAN, who, with his lady, occupied one of the private boxes. The children of the Mission, to the number of about 150, neatly dressed, and presenting altogether a creditable appearance, were seated upon extemporized galleries upon the stage.

The programme consisted of speeches by the Chairman of the occasion—Dr. J. M. WARD, of Newark,—Rev. Dr. FISH, who was frequently reminded by the audience that his remarks were too lengthy, and Mr. R. G. PARDEE. Mayor HOFFMAN also made an address, which had the merit of being characteristically brief and pointed. He commended this enterprise to the Christian people of New-York as one most worthy of their hearty support. The managers he said, were grateful to the audience for their presence, and before the close of the evening, would doubtless have cause to be equally grateful for their presents. Grafulla's Seventh Regiment Band was in attendance, and discoursed at intervals a choice selection of appropriate airs. The children sang a number of pieces very acceptably, particularly the "Hallelujah Chorus," which was received with intense applause.

The reports of the Secretary and Treasurer were read by those officers. The former recites that during the past year God had smiled upon the institution, and that the managers have been enabled to erect a fine chapel which is exceedingly useful for holding evening meetings and for Sabbath services, and which now give ample accommodations for the schools. The number of children brought under instruction during the year was 1,438. The largest number in the school at any time was 619—which was in the month of March. During the past month the number in attendance was 518. The diminished number of scholars in the schools is owing to the relief which the change of the season brings from the pressure of want and pinching cold—and to the opening avenues for employment to the larger children. Such will ever be the case among a class of children whose parents have at best but slight appreciation of the importance of an education. The school has been conducted by six teachers, ladies of the highest culture and refinement, of whose constant and faithful devotion to their duties it would be impossible to speak in too high praise. During the past year 148 children have been placed in Christian families by adoption; taken as children, not merely as servants, and where they will have the privilege of attending the common school, the Sunday School, and other means of grace, that they may be trained in the ways of usefulness and religion. About a dozen have been returned to their parents, a few have run away from the homes in which they were placed. Several of the most incorrigible were with the direction of parents committed to the House of Refuge. Where they have long run the streets, they contract so many bad habits that it is difficult to get them good homes, or if they do, to make them contented. The younger, the more favorable the chance of making them good members of society. A most interesting part of the work is that performed by our missionaries, who with the families of the children, aid them with food and fuel under necessitous circumstances, and instruct them with the truths of God's word; with the blessing of God upon our labors, and the benefactions of a generous public it is hoped to rescue a great number from the power of Satan, and save them soul and body, for this life and the life to come.

The Treasurer reported as follows:

	Cash.	Dr.	
1867. May 1.	To Balance	$5,868 19	
1868. May 1.	To Receipts Mission Fund	33,487 47	
May 1.	To Receipts Building Fund	30,405 08	$69,760 74
1868.	Cash.	Cr.	
May 1.	By House Expenses	$6,141 85	
May 1.	By Salaries	10,404 35	
May 1.	By Traveling Expenses and Locating and visiting children in homes	3,962 33	
May 1.	By Mission	10,369 36	
May 1.	By Building	38,670 04	$69,547 93
	Balance on hand		$212 81

After these papers had been read, a call was made for subscriptions, which was liberally responded to by those present. The Doxology and Benediction brought the interesting exercises to a close.

American Seamen's Friend Society—Annual Report—Addresses.

Last evening the American Seamen's Friend Society celebrated its fortieth anniversary at the Fourth-avenue Presbyterian Church, WILLIAM A. BOOTH, Esq., occupying the chair.

After singing and prayer, Rev. Dr. HALL, Secretary of the Society, read the annual report, which sets forth that the object of the Society is to improve the social and moral condition of seamen. Under its supervision a vast amount of good substantial work has been accomplished, and it now occupies a prominent place in the list of evangelical agencies. It has been the means of saving millions of the hard-earned dollars of the seamen, and has done much to relieve human distress, both on land and sea. During the year the Society has lost by death two chaplains and one missionary. Thirty-six chaplains and sailors' missionaries were employed, and they labored both in our own ports, and in the ports of foreign countries. The past year was one of success almost everywhere. Between 300 and 400 conversions among sailors were reported. Since the Society was organized, 2,642 libraries, containing 118,000 volumes, have been sent out. The Sailor's Home, under the superintendence of Mr. CASSIDY has accommodated, since its organization six years ago, 73,068 boarders, and has received for safe keeping $349,896 of sailors' money. Through this agency the Society has expended for the relief of destitute seamen, $459 66. The Colored Sailors' Home has accommodated 465 borders, and has left in its charge $97 5. During the year over 34,000 copies of the *Seamen's Friend* were distributed. The receipts, including a small balance from the year preceding, amounted to $55,352 80; expenditures, $54,022 22.

After the reading of the report, Rev. Dr. STORRS, of Brooklyn, addressed the meeting. He spoke of the condition of sailors before the Seamen's Friend Society was organized, and compared it with their improved condition at the present time. No one could doubt that the efforts put forth by such Societies had been well spent. The reforms that had been secured during the past forty years, through this means was a cause of rejoicing. Thirty years ago we had 30,000 seamen on the deep, while to-day we have over 3,000,000. Every seaman that was converted and every vessel that was made a Bethel ship was the beginning of theological institutions which were to exert an important influence on the millions of future seamen. If Christian influences should be withdrawn from seamen, the result would be disastrous and fearful; therefore the speaker hoped that the Society would be sustained in its good work by the churches throughout the country.

Rev. Dr. C. F. DEEMS was the next speaker. He said that lately circumstances had turned his attention to the interests of sailors. The very number of seamen, he thought, was sufficient to claim the sympathy and protection of the Christian public. There was something in the occupation of the sailor that made him a subject for special religious attention. The speaker then referred to the many opportunities the sailors had for doing good or evil, and depicted the severe shock commerce would receive if seamen were to abandon their calling.

The exercises closed with singing and the benediction.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

Board of Aldermen.

This Board met at 2 P. M. yesterday, Mr. COMAN in the Chair.

A resolution was adopted to lay the Nicolson pavement in West Twelfth-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues.

Resolutions to lay the MCGONEGAL pavement in Bond, John, and Market streets were laid over.

The Street Commissioner was directed to report why the work of grading Fortieth-street, between First and Second avenues, has been suspended, and how much has been paid for work done under the contract.

Mr. COMAN introduced an ordinance regulating the driving of cattle through the public streets. The ordinance provides that cattle shall not be driven in droves of over 25 each; that each drove shall be attended by at least two drivers, and that no cattle, sheep, &c., shall be driven in Fifth-avenue below Sixtieth-street.

It was referred to the Committee on Law.

A resolution from the other Board was read rescinding all resolutions to pave streets with Belgian pavement, under which resolution no contracts have yet been made.

Mr. NORTON said the contractors for paving the streets had apparently entered into a combination to put up the price of paving, and it was absolutely necessary that something should be done to break up the combination.

Mr. CUDDY said they had advanced the price to $4 85.

The resolution was concurred in.

A resolution directing the Street Commissioner to repaint, repair and refurnish the Chamber of the Board of Councilmen, was adopted.

The Board then adjourned to Thursday next.

Board of Councilmen.

This Board met at 2 P. M. to-day, Mr. HARTMAN in the chair.

Resolutions were adopted to lay the Brown & Miller wooden pavement in Howard and Warren streets, and the McGonegal pavement in Fifty-seventh-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, and in Forty-sixth-street, from Third-avenue to the East river.

A resolution was adopted to rescind all resolutions to lay Belgian pavement where contracts have not been made for the laying of such pavement.

Mr. N. B. ROBERTS moved that all resolutions for the laying of Belgian pavement be placed on file.

Mr. HENRY MURRAY hoped the motion would not be adopted. The Belgian pavement is, he said, a good pavement, and the motion to stop the laying of it altogether was rather too sweeping.

Mr. FLYNN accused Mr. MURRAY of inconsistency in opposing the motion, he having already voted to rescind all resolutions to lay Belgian pavement.

Finally a motion was made to refer all resolutions relating to Belgian pavement to the Committee on Street Pavements, which was adopted.

The Board adjourned to Thursday next.

Award of Contracts by the Croton Department.

Yesterday bids were opened and contracts awarded by the Croton Aqueduct Department as follows: For constructing sewers in First-avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-fifth to and through One Hundred and Twenty-fourth-street to Third-avenue, and in One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, the contract was awarded to ALEXANDER LUTZ and JOHN MCKIM, at $10,527 50; time, 30 days. Sewers in Tenth-avenue, between Fifty-ninth and Sixty-first streets, with branches in Sixtieth and Sixty-first streets; the contract was awarded to MICHAEL GRAH, at $13,710; time, 250 days. For sewers in Madison-avenue, between Fifty-ninth and Seventieth streets, the contract was awarded to LAWRENCE CRONIN, at $18,744 30; time, 100 days. For sewers in Ninth-avenue, between Fifty-fifth and Fifty-seventh streets, and in Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth streets, between Ninth and Eleventh avenues, the contract was awarded to MARTIN MEYERS and JOHN A. TAYLOR, at $34,036 46; time, 309 days. Sewer in Fifth-avenue, between Seventieth and Seventy-fourth streets, the contract was awarded to MICHAEL CRONIN, at $8,573 50; time, 60 days. For a sewer in Fifty-fifth-street, between Sixth-avenue and Broadway, the contract was awarded to HUGH MCCABE, at $14,297 50; time, 60 days. Sewers in Broadway, between Park-place and Murray-street, and between Worth and Leonard streets, the contract was awarded to JAMES EVERHARD, at $4,642; time, 40 days. Sewers in Forsyth-street, between Rivington and Stanton streets; in Columbia-street, between Stanton and Houston streets, and in Avenue B, between Sixth and Seventh streets, the contract was awarded to LAWRENCE ROCK, at $3,900; time, 80 days. For a sewer in Fiftieth-street, between First-avenue and the East River, the contract was awarded to MICHAEL CRONIN, at $3,734 75; time, 80 days. For an outlet sewer in Sixty-sixth-street, from Hudson River to Tenth-avenue, to Sixty-fifth-street to Broadway to Sixty-second-street to Eighth-avenue, with branches in Eighth, Ninth and Tenth avenues, and in Sixtieth, Sixty-first, Sixty-second, Sixty-third and Sixty-fourth streets, the contract was awarded to E. J. QUIRK, at $177,900 30; time, 400 days. For 600 cast iron man-hole frames and covers, the contract was awarded to JOHN O'DONNELL at $11,406. For stone block pavement in Third-avenue, from Sixth to Tenth streets, the contract was awarded to MARTIN MEYERS and JOHN A. TAYLOR at $106,975; time, 300 days. For the same in Lexington-avenue, between Fifty-seventh and Sixty-sixth streets, the contract was awarded to CHRISTOPHER KEYES at $41,897 20; time, 300 days. For the same in Forty-second-street, from Madison to Fifth avenues, the contract was awarded to the same at $9,360. For the same in Fifty-seventh-street, between First and Second avenues, the contract was awarded to MATTHEW BAIRD at $18,509; time, 200 days. For the same in Forty-seventh-street, between Seventh and Tenth avenues, the contract was awarded to CHRISTOPHER KEYES at $37,645 80; time, 300 days. For the same in Fifty-seventh-street, between First-avenue and East River, the contract was awarded to MATTHEW BAIRD at $17,889; time 150 days. For the same in Eighth-street, from First-avenue to Avenue A, the contract was awarded to CHARLES GUIDET at $5,915; time, 90 days. For the same in Forty-second-street, from the Eighth to Tenth avenues, the contract was awarded to L. W. JOHNSON at $1,680; time, 260 days. For the same in Forty-sixth-street, between Second and Third avenues, the contract was awarded to THOMAS GEARTY at $9,841 80; time, 90 days. For the same in Third-avenue, from Fourteenth to Forty-fourth-street, the contract was awarded to ROBERT BUTLER at $138,870; time, 700 days.

Board of Audit.

The Board resumed its sessions yesterday, Auditors BONNEY, DEPEW and CONNOLLY presiding.

The claim of WM. S. ROSS for $750 damages, suffered by the riots of July, 1863, previously noticed, was argued by Mr. BEAVY, for the claimant, and opposed by Mr. DEAN, for the City. The claim, it appeared, was allowed by the Board of Supervisors, and its payment was refused by Comptroller BRENNAN, on the ground that it was improperly allowed. A *mandamus* was then applied for to the Supreme Court, and refused on technical grounds. Counsel for the City now insists that the claim comes under that provision of the law creating the Board of Audit which prohibits the Board from entertaining claims on which a suit at law has been commenced, and a determination had. The claimant urged that the *mandamus* was not an action within the meaning of the law, and Counsel for the City urged that it was.

No other cases being ready, the Board adjourned till to-day, at 12 M.

The Railroad Track in Printing-House Square.

As numerous inquiries have been made concerning the legal authority of the Third-avenue Railroad Company to construct a track or turn-out in Printing-House Square, the following letter, addressed by the Street Commissioner to the officers of the road, is published with a view of throwing some light on the subject:

NOV. 26, 1867.

To the President and Directors of the Third-avenue Railroad Company:

GENTLEMEN: I have your letter of the 20th inst., and thank your proposition to relieve the street to be for the public convenience.

By your agreement with the Mayor and Commonalty of the City of New-York, dated January 1, 1853, and since confirmed by the Legislature, provision is made for the running of your cars as frequently as the public convenience may require, under such prudential directions as the Common Council and Street Commissioner may prescribe; and to that end the Common Council, on the 28th of March, 1864, directed your Company to lay and operate certain tracks, turn-outs and switches, including those named in your letter, which to be operative under your grant requires my assent.

Therefore, in accordance with said resolution, I now authorize you to proceed, and you are accordingly authorized to construct and connect with your present tracks, crossings, turn-outs, curves, stands, and switches at Tryon Row and Printing-House Square, such tracks as will enable you to run cars from those points, in connection with the present tracks, to Harlem, and to run cars thereon, without interfering with cross-walks, and the cross-walks to be placed so that they can be used by pedestrians without danger from cars as shown by the map hereto annexed.

GEO. W. MCLEAN, Street Commissioner.

A New Fraudulent Device—Mysteries of the Alcohol Trade.

Yesterday Detective REILLY, of the Twentieth Precinct appeared before Justice DODGE, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, having in charge two young men calling themselves HENRY DE HAVEN and HENRY LONGWOOD, who were charged with a novel and ingenious species of swindling. The complainants were J. N. GILMORE, of No. 102 Bleecker-street, who suffered to the amount of $45, and J. L. KEATING, of No. 208 Varick-street, who was mulcted in the sum of $90. From the statements of the victims, it appears that DE HAVEN called with a sample of alcohol in a vial, saying he had the article for sale and could furnish it on advantageous terms, generally mentioning $100 per barrel of 41½ gallons as the price. Then a conversation would ensue which in the two instances in which complaints were made, resulted in DE HAVEN's accepting the price offered, which in GILMORE's case was $45, and in the other $90 per barrel. The bargain being completed, DE HAVEN went away and soon afterwards returned with LONGWOOD, bringing a wagon in which was a barrel of alcohol, which was rolled into the store. DE HAVEN then knocked out the centre bung and dipping out some of the contents, showed that it was alcohol fully up to the standard of the sample; whereupon he was paid the amount agreed upon, gave a receipt and went away. In a short time, endeavoring to empty the barrel, it was found that from the bung-hole would come only about five quarts of alcohol, and the head of the barrel being then tapped, a liquid flowed copiously enough, but it was unadulterated water. The mysterious barrel being investigated, it was found that under the bung-hole was fitted a tin tube, which, being quite wide in diameter at the top, rapidly dwindled to a sharp point, which was fixed in the opposite stave from the bung-hole, and at a point perpendicular from it. By this ingenious and not easily detected contrivance, the barrels had been fitted with two distinct interiors, one of which contained five quarts of alcohol, and the other forty gallons of water.

It further appeared, while the complaint of J. L. KEATING was being made, that the receipt given by DE HAVEN was for $164, being for forty-one and a half gallons at $4 per gallon; whereas the price paid was only $90, and the discrepancy was explained by the statement that, in the alcohol trade, all receipts are made out at $4 per gallon without reference to the price actually paid. The reason of this singular custom being asked, the reply was that it was done "on account of the Government tax."

The prisoners, in answer to the charges against them, said that they had been hired by a third party, who was not named, to sell the alcohol, and that being entirely ignorant of the wonderful interiors of the barrels, they were unconscious, and therefore guiltless participants in the fraud. The case was set down for examination at an early day, the prisoners being in the meantime committed in default of the required bail.

Epidemic Fever at Mauritius—Eighteen Hundred Deaths in one Month.

A copy of the subjoined dispatch has been received by Collector SMYTHE from the United States Consul at Port Louis, where a dreadful epidemic fever is prevailing. The population of Port Louis is between 40,000 and 50,000 and of the island of Mauritius between 300,000 and 400,000. The island has suffered severely from cholera on several occasions.

PORT LOUIS, Mauritius, March 3, 1868.

SIR: Since my last dispatch of the 17th February last, the epidemic fever has increased very rapidly. Eighteen hundred persons died in the month of January, and I fear that the mortality during this month will very much exceed that number. The deaths are among the higher classes, and the disease assumes more of the typhoid form. Out of the 140 American seamen who have entered this port during the past month, no one has escaped an attack, but fortunately only one died. I secured the services of a good medical practitioner to attend them promptly, and thereby checked the disease in its incipient state. As far as it has been practicable, without interfering with any consular business, I have given my own time and attended upon my sick countrymen. The steamship *Warrior*, from New-York, with fifty men on board, had only three men fit for duty, and a number of American vessels have proceeded to sea with most of their crews in a sickly state. It is almost impossible to procure men to man vessels at this port, as almost every one is sick. Not a single vessel in the harbor has escaped, and in some cases officers and crew have all been down. The mail packet, which is to sail on the 6th, has every stateroom and berth engaged, so eager are the people to get away. The disease has made its appearance at Mahebourg, on the windward side of the island, and in the district of Flacq, in the northeast part of the island. Last year these places escaped, not a single case occurring there. The Government are doing all in their power in a sanitary point of view. More hospitals have been erected, and suitable medicines given to the Police in different parts of the island, to be distributed among the poor. Business is extremely dull, and there are very few vessels in the harbor. Heavy rains have fallen, and the canes on the sugar plantations are looking well, and promise a very large crop for the next year, provided we escape the fearful hurricanes for the next two months. I have the honor to be, &c.,

NICOLAS PIKE, United States Consul.

Trotting on the Fashion Course—Match for $1,000.

Yesterday there was a small but select attendance at the Fashion Course to witness a match of mile heats, best three in five, in harness, for $1,000 between DAN MACE's bay mare and DAN PFIFER's black gelding, *James M. Sweeny*. The day was very fine, and the track in fair order. In the pools the black horse sold for $20 to the mare's $12, but the outside betting was two to one on PFIFER.

FIRST HEAT.—MACE got off first and kept in front to the half-mile pole, which was passed in 1:19½. On the running stretch the black horse, trotting fast and steadily, passed her, and keeping the lead throughout, won in 2:45.

SECOND HEAT.—The betting was now all in favor of PFIFER, whose superiority of speed was evident and any odds would have been laid. He led to the quarter-pole in 40 seconds, and the half-mile pole in 1:19½, running the heat easily in 2:43¼.

THIRD HEAT.—This was a repetition of the preceding heat, the black horse leading to the half-mile in 1:20¼, and although the mare made a semblance of a struggle up the stretch, she broke, and PFIFER won easily in 2:45.

SUMMARY.

FASHION COURSE, L. I., MAY 11—Match $1,000, heats, three in five, in harness.

D. Pfifer's blk. g. James M. Sweeny	1	1	1
D. Mace's b. m.	2	2	2

Time—2:45, 2:43¼, 2:45.

The Fitzgerald Murder Case.

THOMAS FITZGERALD, who has been in prison at the county jail, White Plains, since August, 1866, for the murder of ELLEN HICKS, on the 2d of the same month, in Westchester, was yesterday sentenced by the Court of Oyer and Terminer, held at Poughkeepsie, to be hung on the 26th of June. The prisoner was subsequently removed back to White Plains jail, where his sentence will take effect. There has not been an execution in Westchester County since the year 1856, consequently the present case will be looked upon with more than ordinary interest.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

COMMON COUNCIL.—The Board of Aldermen yesterday received several veto messages from Mayor KALBFLEISCH. He returned, without his approval, a resolution passed by the Board a week ago, directing the purchase of 5,000 feet of combination hose for the Western District Fire Department, his reason being that the Legislature had passed a law placing the Department under the care of a commission that would soon take charge, and that the Department had been furnished with 5,000 feet of hose, being ten lengths to each company. He likewise declined to approve the resolution for a committee on the celebration of the 4th of July "in a becoming manner," because it was premature and vague, and he was at a loss to account for the great haste manifested for the patriotic expenditure of the sum of $3,000. Mr. ALFRED HAMILTON sent in a communication setting forth that there had been some irregularity, amounting to injustice, in the election of JOHN W. SMITH as Chief Engineer of the Eastern District Fire Department, and protesting against the confirmation of that gentleman until the Aldermen had appointed a committee to investigate the matter, with power to send for persons and papers. The document was referred to the Eastern District Fire Department Committee. After the transaction of some routine business, the Board adjourned.

THE BRENNAN SHOOTING CASE.—Coroner SMITH held an inquest yesterday on the body of Mrs. CATHARINE BRENNAN, who died on Saturday from the effects of a pistol-shot wound, said to have been the result of an accident on the part of her husband, JOHN BRENNAN, who, so far as the testimony goes, appears to have been drunk at the time of the shooting. It appears that the deceased was attending bar at the time, when her husband went in with several other persons to take drinks, and that after they retired, the report of the pistol was heard, and BRENNAN was seen to drag his wife into the back room, where she was heard to say "It was an accident." The deceased attended to her household duties next morning, and in the afternoon complained of headache, and went to bed. Soon afterward she became unconscious and so continued until she died. The inquest was adjourned until to-morrow at 2 o'clock P. M.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—The election for officers of the Brooklyn Young Men's Christian Association takes place this evening. The ticket is as follows: President—W. W. WICKES; Vice-Presidents—Wm. Edsall, Methodist; Charles R. Marvin, Episcopal; John W. Eddy, Baptist; Charles A. Wallace, Congregationalist; James Myers, Reformed; W. L. Ogden, Presbyterian; Corresponding Secretary—Enos N. Taft; Recording Secretary—H. C. Wilson; Treasurer—Rev. Wm. M. Martin; Librarian—Charles Mumford; Registrar—Wm. Anderson; Managers—J. F. Anderson, Presbyterian; J. D. Grady, Baptist; E. D. Berri, Congregationalist; J. H. Case, Methodist; S. M. Giddings, Episcopal; A. A. Raven, Reformed.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Monday, May 11—5 P. M.

Consols close at 94¼ for money, and 92⅝@92¾ for the account.

American securities close at the following rates:

United States Five-twenties....70⅝@70¾

Erie Railway shares....45¾

Illinois Centrals....95

FRANKFORT, Monday, May 11.

United States Five-twenty Bonds close at 75¾ for the old issue.

PARIS, Monday, May 11.

The Bourse closed dull. Rentes, 69 francs 35 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, May 11—5 P. M.

COTTON—The market closed easier at a decline of 1-16d. in prices. The following are the closing quotations:

Middling Uplands....12d. @12⅛d.

Middling Orleans....12⅛d.@12¼d.

The sales of the day foot up 7,000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS—The market closed quiet. Corn, 38s. 9d. ℔ quarter for new Mixed Western. Wheat, 15s. 9d. for California White, and 14s. 3d. for No. 2 Red Western. Barley, 5s. 6d. ℔ bushel. Oats, 4s. ℔ bushel. Peas, 47s. 6d. ℔ 504 lbs. Flour, 36s. 6d. ℔ bbl. for Western Canada.

PROVISIONS—Beef, 115s. ℔ bbl. for Extra Prime Mess; Pork, 82s. 6d. ℔ bbl. for Eastern Prime Mess. Lard, 70s. ℔ cwt. Bacon, 50s. ℔ cwt. for Cumberland Cut.

PRODUCE—Resin, 6s. 9d. ℔ cwt. for Common North Carolina, and 12s. for Medium. Tallow, 44s. 6d. ℔ cwt. Turpentine, 31s. ℔ cwt. Cloverseed, 44s. ℔ cwt. for American Red. Refined Petroleum 1s. 4d. ℔ gallon; Spirits Petroleum, 8d. ℔ gallon.

HAVANA, Monday, May 11.

Sugar market quiet at 8¼@8¾ reals per arrobe for No. 12 Dutch Standard. Flour, $12 50 ℔ bbl. Lard, 19½c.@20c. for tierces, and 21½c. ℔ lb. in 25-lb. tins. Exchange on London, 9¾@10 ℔ cent premium; United States currency 30 ℔ cent. discount; in Gold 2 ℔ cent. premium.

Domestic Markets.

OSWEGO, Monday, May 11.

FLOUR in good demand; market unchanged; sales 2,000 bbls. at $11 for No. 1 Spring; $12 75@$13 for Red Winter; $13 50 for White; $14 50 for Double Extra. WHEAT quiet and market easier; No. 1 Milwaukee Club quoted at $2 38@$2 39; sales 3,200 bushels Winter Red Canada at $2 67; 1,000 bushels No. 2 Chicago Spring, in car lots, at $2 30, and 7,500 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee Club, to arrive, at $2 26. CORN quiet; No. 1 Illinois held at $1 08@$1 09. OATS and other grains nominal. CORN MEAL, $2 50 ℔ cwt. MILLFEED steady. SHORTS, $33@$35 ℔ bushel. SHIPSTUFFS, $38@$40. MIDDLINGS, $42 ℔ ton. CANAL FREIGHTS higher on grain—Wheat 10c., Corn 8½c. to New-York. Lumber $3 75 to the Hudson. RAILROAD FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 84c.; to New-York, 52c.; to Albany, 42c. LAKE IMPORTS—63,500 bushels Wheat, 101,500 bushels Corn, 7,700 bushels Peas, 1,600,000 feet Lumber. CANAL EXPORTS—940 bbls. Flour, 65,500 bushels Wheat, 50,000 bushels Corn, 6,000 bushels Rye, 2,300,000 feet Lumber.

CHICAGO, Monday, May 11.

FLOUR dull and unchanged at $8 75@$10 25 for Spring Extras. WHEAT easier; No. 1, $2 18@$2 20; No. 2 at $2 08. CORN at $1 01¼@$1 01¾, being lower; No. 1, 91c.@92c.; No. 2 at 90½c.@91½c.; New at 90½c.; rejected, 89c.@90c. OATS quiet at 71c. RYE quiet; No. 2 at $1 74@$1 75, in store. BARLEY dull; $2 35@$2 40 for No. 2, in store. PROVISIONS dull. MESS PORK nominal at $28 25. LARD, 19c. DRY-SALTED SHOULDERS, 12¾c. DRY-SALTED BELLIES, 13¾c. LIVE STOCK dull. BEEF CATTLE quiet at $8@$8 62½ for good to choice shipping beeves. HOGS declined 15c.@20c.; $8 50@$9 50 for common to good grades. FREIGHTS quiet; 4½c. on Wheat, 3½c. on Corn to Buffalo. RECEIPTS for two days—5,500 bbls. Flour, 36,000 bushels Wheat, 71,000 bushels Corn, 33,000 bushels Oats, 32,000 Live Hogs. SHIPMENTS—9,000 bbls. Flour, 35,000 bushels Wheat, 16,000 bushels Corn, 24,000 bushels Oats, 4,500 Live Hogs.

ST. LOUIS, Monday, May 11.

TOBACCO active for low grades. COTTON dull. FLOUR dull for medium and low grades; Choice Fall Superfine and Spring Extra, $8 10@$8 50; Choice Extra, $8 90@$10 10; Double and Treble Extra, $9 50@$11 50; Fancy, $13 50@$13 75. WHEAT—Choice Fall firm for low grades; Spring weak; Choice Red and White Fall, $2 80@$2 90; Spring, $2 10@$2 15. CORN firm at 89c.@90c. OATS easier at 87c.@90c. BARLEY steady at $2 50@$2 60. RYE firm at $1 80@$1 85. PROVISIONS heavy. PORK, $28@$28 50. BACON heavy; packers held Shoulders at 13¾c.@14c. Clear Sides at 17¼c. LARD heavy; Choice Tierces, 19c. CATTLE unchanged at $5@$8 50, gross; Sheep, $2 75@$7 50 ℔ head. RECEIPTS—Flour, 2,400 bbls.; Wheat, 72,000 bushels; Corn, 20,000 bushels; Oats, 12,000 bushels; Rye, 1,000 bushels.

CINCINNATI, Monday, May 11.

FLOUR dull and unchanged, with a retail demand. WHEAT declining and unsettled; No. 1 Winter sold at $2 45. CORN dull at 89c.@90c. for ear and shelled; held 2c. higher. OATS dull at 77c.@78c. BARLEY dull at $2 60@$2 70. RYE dull at $1 85@$1 90. COTTON dull and unsettled and nominal; Middling offered at 29c., with no buyers. TOBACCO active, and $1@$3 higher on all grades. There was some demand for CLEAR RIB BACON SIDES at 16½c., but there was none for other articles. MESS PORK offered at $28. BULK MEATS 12¼c.@16½c. BACON—Shoulders, 13½c.; Clear Sides, 17c.@17½c. LARD held at 18½c.@18¾c. GOLD 139¾, buying.

BUFFALO, Monday, May 11.

FREIGHTS dull at 15c. on Wheat, 12c. on Corn, 8c. on Oats to New-York. RECEIPTS—Wheat, 50,000 bushels; Corn, 275,000 bushels; Oats, 125,000 bushels; Flour, 13,500 bbls. SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 9,000 bushels; Corn, 8,600 bushels; Oats, 11,000 bushels. Grain in store here: Wheat, 177,000 bushels; Corn, 569,000 bushels; Oats, 184,000 bushels; Rye, 12,000 bushels; Peas, 1,000 bushels; Barley, 3,000 bushels. FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT dull; sales 7,300 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee at $2 30. CORN dull; sales 50,000 bushels at $1. OATS dull and lower, closing firmer; sales early 3 boatloads at 76c.@76½c.; later, 2 do., at 77c. The balance unchanged.

NEW-ORLEANS, Monday, May 11.

COTTON dull and lower; Middlings, 30½c.; sales, 1,900 bales; receipts, 789 bales; exports, 4,042 bales. Sterling Exchange, 151½c.@154c.; New-York Sight Exchange, ⅜ per cent. premium. GOLD, 141. SUGAR firm, but nominally unchanged. MOLASSES slightly advanced. FLOUR dull; Superfine, $9@$9 12½; Treble Extra, $10 50@$11 50. CORN firm at 95c. HAY—$19@$22. BACON—Shoulders dull at 14½c.; Clear Sides, 18½c. LARD easier; tierces, 20c.; keg, 21c.

TOLEDO, Monday, May 11.

FLOUR quiet. WHEAT dull and drooping. CORN declined ½c.; sales of No. 1 and Michigan at 94c.@95c.; buyer May, 94½c.@95c. OATS steady; sales of No. 1 at 75c. RYE—Sales of No. 1 at $1 85. LAKE FREIGHTS dull at 3c. on Corn to Buffalo and 1½c. to Ogdensburg. RECEIPTS—1,800 bbls. Flour, 1,800 bushels Wheat, 16,000 bushels Corn, 3,800 bushels Oats.

BALTIMORE, Monday, May 11.

COTTON dull and nominal at 31c. WHEAT dull; Maryland at $3@$3 05; Pennsylvania, $2 80@$2 85. CORN dull; White, $1 14@$1 17; Yellow, $1 22@$1 25. OATS steady; Western, 88c.; Maryland, 94c. RYE nominal at $2@$2 05. PORK quiet; Mess, $29 50@$30. BACON quiet; Rib Sides, 17c.; Clear Sides, 17¾c.@18c.; Shoulders, 14¾c. LARD quiet at 20c.@20½c.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, May 11.

Stocks inactive. Pennsylvania State Fives, 99; Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 25¾; Reading Railroad, 45¾; Pennsylvania Railroad, 52¼. Gold, 140¼.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Allemannia	May 12	New-York	Hamburg.
Colorado	May 13	New-York	Liverpool.
China	May 13	New-York	Liverpool.
New-York	May 14	New-York	Bremen.
City of Antwerp	May 16	New-York	Liverpool.
Bellona	May 16	New-York	London.
Caledonia	May 16	New-York	Glasgow.
Ville de Paris	May 16	New-York	Havre.
FOR HAVANA AND VERA CRUZ.			
Morro Castle	May 14	New-York	Havana.
Virgo	May 14	New-York	VeraCruz

Departure of Foreign Mails.

TUESDAY.

Mails for Europe, via Southampton and Hamburg, by the *Allemannia*, close at the General Post-office at 12 M. Supplementary mail for paid letters, on the Pier, foot Third-street, Hoboken, to 1:45 P. M.

WEDNESDAY.

Mails for Europe, via Liverpool, by the *China*, close at the General Post-office at 10 A. M. Supplementary mail for paid letters on the pier, Jersey City, to 11:15 A. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at....5 A. M., 1:30, 2:20 and 6 P. M.

Western Mails....5 A. M. 3:30, 4:30 6:30 and 4:15 P. M.

Long Island....5 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.

Newport and Fall River....5 P. M.

New-York Central Railroad....5 P. M.

North Mails....5 A. M. and 4 P. M.

North Mail, Way....5 A. M. and 3 P. M.

South Mail at....5 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

On Sundays all mails close at....1:30 P. M.

[Advertisement.]

THE SPRING FAVORITE.—The Knox hat is without a competitor this season, its recognized superiority in style and manufacture placing it far in advance of all similar efforts. When you want a really stylish and becoming hat you must go to KNOX, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-st. "So mote it be."

[Advertisement.]

Just try WISTAR's Balsam of Wild Cherry for that cough. It will cure it, and that speedily.

[Advertisement.]

For enfeebled and debilitated constitutions the Peruvian Syrup is just the medicine needed.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 4 46 | Sun sets.... 7 07 | Moon rises....12 00

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..11 54 | Gov. Island..12 23 | Hell Gate.... 1 45

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, May 11.

Cleared.

Steamship Allemannia, (N. G.,) Bardua, Hamburg, Kunhardt & Co.

Ships N. B. Palmer, Low, Hong Kong, A. A. Low & Co.; Resolute, Freeman, Liverpool, Williams & Guion.

Bark Eliza Stevens, Phinney, Neuvitas, Brockway & Baker.

Brigs Curacoa, (Br.,) Lockhart, Barbados, H. J. De Wolf & Co.; Hiram Abiff, Abbotts, Neuvitas, Miller & Houghton; Crimea, Waterhouse, Aspinwall, Walsh, Freid & Way; Nelly Ware, Ware, Vera Cruz, Moss & Ward.

Schooners Pioneer, (Br.,) Miller, Halifax, Crandall, Umphray & Co.; America, (Br.,) Nason, Greenspend, N. F., Crandall, Umphray & Co.; Isabel, Denison, St. Kitt's, Witham & Ogilvie; Morning Star, (Br.,) Cowan, Bermuda, N. W. Gardner; Emma, (Br.,) Davis, St. Stephen's, N. B., G. Boardman; Clara Jane, Parker, St. John, N. B., Jed Frye & Co.

Arrived.

U. S. steamer Don, Commander Ralph Chandler, Pensacola April 30, and Key West May 4. May 8, off Cape Hatteras, had a gale from S. W.

Steamship City of Antwerp, (Br.,) Mierhouse, Liverpool April 29, via Queenstown 30th, with mdse. and 1,000 passengers to John G. Dale. April 30, off Fastnet, passed steamship Russia, hence for Liverpool. May 2, lat. 50 56, lon. 22 45, passed steamship Tripoli, hence for Liverpool. 7th, lat. 43 45, lon. 47, passed ship Sunbeam, of Glasgow, bound W.

Steamship Hatteras, Couch, Richmond and Norfolk 27 hours, with mdse. and passengers to N. L. McCready.

Bark Eduard, (N. G.,) Halberstedt, Rotterdam 61 ds., with mdse. to Funch, Meincke & Wendt. Experienced strong gales from N. W. and S. W. during the entire passage. March 25, lat. 53 59, lon. 10 40 W., shipped a sea which carried away fore hatch-house and part of port railings, stove bulwarks and did other damage. April 22, lat. 44 20 N., lon. 43 40 N., lon. 43 20 W., saw several icebergs.

Bark Argonaut, (N. G.,) Steengrafe, London and Isle of Wight 54 ds., with mdse. to Hermann Koop & Co. From April 1 to the 30th had westerly gales.

Bark Freihandel, (N. G.,) Hemer, Bremen 48 ds., with mdse. and 250 passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Came the northern passage, and experienced heavy weather. Had 2 deaths and 1 birth.

Bark Tuisko, (N. G.,) Gerlich, Bremen 60 ds., in ballast, and 230 passengers to Rienhardt & Siedenburg. March 18, lat. 61 14, lon. 2 30, saw a Spanish bark, with loss of foretopmast and maintopgallantmast, bound E. The T. has had westerly gales the entire passage.

Bark Ironsides, Tapley, Salt Key 10 ds., with salt to master. April 29, passed going into Turk's Island, the bark Sarah Deidman.

Bark Bygoged Lindahl, (Norw.,) Bothner, Rio Janeiro 47 ds., with coffee to Sturges, Arnold & Co. Had fine weather on the passage.

Bark Ellen Dyer, Leland, Sagua 15 ds., with sugar to Sheppard, Gandy & Co.—vessel to H. D. & J. U. Brookman.

Brig Lucy A. Blossom, Chatfield, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. Jamestown, Rogers, Wilmington, N. C., 12 ds., with naval stores to T. L. Yulman & Co. Experienced light N. E. winds on the passage.

Schr. George S. Mills, Mills, Wilmington, N. C., 5 ds., with naval stores to Jonas Smith & Co.

Schr. L. S. Edwards, Marshall, Wilmington, N. C., 7 ds., with Nicholson paving blocks to master.

Schr. Francis Edwards, Boyce, Wilmington, N. C., 6 ds., with naval stores.

Schr. Thomas Potter, Handy, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Thomas P. Smith, Bowman, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Josephine G. Collyer, Crosby, Albany, for Boston.

Schr. Cornelia. Carroll, New-Brunswick, for New-Haven.

Schr. A. T. Rowland, Rowland, Georgetown, D. C., for Hudson.

Schr. Sardinian, Holbrook, Philadelphia, for Portsmouth.

Schr. Vigilant, Nickerson, Elizabethport, for New-Bedford.

Schr. Raven, Coombs, Elizabethport, for Newburyport.

Schr. Mary Elizabeth, Hatch, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Helen Smith, Carter, Elizabethport, for Sag Harbor.

Schr. J. M. Richardson, Irvin, Wilmington, N. C., 6 ds., with naval stores.

Schr. Mary A. Hyer, Etheridge, Philadelphia, for New-Haven.

Schr. Sarah A. Falkner, Wilson, Newburg, for Providence.

Schr. Robert H. Felton, Robert, Little Egg Harbor, for Providence.

Schr. Baltimore, Hemingway, Port Johnson, for New-Haven.

Schr. Alexander, Ellay, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Kate Gordon, Smedley, Albany, for Norwich.

Schr. Eliza Williams, Cornish, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. E. M. French, Jones, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. Mary Price, Garrison, Rondout, for Plymouth.

Schr. Amelia, Beebe, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Caroline Smith, Barrett, Virginia.

Schr. David A. Berry, Brodie, Virginia.

Schr. Ida Nicholson, Steelman, Virginia.

Schr. P. A. J. Rowland, Rowland, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Eva, Sherman, Norwich, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Sallie Smith, Chase, Fall River.

Schr. Edward Lindsley, Hill, New-Haven.

Schr. George F. Brown, Brown, Providence.

Schr. Louisa Birdsall, Gribble, New-London.

Schr. Gypsey, Boardman, Fall River.

Schr. Phebe Elizabeth, Hill, New-Haven.

Schr. Lavinia Bell, Baylis, Port Jefferson.

Schr. W. W. Brainerd, Clark, Portland, Conn.

Schr. Henry A. Deming, Clark, Portland.

Schr. Gen. Taylor, Willey, Providence.

Schr. William, Wood, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Liberty, Johnson, Elizabethport, for Norwalk.

Schr. Ida Kimball, Steelman, Petersburg, Va.

Schr. Maria Elizabeth, Williams, Virginia.

Sloop Temperance, Mackey, Elizabethport, for Bridgeport.

Sloop Deep River, Burley, Elizabethport, for Stamford.

SAILED—Bark Ariel, for Vera Cruz.

WIND—At sunset, N. E., light.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, May 11—Arr. steamers Massasoit, from New-York; Neptune, from New-York; brig Ivanhoe, from Buenos Ayres; schrs. Planet, from Cape Haytien; Campbell, from Savannah; Aid, from Albany; Galota, from Albany; Ward Palmer, from Mobile; Clara Rankin, from Pensacola; Samuel Gilman, from Georgetown, D. C.; Sea Flower, from New-York; Elm City, from New-York; Susan Carter, from New-York.

CHARLESTON, May 11—Arr. schr. Intrepid, from Providence.

Sld. schr. Franklin, for Jacksonville.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 11—Arr. schr. M. W. Rupper, Swan Island, with guano for orders; steamer San Antonio, Indianola, for Wilmington, Del., put in short of coal; was struck by lightning on the 7th inst., carrying away the smoke-stack and hurricane deck; no one hurt.

Sld. ship Augusta, from Norfolk for Liverpool, with cotton and naval stores.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 11—Arr. schr. R. T. Chase, from Cardenas.

Cld. ship M. R. Ludwig, for Liverpool.

Miscellaneous.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In your paper of the 11th inst., you erroneously state that the steamer Red Jacket was raised by the steamers John Fuller and Louis. The facts are as follows: I took the contract for raising the vessel, and have been at work on her during the past week, and the above-mentioned vessels were only employed by me for a few hours. You will greatly oblige me by inserting the above, as it would appear by your statement that I was unable to fulfill my contract. Respectfully yours,

A. T. SCOTT, Submarine Diver.

PORTLAND, Me., May 11.—The British brig Annie Ingraham has been got off Broad Cove Rock, and towed to this port.

Spoken, &c.

Eugene—bark, of Windsor, N. S., bound E., April 25, lat. 44 12, lon. 39 30.

Florence Treat—ship, bound E., April 29, lat. 39 51, lon. 52 32.

Louis J. Henry—fishing schr., of Marblehead, April 25, lat. 43 40 N., lon. 50 W.

Foreign Ports.

HAVANA, May 11.—Arr. to-day, steamers Tappahannock, from New-Orleans, and Lord Lovell, from New-York.

Arr. yesterday, ship Southampton, Capt. Smithwick, from Mobile.

Sld. yesterday, steamers Star of the Union, for New-Orleans; Stars and Stripes, for Philadelphia; Spanish iron-clad steamer for New-York.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals Out.

QUEENSTOWN, May 10.—The Great Western Steamship Company's steamer Minnesota, Capt. Price, which left New-York April 29, arrived at this port to-day, on the way to Liverpool.

QUEENSTOWN, May 11.—The steamship Aleppo, from New-York April 30, arrived to-day.

SOUTHAMPTON, May 11—11:15 A. M.—The steamship Teutonia, from New-York April 28, arrived at 8 o'clock this morning.

The steamship Hermann, from New-York April 30, arrived at 9 o'clock last evening.

SAND-PAPER.

CROMWELL & JONES,

Manufacturers of

EMPIRE, FLINT AND UNION SAND-PAPER,

No. 306 Pearl-st., between Beekman-st. and Peck-slip, New-York.

HYDRAULIC COW MILKER.

Wanted Immediately.—All who are looking for business to call and examine this Cow Milker. *A sure cure for aching hands and kicking cows.* It milks the four teats of a cow at once. It imitates the calf, draws and stops drawing to swallow. It will milk any cow perfectly dry in three minutes. It is operated by hand, dog, horse or other power. One man can attend several machines, milking as many cows at once. It is simple, durable and self-adjusting. Will fit any cow; milks three-teated cows as well as any. Easily worked, not liable to get out of order, and has proven by practical use to be more agreeable to the cow than hand milking. A rare opportunity is now offered to make money, either by traveling or locally in City or country. Call and examine. HYDRAULIC COW MILKER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House.

RAND'S PNEUMATIC GAS.

WARRANTED.

The Simplest, Safest, and Best Gas-Works in the World.

The gas made by these works is more uniform in quality than that made by any other known process.

The material need be supplied but once during the year, while all other apparatus used for making gas, such as are known as automatic machines especially, have to be supplied as often as weekly, semi-weekly, and daily.

The works being outside, and entirely separate from the dwelling house or building to be supplied with the gas, servants and others have no occasion to approach them.

All machinery being entirely dispensed with, these works can never get out of order.

The gas can be made for less than one-half of the price of coal-gas.

Enough gas can be made in from five to thirty minutes to supply dwellings, hotels, and factories using from twenty-five to one thousand burners.

Accidents are impossible, as the tank holding the liquid is placed in the ground surrounded by water and covered with the iron gas-holder.

It is the only portable gas-works that insurance companies do not class as extra hazardous.

We guarantee our gas-works to give satisfaction.

No skill is required to make this gas; a boy ten years old can make sufficient gas for ordinary dwellings in five minutes.

It is a cheap, cleanly, and convenient substitute for coal or wood to heat dwellings, and for all ordinary operations, &c.

Those desiring further information will please send for descriptive circular to the Office of the Company, where working models may be seen.

A. C. RAND & CO.,
NO. 16 NASSAU-ST.

RAYMOND'S
STOCK OF
CLOTHING
IS
COMPLETE.
NEW GOODS AND NEW STYLE SUITS
FOR DRESS AND BUSINESS WEAR.
SCHOOL SUITS FOR BOYS,
REMARKABLE FOR VARIETY AND CHEAPNESS.
Nos. 121, 123 and 125 Fulton-st.

BALL, BLACK & CO.,
565 and 567 Broadway,
CALL THE ATTENTION OF THEIR FRIENDS TO THEIR ELEGANT AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF NICKEL-SILVER AND FINE WHITE METAL ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY FOR THEM BY THE MERIDEN BRITANNIA COMPANY.

THE FINEST
DIAMONDS,
FROM OLD AND NEW MINES,
IN ARTISTIC MOUNTINGS.
AN EXTENSIVE SELECTION.
STARR & MARCUS,
NO. 22 JOHN-ST., Up Stairs.

NAPOLEON III
HERRING'S SAFES

30,000 FRANCS.
HERRING'S PATENT
CHAMPION SAFES.
AWARDED THE PRIZE MEDALS AT
WORLD'S FAIR....LONDON.
WORLD'S FAIR....NEW-YORK.
EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE....PARIS.

WINNER OF AND THE WAGER OF 30,000 FRANCS!!
($6,000 IN GOLD,)
At the recent International Contest in the Paris Exhibition.

The public are invited to call and examine the report of the Jury on the merits of the great contest, and see the official award to the Herring's Patent over all others.

HERRING, FARRELL & SHERMAN
No. 251 Broadway, corner Murray-st., New-York.
FARRELL, HERRING & CO., Philadelphia. HERRING & CO., Chicago. HERRING, FARRELL & SHERMAN, New-Orleans.

KALDENBERG & SON,

Manufacturers of Genuine MEERSCHAUM GOODS, offer their NEW and EXTENSIVE stock at REDUCED PRICES. Repairing, boiling, silver mounting, &c. Ambers in the largest variety. No. 4 John-st., up stairs; No. 23 Wall-st., corner of Broad, and No. 717 Broadway. Circulars sent. Post-office Box No. 6,724. Prize awarded at the Paris Exposition, 1867.

THE UNIVERSAL FAVORITE.
$5 SEWING MACHINE
Simple and practical.
Every machine is perfectly adjusted, packed in a small box and will be sent, per express, on receipt of $5 to any address in the country. On exhibition and for sale by CHASE & CO., opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, No. 324 Broadway.

IRON STABLE FIXTURES
STALL DIVISIONS, RACKS, MANGERS, &c.
CHASE & CO., No. 324 Broadway.
Opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.

THE UPRIGHT PATENT TRUNK
NO. 6 BARCLAY-ST.
Next door to the Astor House.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 323, May 11, 1868.
64, 76, 48, 20, 71, 51, 23, 22, 15, 29, 17, 8, 26.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 324, May 11, 1868.
46, 44, 59, 67, 16, 33, 71, 64, 36, 48, 21, 51.
PADUCAH—EXTRA CLASS No. 375, May 11, 1868.
64, 6, 32, 15, 53, 63, 24, 2, 16, 46, 14, 1, 20.
PADUCAH—CLASS No. 376, May 11, 1868.
32, 3, 35, 4, 72, 23, 74, 31, 60, 47, 10, 25.
Prizes cashed in Royal Havana and the above lotteries. Circulars sent free. Information given.
JOSEPH BATES, No. 79 Broadway.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA.—Prizes paid in gold, information furnished, highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver, TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

A.—PRIZES CASHED AND INFORMATION furnished in all legalized lotteries. J. CLUTE, Banker and Broker, No. 260 Broadway.